Critical Release Notice

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The content of this customer NTP supports the SN07 (DMS) and ISN07 (TDM) software releases.

Bookmarks used in this NTP highlight the changes between the BCS36 baseline and the current release. The bookmarks provided are color-coded to identify release-specific content changes. NTP volumes that do not contain bookmarks indicate that the BCS36 baseline remains unchanged and is valid for the current release.

Bookmark Color Legend

Black: Applies to content for the BCS36 baseline that is valid through the current release.

Purple: Applies to new or modified content for ISN07 (TDM)/SN07 (DMS) that is valid through the current release.

Attention! Adobe®Acrobat®Reader ™5.0 or higher is required to view bookmarks in color

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297-1001-821

DMS-100 Family **Menu Commands** Historical Reference Manual ACTIVITY through BERT,Volume 1 of 10

Through BCS36 Standard 04.01 June 1999



DMS-100 Family

Menu Commands

Historical Reference Manual ACTIVITY through BERT, Volume 1 of 10

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iv Publication history

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About this document

This reference manual describes all menu commands used at a maintenance and administration position (MAP) in a Nortel Networks DMS-100 switch.

When to use this document

Nortel Networks software releases are referred to as batch change supplements (BCS) and are identified by a number, for example, BCS29. This document is written for DMS-100 Family offices that have BCS36 and up.

More than one version of this document may exist. The version and issue are indicated throughout the document, for example, 01.01. The first two digits increase by one each time the document content is changed to support new BCS-related developments. For example, the first release of a document is 01.01, and the next release of the document in a subsequent BCS is 02.01. The second two digits increase by one each time a document is revised and rereleased for the same BCS.

To determine which version of this document applies to the BCS in your office, check the release information in *DMS-100 Family Guide to Northern Telecom Publications*, 297-1001-001.

How to identify the software in your office

The *Office Feature Record* (D190) identifies the current BCS level and the feature packages in your switch. You can list a specific feature package or patch on the MAP (maintenance and administration position) terminal by typing

>PATCHER;INFORM LIST identifier

and pressing the Enter key.

where

identifier is the number of the feature package or patch ID

You can identify your current BCS level and print a list of all the feature packages and patches in your switch by performing the following steps. First, direct the terminal response to the desired printer by typing

>SEND printer_id

and pressing the Enter key.

where

printer_id is the number of the printer where you want to print the data

Then, print the desired information by typing

>PATCHER; INFORM LIST; LEAVE

and pressing the Enter key.

Finally, redirect the display back to the terminal by typing

>SEND PREVIOUS

and pressing the Enter key.

How commands reference documentation is organized

This reference manual is one of two commands reference manuals for all commands used at a MAP in a Nortel Networks DMS-100 switch. The two commands reference manuals are the following:

| Number | Title |
|--------------|---|
| 297-1001-820 | <i>DMS-100 Nonmenu Commands Historical Reference Manual</i> describes all nonmenu commands used at a MAP in a Nortel Networks DMS-100 switch. |
| 297-1001-821 | DMS-100 Menu Commands Historical Reference Manual describes all menu commands used at a MAP in a Nortel Networks DMS-100 switch. |

What are menu and nonmenu commands

For the commands reference documents the commands used at a MAP terminal have been divided into two categories, menu and nonmenu:

• Menu commands are associated with a MAP display containing a numbered list or menu of commands and parameters when the level or sublevel from which the commands are entered has be accessed. Commands that can be executed from an accessed menu, but are not displayed, are called hidden commands. The level from which the command may be entered is referred to as its menu or menu level.

Note 1: Menus may not always appear when a menu level or sublevel has been accessed, such as when displays have been suppressed with the command mapci nodisp.

mapci nodisp.J

Note 2: Hidden commands may be seen when the menu level has been accessed by entering the listst command and printing the top directory.

listst₊J

print *dir*,⊣

• Nonmenu commands are not associated with a MAP display, even when the level or sublevel from which they may be entered has been accessed. The level from which a nonmenu command is entered is referred to as its directory or directory level.

Note: Nonmenu commands can be seen when the directory level has been accessed by entering the print command with the name of the directory.

print *dir*.⊣

How this manual is organized

The organization of this manual is designed to provide rapid access to comprehensive commands information, in an easy-to-use and easy-to-understand format. The manual has a modular structure designed around chapters, which group commands according to the menu from which they are accessed. Special tables are provided to allow quick location of any command.

How volumes are organized

The reference manual is divided into into 10 volumes. Each volume contains a publication history section, an about this document section, and the first chapter containing the reference tables. The front cover and title page of each volume indicates the range of command levels within that volume. Since menus are in alphabetical order, the volume containing the menu one wishes to reference is easily determined. Within volumes, page numbers begin with same letter of the alphabet as the menu.

How the command reference tables chapter is organized

The first chapter, "Commands reference tables," includes two tables and a chart:

- menu description table-contains a list of all menus in alphabetical order and provides a brief description of each
- menu cross-reference table-lists all of the documented commands in alphabetical order and cross references them to the menu to which they pertain and the page where they are documented
- menu level and sublevel chart-illustrates the hierarchical relationship between all menu levels and sublevels

How the menu chapters are organized

Each chapter following the "Commands reference tables" documents one menu and all its commands. The names of the chapters are the same as the names of the menus (levels or sublevels) which they document. The chapters are organized in alphabetical order.

x About this document

Each menu chapter consists of an overview section, which introduces the menu level, followed by a separate section for each command.

How the overview section is organized

The overview section of each chapter contains the following:

- a brief description of the menu
- instructions for accessing the menu level
- a menu commands table listing all the commands available from the menu cross-referenced to the page where they are described
- a graphic representation of the MAP menu display, including hidden commands
- a status code table for the menu level
- a common responses table, included only when all or most of the commands at a level have many of the same responses
- other tables of common information, included only when all or most of the commands at a level share the same information, such as alarms or status displays

How command sections are organized

Each command section consists of the following elements in the order listed:

- a brief description of the use and function of the command
- a commands expansion table
- a qualifications section describing any special characteristics, exceptions, restrictions, limitations, cautions, or warnings
- an examples table
- a responses table

What command convention is used

The following is the description of the commands convention used in this manual.

How commands are represented

The command convention is used for two distinct representations of commands. One representation includes all parameters, variables, and syntactic relationships and is called a command expansion. The other representation is of commands as they are actually entered and is called a command example.

How the convention is used in command expansions

A special command table is used for a command expansion. It consists of two sections. The first section is the command expansion itself in which the following characteristics are represented:

- all parameters
- all variables
- hierarchy (the order in which elements must be entered)
- syntax (specific requirements of command strings)
- truncated and abbreviated forms, when allowed
- defaults

The second section is a description of all the parameters and variables.

Command elements are represented exactly as they are to be entered in actual commands, except when italic font is used indicating the element is not entered as represented, such as for variable names and certain defaults.

Note: Italics always indicates an element that is not entered as part of a command in the form in which it is shown. It is either a variable that must be replaced with a value, a range or another element; or, it is a default condition which is not entered as part of a command.

How command words are presented

The actual command word is represented in lowercase, boldface, except where uppercase is required by case sensitivity. The command appears to the left of all other elements in the command expansion (parameters and variables).

| bsy | link | ps_link | <u>noforce</u> | |
|-----|------|-----------|----------------|-------------|
| b | pm | | force | <u>wait</u> |
| | unit | unit_no _ | | _ nowait _ |

If a truncated or abbreviated form of a command is allowed, it will appear directly beneath the long form of the command.

| bsy | link | ps_link | <u>noforce</u> | |
|-----|------|---------|----------------|-------------|
| b | pm | | force | <u>wait</u> |
| | unit | unit_no | | nowait |

Note: The b command is not a true truncated form of the bsy command and is used merely for illustration.

How parameters are presented

Parameters are lowercase, regular type (not boldface), except where uppercase is required by command case sensitivity.



How variables are presented

Variable names are in italics. Italics indicates that the variable is not entered as shown, but must be replaced with some other element, such as a value, range, number, or item from a list.

The numbers, values, ranges, and lists that represent the substitutions or actual entries for variable names are not represented in the expansion of the command. These are described in detail for each variable in the description section below the expansion.

| bsy b | link pm | ps_link | <u>noforce</u> force | Г wait Л |
|----------|------------|---------|-------------------------|----------|
| | unit | unit_no | | nowait |

How hierarchy is presented

The order in which elements must be entered is represented by their order of appearance from left to right.

| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|----------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|
| bsy b | link pm unit | ps_link unit_no | <u>noforce</u> force | [<u>wait</u> ∣ nowait] | | |

When several elements appear in the same horizontal position (that is, in a vertical list), one of them must be selected for that position, except when there is a default.

| c ps_link <u>noforce</u> | link | bsy |
|--------------------------|------|--------|
| force <u>wait</u> | pm | b |
| it unit_no [nowait] | unit | select |

How long command expansions are presented

Some commands that have many parameters and variables with very long hierarchies require the expansion row to be continued. When this occurs, the horizontal lines of parameters and variables are numbered so that they can be easily followed from one row to the next. Only numbered lines that are required to make syntax clear are in subsequent expansion rows (like row 2 in the third expansion continuation of the example).

| command | parameter | variable parameter | parameter <i>variable</i> | <i>variable</i> parameter | parameter <i>variable</i> | <i>variable</i> (1) parameter (2) |
|-------------------------------|------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| command (continued) | (1) (2) | parameter <i>variable</i> | <i>variable</i> parameter | parameter <i>variable</i> | <i>variable</i> parameter | (1) (2) |
| command (continued) | (2) | parameter | variable | parameter | | (end) |

How defaults are indicated

A default parameter is underlined. If, in a vertical list, an element may be entered, but is not required, the system must act as if some element were entered. The action the system takes when an element is not entered is called a default action and is usually an action indicated by one of the elements that can be selected. Occasionally, the default action is something other than a selectable action. These nonselectable defaults are represented by the word, "default," or another word which indicates the action, and is in italics, to indicate that it cannot be entered. The default is fully described in the parameters and variables description section.

| b link ps_link ps_link ps_link ps_link pm force wait nowait |
|---|
|---|

How relationships between groups of elements are indicated

As a general rule of relationship, whenever an element is directly followed horizontally by another element; if the first element is selected, the second element is required.

| bsy | link | ps_link | <u>noforce</u> | |
|-----|------|-----------|----------------|-------------|
| b | pm | | force | <u>wait</u> |
| | unit | unit_no _ | | |

Within a command expansion, elements or groups of elements (parameters or variables) sometimes relate to elements that precede or follow them, but not all the elements that precede or follow them. To distinguish which elements relate to which, brackets surround those elements that, as a group, pertain to other elements. Only those elements that horizontally directly precede or follow the brackets are related to the elements within the brackets. When elements are not in brackets, only individual elements that directly precede or follow other elements are related.

| bsy | link | ps_link | <u>noforce</u> | |
|-----|--------|-----------|----------------|-------------|
| b | pm | | force | <u>wait</u> |
| | _ unit | unit_no _ | | nowait |

How parameters and variables are described

The parameters and variables description contains a list of every parameter and variable that apply to the command, in alphabetical order. Each of these command elements is fully described, including replacement values and ranges for variables.

Following is an example of a command expansion table including the parameters and variables description.

| bsy command p | parameters and variables |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Command F | Parameters and variables |
| bsy b | link ps_link <u>noforce</u> pm force <u>wait</u> unit unit_no nowait |
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| force | This parameter overrides all other commands and states in effect on the specified units. If the whole peripheral module (PM) is to be taken out-of-service, confirmation (yes or no) is required. |
| link | This parameter busies one of the P-side links specified by <i>the ps_link</i> variable. |
| <u>noforce</u> | This default parameter indicates the condition when force parameter is not entered Busy will not be forced. |
| nowait | This parameter enables the MAP to be used for other command entries before the bsy force command action is confirmed. The nowait parameter is used only with the force parameter. |
| pm | This parameter causes both units of the PM to be made busy. |
| ps_link | This variable specifies which of the P-side links is to be busied. The range is 0-3. |
| unit | This parameter causes the PM unit specified by the <i>unit_no</i> variable to be made busy. |
| | -continued- |

| bsy command p | parameters and variables (continued) |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| unit_no | This variable specifies which unit of the PM is to be busied. The range is 0-1. |
| <u>wait</u> | This default parameter indicates the default condition when no parameter is entered. The user must wait until the bsy force command action is confirmed befor additional commands can be entered at the MAP. |
| | -end- |

How the convention is used in command examples

Command examples use the same convention as a command expansion, except that all command elements are boldface. Commands can be entered exactly as they appear in examples except when an example does not use an actual variable entry, but a variable name shown in italics.

The following may be entered as shown.

bsy link 2, ⊣

The variable *ps_link* must be replaced by an actual value before it can be entered.

bsy link *ps_link*, ⊣

How other command conventions relate to reference convention

The command convention used in this reference document is different from conventions used in some older Nortel Networks documents and from command information at a MAP terminal. This difference is intentional. The convention in this document is used to simplify explanations of command syntax and to eliminate possible confusion. For example, when the command information provided in a MAP help screen is unclear, reference to that command represented in a different convention, such as in this reference manual, should eliminate the ambiguity, whereas the same or a similar convention would merely repeat the confusion.

How to compare conventions

To take advantage of the benefits of the convention in this book, a comparison of the convention used in this document with the most common convention used in MAP help screens is provided in Table 1.

| Table 1xxx | | |
|--|--|--|
| Command convent | ions comparison | MAR sereen |
| Commondo | | |
| Commands | bsy | BSY |
| Truncated commands or abbreviations. | shown directly below long form: bsy b | Abbreviated form all uppercase, rest of command lowercase: Bsy |
| Parameters | lowercase or case sensitive specific: link | uppercase: LINK |
| Variables | italic, lowercase: <i>ps_link</i> | in angled brackets: <ps_link> <i>note:</i> angle brackets also indicate the the variable is mandatory.</ps_link> |
| Hierarchy | horizontal order, left to right: I pdtc <i>pm_numbers circuit</i> | <pre>top to bottom: {L <pdtc> {PDTC} <pm_numbers> {0 TO 255} [<circuit> {0 to 16}]</circuit></pm_numbers></pdtc></pre> |
| Defaults | underlined: <u>wait</u> nowait | no specific method established, but "optional" elements (meaning they do not have to be entered, implying defaults), are represented by square brackets: [<circuit> {0 to 16}]</circuit> |
| Selectable elements | a vertical list: link pm unit | <pre>curly braces, separated by vertical bars: {link pm unit} or vertical list, separated by commas: {link, pm, unit}</pre> |
| Variable replacement values | defined under parameters and variables description | <pre>curly braces: {0 to 16}</pre> |

How menu command syntax is used

In the graphic representation of the MAP menu display, all commands, except hidden commands are numbered.

| CM | MS | IOD | Net | PM | CCS | LNS | Trks | Ext | APPL |
|-------------|----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|-----|------|
| • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| NETInteg | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 Quit | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 Post_ | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 Mode_ | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 Stelog_ | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 Trnsl_ | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 Rstl | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 Buffsel_ | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 Analyze_ | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 Disp_ | | | Hi | dden | comm | ands | | | |
| 12 _Clear_ | | | | aacn | | unus | | | |
| 13 PMS_ | | | FI | LTER | | | | | |
| 14 _Counts_ | | | TR | LNK | | | | | |
| 15 _Thresh | | | UP | TH | | | | | |
| 16 _Logbuff | | | RE | TH | | | | | |
| 17 | | | | | | | J | | |
| 18 Timer_ | | | | | | | | | |

Numbered commands may be entered using their associated number rather than the actual command. For example, the quit command is usually the first command in a menu, that is, number 0, and may be entered in either of the following ways:

quit₊∣

0,⊣

The numbered list of commands frequently contains parameters as well as commands. Commands and parameters can be distinguished by the underscores that follow commands or precede parameters as follows:

- Tst_ a command that requires a parameter
- _CPU a parameter
- _Card_ a parameter that requires another parameter
- DpSync a command not requiring a parameter or variable
- Quit a command that accepts a parameter or variable but does not require one

Parameters appearing in the numbered list of commands may also be entered using their associated number rather than the actual parameter. A parameter cannot be entered by number unless the command has also been entered by number. It is not necessary to enter the parameter by number even if the command is entered by number.

One very important difference in the way commands and parameters are entered using their number rather than the actual commands and parameters is that no space is allowed between numbers but one is required between actual commands and parameters.

For an example of the proper syntax for entering commands using or not using numbers, assume that Tst_ is number 6 and that _Card_ is number 10 in the numbered list, then any of the following represents a valid entry for testing card 5 in unit 2:

- 6105 2**.**⊣
- 6card 5 2.⊣
- 6 card 5 2,⊣
- tst card 5 2, J

What precautionary messages mean

Danger, warning, and caution messages in this document indicate potential risks. These messages and their meanings are listed in the following chart.

| Message | Significance |
|---------|--|
| DANGER | Possibility of personal injury |
| WARNING | Possibility of equipment damage |
| CAUTION | Possibility of service interruption or degradation |

Examples of the precautionary messages follow.



DANGER Risk of electrocution

The inverter contains high voltage lines. Do not open the front panel of the inverter unless fuses F1, F2, and F3 have been removed first. Until these fuses are removed, the high voltage lines inside the inverter are active, and you risk being electrocuted.



WARNING

Damage to backplane connector pins

Use light thumb pressure to align the card with the connectors. Next, use the levers to seat the card into the connectors. Failure to align the card first may result in bending of the backplane connector pins.



CAUTION Loss of service

Subscriber service will be lost if you accidentally remove a card from the active unit of the peripheral module (PM). Before continuing, confirm that you are removing the card from the inactive unit of the PM.

Commands reference tables

To assist the user in locating a command description, two commands reference tables are provided in this chapter, the menu description table and the menu cross reference table.

In addition to the tables, a menu chart is provided. The menu chart provides a quick overview of the entire menu structure. The relationships between menus and and sub-menus, sometimes called systems and sub-systems, are illustrated by means of this chart.

Menu descriptions

The menu description table provides a brief description of every menu documented in this manual.

| Menu description table | | |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Menu | Description | |
| ACTIVITY | Use to provide an on-screen display of minute-by-minute indications of the performance status of the switch. | |
| ALT | Use to perform automatic line testing (ALT) tests on subscriber lines without manual intervention by maintenance personnel. | |
| ALTBAL | Use to perform on-hook balance network tests (BAL) on the ALT. | |
| ALTCKTST | Use to perform keyset line circuit tests (CKTST) on the ALT. | |
| ALTDIAG | Use to perform the extended diagnostic test (DIAG) on the ALT. | |
| ALTLIT | Use to perform line insulation tests (LIT) on the ALT. | |
| ALTSDIAG | Use to perform the short diagnostic tests (SDIAG) on the ALT. | |
| -continued- | | |

1-2 Commands reference tables

| Menu description table (continued) | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Menu | Description | |
| AOSSSEL | Use to analyze calls that originate on Auxiliary Operator Services System (AOSS), Traffic Operator Position System (TOPS), Super Centralized Automatic Message Accounting (SCAMA), or Intertoll (IT) incoming trunks and require AOSS operator assistance. | |
| APUX | Use to perform maintenance for an application processing unit with UNIX (APUX). | |
| ATT | Use to monitor and control automatic trunk testing (ATT). | |
| AUTOCTRL | Use to list, apply, remove, disable, or enable automatic network management (NWM) controls. | |
| BERP | Use to set up bit error rate performance (BERP) tests and to perform bit error rate tests (BERT). | |
| BERT | Use to measure the overall performance of the hardware components which form the enhanced network (ENET) switching matrix by querying information, defining parameters, and performing functions for a BERT. | |
| CARD | Use to query information and perform maintenance actions on cards. | |
| CARD | Use to maintain the enhanced network (ENET) on a card basis arranged by slot. | |
| CARRIER | Use to monitor and maintain the trunks that are associated with carriers. | |
| CCIS6 | Use to monitor and maintain the Common Channel Interoffice Signaling No. 6 (CCIS6) subsystem. | |
| CCS | Use to monitor and maintain the Common Channel Signaling (CCS) system and access the CCS subsystem displays. | |
| CCS7 | Use to test and maintain Common Channel Signaling No. 7 (CCS7) trunks. | |
| CHAIN | Use to perform maintenance actions and display status information on the cards of the specified chain. | |
| CLOCK | Use to test and maintain the message controller clock. | |
| CLOCK | Use to control the message switch (MS) clocks and synchronize them to a clock source extracted from incoming digital trunks, an external direct clock source, or internal clock. | |
| СМ | Use to access commands that control and display the status of the paired central processing units (CPU) that comprise the computing module (CM). | |
| -continued- | | |

| Menu description table (continued) | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Menu | Description | |
| CMMNT | Use to query specific information about the performance and the available memory of the computing module (CM) and to control the load image and CM maintenance (CMMnt) level alarms. | |
| CODECTRL | Use to list, apply, or remove code controls on specified code types. | |
| CONS | Use to access commands that test or change the status of a device controller (DC) and the console connected to it. | |
| CPSTATUS | Use to access the CPSTATUS tool to measure all CPU occupancies, measure of additional CPU time available for call processing work, and to indicate overload and switch performance with respect to the switch's engineering | |
| C6TTP | Use to monitor and maintain CCIS6 trunks. | |
| C7BERT | Use to evaluate the performance of a CCS7 signaling link before putting it into service or during fault isolation activities. A C7BERT test repeatedly transmits a 2047-bit pseudorandom pattern and subsequently checks the pattern to verify that no bit errors have occurred. | |
| C7LKSET | Use to query and change the status of the links within a selected linkset. | |
| C7MSUVER | Use to build message signaling units (MSUs), subject them to the screening rules of the CCS7 link interface unit 7 (LIU7), and display the results of screening rules that were encountered. | |
| C7RTESET | Use to display information about or change the state of a routeset. | |
| C7TTP | Use to test and maintain CCS7 trunks. | |
| DCAP | Use to obtain status information for applications and links on the data communications applications (DCAP). | |
| DCH | Use to interact with the D-channel handler (DCH) maintenance subsystem. | |
| DCTLTP | Use to access the data call tester (DCT) menu commands from the LTP level. | |
| DCTTTP | Use to access the data call tester (DCT) menu commands from the TTP level. | |
| DDU | Use to test and change the status of the disk drive units (DDU). | |
| -continued- | | |

1-4 Commands reference tables

| Menu description table (continued) | | |
|------------------------------------|---|--|
| Menu | Description | |
| DEVICES (CFI) | Use to obtain information about and perform maintenance functions on a channel frame interface (CFI). | |
| DELAYS (LGC) | Use to obtain information on call processing delays. | |
| DELAYS (RCC) | Use to obtain information on call processing delays. | |
| DEVICES (FP) | Use to display status indicators of the file processor (FP) and to execute commands which produce these displays. | |
| DEVICES (LMX) | Use to obtain information about and perform maintenance functions on a channel frame interface (LMX). | |
| DEVICES (NIU) | Use to display information about link interface unit (LIU) components connected to the network interface unit (NIU). | |
| DEVICES (PSP) | Use to obtain information about and perform maintenance functions on a programmable signal processor (PSP). | |
| DIRP | Use to access the commands used to control the files and recording volumes of the device independent recording package (DIRP). | |
| DISPLAY | Use to monitor, maintain, and display information about the trunks that are associated with carriers. | |
| DLC | Use to test and change the status of the data link controller (DLC). | |
| DPNSS | Use to enter the Digital Private Network Signaling System (DPNSS) system and query and change the status of the links within a selected linkset. | |
| DRAM | Use to access and perform maintenance on a DRAM module. | |
| DRM | Use to perform control and review functions for a distributed recording manager (DRM). | |
| DTC | Use to perform maintenance functions for a digital trunk controller (DTC). | |
| DTCI | Use to maintain an digital trunk controller integrated digital network services (ISDN) (DTCI). | |
| ENET | Use to access all other levels of the ENET system. The ENET level expands the top level alarm and allows the craftsperson to decide where to go next in order to correct a fault. | |
| EXND | Use to access and perform maintenance functions for an external node (EXND). | |
| -continued- | | |

| Menu description table (continued) | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Menu | Description | |
| FBUS | Use to perform maintenance on a frame transport bus (FBUS). | |
| FMT | Use to monitor and maintain the fiber multiplex terminals (FMT). Maintenance actions are performed on posted FMTs. When posting an FMT using the post command, the FMT sublevel is accessed, from which maintenance actions are conducted. | |
| FP | Use to maintain and administer a file processor (FP). | |
| FRIU | Use to perform maintenance activities on the frame relay I/F unit (FRIU). | |
| GRPCTRL | Use to list, apply, or remove group controls on selected trunk groups. | |
| IBNCON | Use to maintain and monitor Integrated Business Network (IBN) attendant consoles. | |
| ICRM | Use to perform maintenance functions on an integrated cellular remote module (ICRM). | |
| IDT | Use to perform maintenance functions on an intelligent digital transmission (IDT) device. | |
| INTCCTRL | Use to list, apply, and remove code controls for the DMS-200/300 and DMS-300 switches. | |
| INTEG | Use to analyze errors which occur along the speech links between the PM and the ENET. | |
| IOC | Use to access commands that change or monitor the status of disk controller (DC) cards and the devices attached to them. | |
| IOD | Use to access commands to change or monitor the status of the input/output devices (IOD). | |
| IPML | Use to access the IPML maintenance menu. | |
| IRLINK | Use to perform maintenance on the dual remote cluster controller (DRCC). The IRLINK level is accessed from the RCC level using the irlink command. Although the menu always shows the irlink command, it only affects a posted RCC that is part of a DRCC. | |
| ISG | Use to maintain ISDN service groups (ISG) which are defined for a specific LGC or LTC. In addition, hardware independent access to the associated channels is available. | |
| | -continued- | |

1-6 Commands reference tables

| Menu description table (continued) | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Menu | Description | |
| ISGACT | Use to access the ISGACT tool to analyze the real time use of the signaling processor (SP), the master processor (MP), and the ISDN signaling processor (ISP). | |
| ISP | Use to make measurements and report information on channels of the ISDN signalling processor (ISP). | |
| LAYER | Use to check the status of selected layers and bands. | |
| LCM | Use to perform maintenance functions on a loop concentrating module (LCM). | |
| LCME | Use to monitor and maintain an enhanced line concentrating module (LCME). | |
| LCMI | Use to monitor and maintain an ISDN line concentrating module (LCMI). | |
| LCOM | Use to perform maintenance functions for an link interface unit (LIU) communication (LCOM) PM type. | |
| LGC | Use to perform maintenance functions for a line group controller (LGC) | |
| LGCI | Use to maintain an LGC equipped to provide integrated services digital network (ISDN) services. | |
| LIM | Use to perform maintenance functions on a link interface module (LIM). | |
| LINESEL | Use to select the classification of lines to be presented for service analysis (SA). | |
| LINKSET | Use to query and change the status of a selected linkset. | |
| LIU7 | Use to perform maintenance activities on the link interface unit 7 (LIU7). | |
| LNS | Use to access subscriber line tests and associated maintenance actions through the LNS subsystems. | |
| LNSTRBL | Use to maintain lines that are experiencing call processing trouble. | |
| LTC | Use to perform maintenance functions for a line trunk controller (LTC). | |
| LTP | Use to perform manual tests on the subscriber lines. | |
| LTPDATA | Use to maintain control position data, posted set information, system status updates, and perform additional maintenance action on the line in the control position. | |
| LTPISDN | Use to monitor and maintain Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) lines. | |
| -continued- | | |

| Menu description table (continued) | | |
|------------------------------------|---|--|
| Menu | Description | |
| LTPLTA | Use to enter the line test position test access commands level. | |
| LTPMAN | Use to enter the line test position of the manual test commands level. | |
| MANUAL | Use to monitor and maintain trunks. | |
| MATRIX | Use to access maintenance and diagnostic facilities for the switching matrix of the 128K ENET. | |
| МС | Use to test and control the message controllers (MC). | |
| MEMORY | Use to manipulate the contents of the memory cards. | |
| MONITOR | Use to monitor call processing busy connections: listening, talking, or both. | |
| MP | Use to perform maintenance on multipurpose positions (MPs) on TOPS position controllers (TPC) which subtend a TOPS Message Switch (TMS). The MP MAP level is accessed from the TPC level of the MAP. | |
| MPC | Use to access the commands that test and query the card and link status of a specific multi-protocol controller (MPC). | |
| MS | Use to access commands to query information and perform maintenance procedures on the MS and MS shelves. | |
| MSB6 | Use to maintain the message switch and buffer (MSB) handling Common Channel Interoffice Signaling No. 6 (CCIS6) and the CCITT No. 6 Signaling (CCITT6). | |
| MSB7 | Use to maintain the message switch and buffer (MSB) handling Common Channel Interoffice Signaling No. 7 (CCIS7) and the CCITT Signaling System No. 7 (CCITT7). | |
| MTD | Use to test or change the status of specified magnetic tape drives (MTD). | |
| МТМ | Use to perform maintenance for a maintenance trunk module (MTM). | |
| NET | Use to perform network maintenance and to access other network maintenance MAP levels. | |
| NETINTEG | Use to access the analysis feature which identifies errors on speech links between PMs and the Network. | |
| NETJCTRS | Use to display the status of the junctors in both planes of the specified network and perform maintenance functions for junctors. | |
| -continued- | | |

1-8 Commands reference tables

| Menu description table (continued) | | |
|------------------------------------|---|--|
| Menu | Description | |
| NETLINKS | Use to display the status of the links in both planes of the specified network and perform maintenance functions for links. | |
| NETPATH | Use to test faulty paths, store test information for each path tested, and display this information. | |
| NETXPTS | Use to access and perform maintenance functions on the crosspoint (XPT) cards in both planes of a network module (NM). | |
| NIU | Use to perform maintenance activities on the network interface unit (NIU). | |
| NOP | Use to monitor and maintain communications between a DMS and a network operations system (NOS). | |
| NWM | Use to access network management (NWM) control levels, to display the status of automatic and manual controls, and to change the switch operating mode. | |
| OAU | Use to perform maintenance functions for an office alarm unit (OAU). | |
| OFCINTEG | Use to access the bit error rate performance (BERP) and wideband error rate test (WBERT) sublevels. | |
| OPMPES | Use to remotely control battery string switching, identify the alarm and state conditions of the OPMPES, identify the shelves and bay, and give the circuit location. | |
| PERFORM | Use to display information about the processors of a posted PM of node type LGC, LTC, DTC, or RCC. | |
| PLANE | Use to maintain and administer a file processor (FP). | |
| РМ | Use to access the PM maintenance system. | |
| РМАСТ | Use to access the PMACT tool which is used to analyze the real-time use of the signaling processor (SP), the master processor (MP), and the ISDN signaling processor (ISP). | |
| РМС | Use to control the peripheral message controllers (PMC) and their individual ports. | |
| PORT | Use to control individual ports of the MC. | |
| POST | Use to monitor and maintain the trunks that are associated with carriers. | |
| POSTDEV | Use to maintain and administer the posted file processor (FP) devices. | |
| PRADCH | Use to maintain DTCI B-channels and D-channels. | |
| -continued- | | |

| Menu description table (continued) | | |
|------------------------------------|---|--|
| Menu | Description | |
| PVC | Use to query and change the status of the logical communication links between a signaling transfer point (STP) and the signaling engineering and administration system (SEAS). | |
| RCC | Use to maintain a remote cluster controller (RCC). | |
| RCCI | Use to maintain the integrated services digital network (ISDN) RCC (RCCI). | |
| RTECTRL | Use to list, apply, or remove controls on specified reroutes. | |
| SA | Use to perform service analysis (SA) on selected types of calls. | |
| SAEDIT | Use to edit service analysis (SA). | |
| SASELECT | Use to select the classification of calls to be presented for service analysis (SA). Also use the commands available from the the SASelect level to control the monitor and the traffic offices included in analysis. | |
| SBS | Use to activate, deactivate or set backup for the billing server. | |
| SBSCOMM | Use to access the SBS level. | |
| SBSSEL | Use to perform S/DMS (or Formatter/Storage Agent [FSA]) (SBS) reporting and controling functions. | |
| SBSSTAT | Use to display information about billing server data streams. | |
| SBSTRM | Use to display information about billing server streams. | |
| SCCPLOC | Use to query or change the state of one or more signaling connection control part (SCCP) local subsystems. | |
| SCCPRPC | Use to query or change the state of a signaling connection control part (SCCP) remote point code. | |
| SCCPRSS | Use to query or change the state of one or more signaling connection control part (SCCP) remote subsystems. | |
| SCP | Use to post SCP services, display alarm information about SCP alarms, list datafilled SCP services, and access the SCPLoc level. | |
| SCPLOC | Use to diagnose system faults and to carry out maintenance operations and corrective actions. | |
| SEAS | Use to query, test, and change the operating state of the signaling engineering and administration system (SEAS). This level also has access to the PVC (permanent virtual circuits) level of maintenance. | |
| -continued- | | |

| Menu description table (continued) | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Menu | Description | | | |
| SHELF | Use to maintain the enhanced network (ENET) as a collection of cards and to perform maintenance actions on the functions of a slot as a single entity. | | | |
| SHELF | Use to access commands to query information and perform maintenance on the message switch (MS) shelves. | | | |
| SLM | Use to access maintenance functions for the specified SLM. | | | |
| SMS | Use to perform maintenance for a Subscriber Carrier Module-100S (SMS). | | | |
| SMU | Use to perform maintenance for a Subscriber Carrier Module-100 Urban (SMU). | | | |
| SPM | Use to perform maintenance for a service peripheral module (SPM). | | | |
| SRUPES | Use to remotely control battery string switching, identify the alarm and state conditions of the SRUPES, to identify the shelves and bay, and give the circuit location. | | | |
| STAT TKGRP | Use to monitor and maintain trunk groups. | | | |
| STAT TRKS | Use to monitor and maintain individual trunks. | | | |
| STC | Use to maintain signal terminal controllers (STC) attached to message switch and buffers (MSB). | | | |
| SYSTEM | Use to maintain the enhanced network (ENET) processing complexes. | | | |
| тмѕ | Use to maintain a TOPS message switch. | | | |
| TPC | Use to access the Traffic Operator Position Controller (TPC). Feature package NTXA83AA is required for this level to be operational. | | | |
| TRKCONV | Use to monitor and maintain trunks. | | | |
| TRKS | Use to access the sublevels of trunk maintenance. | | | |
| TRKSTRBL | Use to provide trunk maintenance through thresholding and alarm generation, and buffering of trunk trouble information. This level is used only for identifying troubled trunks and their problems. | | | |
| TSTEQUIP | Use to display and post stand-alone test equipment. | | | |
| ТТР | Use to monitor and maintain trunk status and access the trunk maintenance sublevels. | | | |
| XFER | Use to transfer data and to perform maintenance on the data transfer system. | | | |
| -continued- | | | | |

| Menu description table (continued) | | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Menu | Description | | |
| XLIU | Use to perform maintenance activities on the x.25/x.75 link I/F unit. | | |
| X75TTP | Use to monitor and maintain trunk status and access the trunk maintenance sublevels. | | |
| -end- | | | |

Menu cross-reference

The menu cross-reference table provides a complete alphabetic list of every command and indicates its associated menu and the number of the page in this manual where that command is described.

| Command/menu cross reference table | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------|-------|--|--|
| Command | Menu | Page | | |
| abortx | XFER | X-57 | | |
| abtk | CARD | C-7 | | |
| abtk | СМ | C-527 | | |
| abtk | DCH | D-67 | | |
| abtk | DEVICES (CFI) | D-367 | | |
| abtk | DEVICES (FP) | D-419 | | |
| abtk | DEVICES (LMX) | D-469 | | |
| abtk | DEVICES (PSP) | D-523 | | |
| abtk | DTC | D-823 | | |
| abtk | DTCI | D-967 | | |
| abtk | FP | F-57 | | |
| abtk | ICRM | I-65 | | |
| abtk | LGC | L-269 | | |
| abtk | LGCI | L-413 | | |
| abtk | LTC | L-741 | | |
| abtk | MATRIX | M-67 | | |
| abtk | MSB6 | M-535 | | |
| abtk | MSB7 | M-643 | | |
| -continued- | | | | |

1-12 Commands reference tables

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | | | |
|--|---------|--------|--|--|
| Command | Menu | Page | | |
| abtk | OPMPES | O-43 | | |
| abtk | RCC | R-5 | | |
| abtk | RCCI | R-147 | | |
| abtk | SHELF | S-565 | | |
| abtk | SMS | S-703 | | |
| abtk | SMU | S-845 | | |
| abtk | SRUPES | S-1015 | | |
| abtk | SYSTEM | S-1157 | | |
| abtk | TMS | T-5 | | |
| abtkmcr | PLANE | P-23 | | |
| abtdly | C7LKSET | C-829 | | |
| ack | SA | S-5 | | |
| act | C7LKSET | C-831 | | |
| act | LINKSET | L-619 | | |
| act | SBS | S-57 | | |
| actfsa | SBSSEL | S-85 | | |
| actlap | DPNSS | D-669 | | |
| addcos | LineSel | L-583 | | |
| addcust | LineSel | L-585 | | |
| adddwr | LineSel | L-587 | | |
| addofc | LineSel | L-589 | | |
| addsite | LineSel | L-591 | | |
| adjust | Clock | C-445 | | |
| alarm | CMMnt | C-609 | | |
| alarm | ENET | E-47 | | |
| align | Memory | M-205 | | |
| alloc | DDU | D-295 | | |
| almstat | LTP | L-889 | | |
| alm | LTPISDN | L-1241 | | |
| -continued- | | | | |
| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|-----------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| alt | LNS | L-681 |
| altinfo | ALT | A-23 |
| altpath | NETPATH | N-163 |
| alttest | CARD | C-11 |
| alttest | NETPATH | N-167 |
| alttype | NETPATH | N-171 |
| analyze | INTEG | I-197 |
| analyze | NET INTEG | N-61 |
| ans | SA | S-7 |
| aosssel | SASelect | S-143 |
| apply | AUTOCTRL | A-347 |
| apply | CODECTRL | C-665 |
| apply | GRPCTRL | G-5 |
| apply | INTCCTRL | I-177 |
| apply | RTECTRL | R-269 |
| att | TRKS | T-225 |
| attcon | LineSel | L-593 |
| attcon | SASelect | S-145 |
| audit | DIRP | D-569 |
| audit | DRM | D-735 |
| audit | INTEG | I-203 |
| audit | OPMPES | O-45 |
| audit | SRUPES | S-1017 |
| auditlink | DPNSS | D-671 |
| autocnv | TRKCONV | T-131 |
| autoctrl | NWM | N-341 |
| autold | CMMnt | C-617 |
| bal | ALT | A-29 |
| bal | LTPMAN | L-1489 |
| -continued- | | |

1-14 Commands reference tables

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|---------------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| balnet | LTPLTA | L-1391 |
| bchcon | LTPISDN | L-1243 |
| bert | DATA | D-3 |
| bert | ENET | E-51 |
| bert | LTPDATA | L-1067 |
| bert(isdn) | LTPDATA | L-1091 |
| berttime | DATA | D-13 |
| berttime | LTPDATA | L-1099 |
| bpvo | LTPDATA | L-1103 |
| bsy | APUX | A-367 |
| bsy | Card | C-91 |
| bsy | CARD | C-15 |
| bsy | Chain | C-299 |
| bsy | CONS | C-691 |
| bsy | C6TTP | C-721 |
| bsy | C7LKSET | C-847 |
| bsy | C7RTESET | C-989 |
| bsy | C7TTP | C-1015 |
| bsy | DATA | D-17 |
| bsy | DCH | D-69 |
| bsy | DDU | D-299 |
| bsy | DEVICES (CFI) | D-371 |
| bsy | DEVICES (FP) | D-421 |
| bsy | DEVICES (LMX) | D-473 |
| bsy | DEVICES (PSP) | D-527 |
| bsy | DPNSS | D-673 |
| bsy | DRAM | D-699 |
| bsy | DTC | D-825 |
| bsy | DTCI | D-969 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|---------|-------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| bsy | EIU | E-3 |
| bsy | ESA | E-119 |
| bsy | ESTU | E-159 |
| bsy | EXND | E-187 |
| bsy | FBUS | F-5 |
| bsy | FP | F-59 |
| bsy | FRIU | F-101 |
| bsy | IBNCON | I-7 |
| bsy | ICRM | I-67 |
| bsy | IDT | I-135 |
| bsy | IOC | I-241 |
| bsy | IPML | I-323 |
| bsy | IRLINK | I-349 |
| bsy | ISG | I-365 |
| bsy | LAYER | L-5 |
| bsy | LCM | L-31 |
| bsy | LCME | L-109 |
| bsy | LCMI | L-169 |
| bsy | LCOM | L-225 |
| bsy | LGC | L-271 |
| bsy | LGCI | L-415 |
| bsy | LIM | L-537 |
| bsy | LINKSET | L-623 |
| bsy | LIU7 | L-641 |
| bsy | LTC | L-743 |
| bsy | LTP | L-901 |
| bsy(isdn) | LTP | L-907 |
| bsy | MANUAL | M-3 |
| bsy | MATRIX | M-71 |
| -continued- | | |

1-16 Commands reference tables

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|-----------|-------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| bsy | MC | M-137 |
| bsy | MONITOR | M-279 |
| bsy | MP | M-345 |
| bsy | MPC | M-385 |
| bsy | MS | M-441 |
| bsy | MSB6 | M-537 |
| bsy | MSB7 | M-645 |
| bsy | MTD | M-753 |
| bsy | MTM | M-781 |
| bsy | NET | N-5 |
| bsy | NET JCTRS | N-115 |
| bsy | NET LINKS | N-141 |
| bsy | NET XPTS | N-227 |
| bsy | NIU | N-257 |
| bsy | OAU | O-3 |
| bsy | OPMPES | O-47 |
| bsy | PLANE | P-25 |
| bsy | PMC | P-159 |
| bsy | POST | P-267 |
| bsy | POSTDEV | P-329 |
| bsy | PRADCH | P-357 |
| bsy | PVC | P-423 |
| bsy | RCCI | R-149 |
| bsy | RCC | R-7 |
| bsy | SCCPLOC | S-203 |
| bsy | SCCPRPC | S-299 |
| bsy | SCCPRSS | S-323 |
| bsy | SCPLOC | S-367 |
| bsy | SEAS | S-417 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|-----------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| bsy | Shelf | S-437 |
| bsy | SHELF | S-571 |
| bsy | SLM | S-643 |
| bsy | SMS | S-705 |
| bsy | SMU | S-847 |
| bsy | SRUPES | S-1019 |
| bsy | STC | S-1123 |
| bsy | SYSTEM | S-1159 |
| bsy | TMS | T-7 |
| bsy | TPC | T-103 |
| bsy | TRKCONV | T-133 |
| bsy | TTP | T-257 |
| bsy | XLIU | X-81 |
| bsy | X75TTP | X-3 |
| bsychn | Shelf | S-445 |
| bsyms | Card | C-103 |
| bsyms | MS | M-449 |
| bterm | DATA | D-21 |
| buffsel | NET INTEG | N-67 |
| bufpath | NETPATH | N-173 |
| busy | IBNCON | I-11 |
| busy | SA | S-9 |
| callset | BERP | B-5 |
| calltrf | MANUAL | M-7 |
| calltrf | TTP | T-261 |
| сар | LTPLTA | L-1395 |
| card | Card | C-111 |
| card | CARD | C-23 |
| card | Chain | C-305 |
| -continued- | | |

1-18 Commands reference tables

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|---------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| card | Clock | C-451 |
| card | IOC | I-245 |
| card | Shelf | S-451 |
| card | SHELF | S-579 |
| cardlist | NETPATH | N-179 |
| carrier | TRKS | T-227 |
| ccbcapture | INTEG | I-207 |
| ccis6 | CCS | C-255 |
| ccs7 | CCS | C-257 |
| cdr | IOD | I-287 |
| cdrsrch | IOD | I-289 |
| chain | Card | C-115 |
| chain | Chain | C-309 |
| chain | Clock | C-455 |
| chain | Shelf | S-455 |
| charge | OPMPES | O-49 |
| charge | SRUPES | S-1021 |
| check | BERP | B-9 |
| checkinv | СМ | C-529 |
| chklnk | NET | N-15 |
| cic | C7TTP | C-1019 |
| ckt | TTP | T-263 |
| cktinfo | TTP | T-267 |
| cktinfo | X75TTP | X-7 |
| cktloc | LTP | L-915 |
| cktloc | TTP | T-269 |
| cktloc | X75TTP | X-9 |
| cktmon | MONITOR | M-283 |
| ckttst | ALT | A-31 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|----------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| ckttst | LTPMAN | L-1493 |
| claim | Memory | M-209 |
| claim | PLANE | P-31 |
| cleanup | DIRP | D-573 |
| clear | BERT | B-89 |
| clear | C7MSUVER | C-925 |
| clear | IBNCON | I-15 |
| clear | INTEG | I-211 |
| clear | NETPATH | N-181 |
| clear | NOP | N-311 |
| clkstat | NET | N-19 |
| clock | Card | C-117 |
| clock | Chain | C-311 |
| clock | MC | M-141 |
| clock | MS | M-457 |
| clock | Shelf | S-457 |
| close | DIRP | D-583 |
| clr | DRAM | D-703 |
| clr | MTM | M-783 |
| clr | OAU | 0-7 |
| cIralm | LNSTRBL | L-699 |
| cIralm | TRKSTRBL | T-199 |
| clrbuf | LNSTRBL | L-703 |
| clrbuf | TRKSTRBL | T-201 |
| clrbuff | DDU | D-301 |
| clrcnts | MC | M-143 |
| clrcnts | PMC | P-163 |
| clrfcnt | DDU | D-303 |
| clrfw | SLM | S-647 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|----------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| cmmnt | СМ | C-531 |
| cntrs | Memory | M-211 |
| codectrl | NWM | N-343 |
| coin | LTPLTA | L-1401 |
| coldst | LTPISDN | L-1249 |
| commstat | SBSSEL | S-87 |
| config. | Memory | M-215 |
| config | PLANE | P-35 |
| connect | LTPDATA | L-1109 |
| connect | PRADCH | P-361 |
| connlog | ENET | E-53 |
| cont | IDT | I-137 |
| cont | ISG | I-369 |
| cont | PRADCH | P-375 |
| conv | TRKCONV | T-137 |
| сору | DRM | D-741 |
| correct | SAEdit | S-43 |
| cpos | MONITOR | M-285 |
| cpstat | PM | P-103 |
| сри | ENET | E-55 |
| cpypath | NETPATH | N-183 |
| create_ttp | TTP | T-271 |
| creatset | LNSTRBL | L-707 |
| creatset | TRKSTRBL | T-203 |
| cvbsy | TRKCONV | T-141 |
| cvcot | TRKCONV | T-145 |
| cvnext | TRKCONV | T-149 |
| cvpost | TRKCONV | T-151 |
| cvrts | TRKCONV | T-155 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|----------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| cvtest | C7TTP | C-1021 |
| c6state | C6TTP | C-725 |
| c7bert | C7LKSET | C-851 |
| c7lkset | CCS7 | C-273 |
| c7msuver | CCS7 | C-275 |
| c7rteset | CCS7 | C-277 |
| dat | DRM | D-753 |
| data_screen | LTP | L-921 |
| dav_screen | LTP | L-923 |
| dch | LGCI | L-421 |
| dch | RCCI | R-155 |
| dch | TMS | T-13 |
| dchcon | LTPISDN | L-1251 |
| dchcon | LTPMAN | L-1497 |
| dcrmoch | NWM | N-345 |
| dcrsel | NWM | N-349 |
| dcsig | LTPISDN | L-1255 |
| dctltp | LTP | L-925 |
| dctttp | TTP | T-275 |
| dddin | SASelect | S-147 |
| ddo | SASelect | S-149 |
| deact | C7LKSET | C-853 |
| deact | LINKSET | L-625 |
| deact | SBS | S-61 |
| deactfsa | SBSSEL | S-89 |
| deactlap | DPNSS | D-675 |
| delays | PERFORM | P-5 |
| demount | DRM | D-763 |
| devices | FP | F-63 |
| -continued- | | |

1-22 Commands reference tables

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|-----------|-------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| devices | NIU | N-261 |
| define | ALTBAL | A-51 |
| define | ALTCKTTST | A-95 |
| define | ALTDIAG | A-139 |
| define | ALTLIT | A-183 |
| define | ALTSDIAG | A-229 |
| define | BERP | B-19 |
| define | BERT | B-93 |
| define | XFER | X-59 |
| defman | ALTBAL | A-61 |
| defman | ALTCKTTST | A-105 |
| defman | ALTDIAG | A-149 |
| defman | ALTLIT | A-193 |
| defman | ALTSDIAG | A-239 |
| defpath | NETPATH | N-185 |
| defschd | ALTBAL | A-63 |
| defschd | ALTCKTTST | A-107 |
| defschd | ALTDIAG | A-151 |
| defschd | ALTLIT | A-195 |
| defschd | ALTSDIAG | A-241 |
| deftime | BERP | B-31 |
| deftime | DCTLTP | D-113 |
| deftime | DCTTTP | D-203 |
| deftst | NETPATH | N-189 |
| delcos | LineSel | L-595 |
| delcust | LineSel | L-597 |
| deldwr | LineSel | L-599 |
| delete | DCTLTP | D-123 |
| delete | DCTTTP | D-213 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|------------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| delete_ttp | TTP | T-277 |
| deload | CARD | C-25 |
| deload | ENET | E-57 |
| deload | MATRIX | M-75 |
| deload | SHELF | S-581 |
| deload | SYSTEM | S-1163 |
| delofc | LineSel | L-601 |
| delman | ATT | A-297 |
| delsite | LineSel | L-603 |
| det | LTPISDN | L-1259 |
| detail | POST | P-271 |
| devices | FP | F-63 |
| devtype | IOC | I-247 |
| dgttst | LTPLTA | L-1405 |
| diag | ALT | A-35 |
| diag | LTP | L-927 |
| diag(isdn) | LTP | L-943 |
| diagnose | IBNCON | I-17 |
| dial | DCTLTP | D-131 |
| dial | DCTTTP | D-221 |
| dirasst | AOSSsel | A-273 |
| dirp | IOD | I-291 |
| disable | AUTOCTRL | A-349 |
| disable | FMT | F-31 |
| disalm | CCIS6 | C-239 |
| disalm | CCS7 | C-279 |
| disalm | SCP | S-351 |
| disalm | SCPLOC | S-375 |
| disalm | STAT TKGRP | S-1087 |
| -continued- | | |

1-24 Commands reference tables

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|---------------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| disalm | STAT TRKS | S-1063 |
| disp | APUX | A-371 |
| disp | CARD | C-31 |
| disp | CARRIER | C-213 |
| disp | DCH | D-71 |
| disp | DEVICES (CFI) | D-375 |
| disp | DEVICES (LMX) | D-463 |
| disp | DEVICES (PSP) | D-531 |
| disp | DISPLAY | D-623 |
| disp | DRAM | D-705 |
| disp | DTC | D-833 |
| disp | DTCI | D-975 |
| disp | EIU | E-7 |
| disp | ENET | E-61 |
| disp | ESA | E-123 |
| disp | Ext | E-207 |
| disp | ICRM | I-73 |
| disp | IDT | I-141 |
| disp | LCM | L-37 |
| disp | LCME | L-113 |
| disp | LCMI | L-173 |
| disp | LCOM | L-229 |
| disp | LGC | L-279 |
| disp | LGCI | L-423 |
| disp | LIM | L-541 |
| disp | LIU7 | L-645 |
| disp | LNSTRBL | L-711 |
| disp | LTC | L-751 |
| disp | MATRIX | M-81 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|-----------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| disp | MP | M-349 |
| disp | MSB6 | M-541 |
| disp | MSB7 | M-651 |
| disp | MTM | M-785 |
| disp | NET | N-9 |
| disp | NET INTEG | N-69 |
| disp | NET JCTRS | N-119 |
| disp | NET LINKS | N-143 |
| disp | NETPATH | N-193 |
| disp | NET XPTS | N-231 |
| disp | NIU | N-263 |
| disp | OAU | O-9 |
| disp | OPMPES | O-51 |
| disp | PM | P-105 |
| disp | POST | P-277 |
| disp | RCC | R-15 |
| disp | RCCI | R-157 |
| disp | SHELF | S-587 |
| disp | SMS | S-713 |
| disp | SMU | S-855 |
| disp | SMU | S-855 |
| disp | SPM | S-987 |
| disp | SRUPES | S-1023 |
| disp | SYSTEM | S-1169 |
| disp | TMS | T-15 |
| disp | TPC | T-105 |
| disp | TRKSTRBL | T-205 |
| disp | TSTEquip | T-243 |
| disp | XLIU | X-85 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|------------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| dispcnts | MC | M-147 |
| dispcnts | PMC | P-171 |
| dispgrp | STAT TKGRP | S-1089 |
| display | BERT | B-99 |
| display | DCTLTP | D-143 |
| display | DCTTTP | D-233 |
| display | INTEG | I-213 |
| display | NWM | N-351 |
| display | SAEdit | S-47 |
| dispopt | POST | P-285 |
| disptrk | STAT TKGRP | S-1091 |
| disptrk | STAT TRKS | S-1065 |
| dmnt | DIRP | D-587 |
| dmnt | XFER | X-61 |
| door | OPMPES | O-53 |
| door | SRUPES | S-1025 |
| downld | MPC | M-389 |
| dpnss | CCS | C-259 |
| dpp | IOD | I-293 |
| dpsync | Clock | C-383 |
| dpsync | Clock | C-457 |
| dpsync | СМ | C-533 |
| dpsync | CMMnt | C-619 |
| dpsync | MC | M-151 |
| dpsync | Memory | M-221 |
| dpsync | PLANE | P-39 |
| dpsync | PMC | P-167 |
| dpsync | Port | P-223 |
| dumpb | SBS | S-65 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|-----------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| dumpb | SBSSTAT | S-105 |
| ebsmsg | LTP | L-965 |
| eiobkup | SBSSTAT | S-107 |
| enable | AUTOCTRL | A-351 |
| enable | FMT | F-33 |
| enclock | ENET | E-63 |
| endcld | SA | S-11 |
| endclg | SA | S-13 |
| equip | Ext | E-215 |
| equip | LTPDATA | L-1123 |
| equip | PRADCH | P-377 |
| exclct | AOSSsel | A-275 |
| exclqst | SASelect | S-153 |
| exclst | SASelect | S-157 |
| exclto | AOSSsel | A-279 |
| exclto | SASelect | S-161 |
| e2alink | СМ | C-537 |
| fault | MTD | M-755 |
| fbus | LIM | L-543 |
| fcnt | DDU | D-307 |
| filter | INTEG | I-219 |
| filter | NET INTEG | N-77 |
| findstate | ENET | E-67 |
| fmt | PM | P-107 |
| frls | IBNCON | I-21 |
| frls | LTP | L-967 |
| frls | MONITOR | M-289 |
| frls | MP | M-353 |
| frls | TTP | T-279 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|------------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| gwtrantst | SCCPLOC | S-207 |
| gwtrantst | SCCPRSS | S-327 |
| groupcmd | C7TTP | C-1023 |
| grpctrl | NWM | N-355 |
| haltatt | ATT | A-303 |
| hcpygrp | STAT TKGRP | S-1095 |
| hcpytrk | STAT TKGRP | S-1097 |
| hcpytrk | STAT TRKS | S-1069 |
| help | DCAP | D-51 |
| history | OPMPES | O-55 |
| history | SRUPES | S-1027 |
| hold | C6TTP | C-727 |
| hold | C7TTP | C-1025 |
| hold | DATA | D-23 |
| hold | DCTLTP | D-151 |
| hold | DCTTTP | D-241 |
| hold | LTP | L-971 |
| hold | LTPDATA | L-1141 |
| hold | LTPISDN | L-1265 |
| hold | LTPLTA | L-1409 |
| hold | LTPMAN | L-1501 |
| hold | MANUAL | M-9 |
| hold | MONITOR | M-291 |
| hold | PRADCH | P-395 |
| hold | TRKCONV | T-159 |
| hold | TTP | T-281 |
| hold | X75TTP | X-13 |
| hset | MANUAL | M-11 |
| hset | TTP | T-285 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|---------------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| ibntrk | SASelect | S-165 |
| icrmlogs | ICRM | I-77 |
| idmtce | DEVICES (CFI) | D-377 |
| idmtce | DEVICES (LMX) | D-477 |
| idmtce | DEVICES (PSP) | D-533 |
| lfsloop | C7BERT | C-779 |
| iloss | LTPISDN | L-1267 |
| image | CMMnt | C-623 |
| imp | LTPISDN | L-1269 |
| inclct | AOSSsel | A-283 |
| inclqst | SASelect | S-167 |
| inclst | SASelect | S-171 |
| inclto | AOSSsel | A-285 |
| inclto | SASelect | S-173 |
| info | DRM | D-767 |
| info | EXND | E-189 |
| info | NETPATH | N-195 |
| info | SPM | S-989 |
| inh | C7LKSET | C-857 |
| inhibit | MTD | M-757 |
| inject | DCTLTP | D-153 |
| inject | DCTTTP | D-243 |
| injerr | C7BERT | C-785 |
| insync | СМ | C-541 |
| intcctrl | NWM | N-357 |
| integ | ENET | E-71 |
| integ | NET | N-21 |
| interms | MS | M-459 |
| intmess | C7MSUVER | C-927 |
| -continued- | | |

1-30 Commands reference tables

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|------------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| ioc | IOD | I-295 |
| ipml | PM | P-109 |
| irlink | RCC | R-23 |
| irlink | RCCI | R-159 |
| isg | LGCI | L-425 |
| isg | RCCI | R-161 |
| isg | TMS | T-17 |
| isgact | PERFORM | P-7 |
| ismd | DCAP | D-55 |
| isncp | DCAP | D-57 |
| item | STAT TKGRP | S-1101 |
| jack | LTPMAN | L-1503 |
| jack | MANUAL | M-13 |
| jack | TTP | T-287 |
| jctrs | NET | N-23 |
| jctrs | NET JCTRS | N-121 |
| kept | XFER | X-63 |
| layer | CCIS6 | C-243 |
| lco | LTP | L-973 |
| lco(isdn) | LTP | L-979 |
| ldpmall | PM | P-111 |
| level | LTP | L-987 |
| level | TTP | T-289 |
| linesel | SASelect | S-177 |
| linetst | LCOM | L-231 |
| link | CARD | C-33 |
| links | NET | N-25 |
| links | NET LINKS | N-145 |
| linkset | CCIS6 | C-245 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|----------|-------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| list | AUTOCTRL | A-353 |
| list | CODECTRL | C-673 |
| list | Ext | E-217 |
| list | FMT | F-35 |
| list | GRPCTRL | G-13 |
| list | INTCCTRL | I-181 |
| list | RTECTRL | R-271 |
| listalm | LNSTRBL | L-715 |
| listalm | TRKSTRBL | T-207 |
| listdev | CONS | C-693 |
| listdev | DDU | D-311 |
| listdev | DLC | D-649 |
| listdev | IOD | I-297 |
| listdev | MPC | M-393 |
| listdev | MTD | M-759 |
| listman | ATT | A-305 |
| listset | APUX | A-373 |
| listset | DTC | D-841 |
| listset | DTCI | D-977 |
| listset | EIU | E-9 |
| listset | FRIU | F-103 |
| listset | ICRM | I-79 |
| listset | LCM | L-39 |
| listset | LCOM | L-233 |
| listset | LGC | L-287 |
| listset | LGCI | L-427 |
| listset | LIM | L-545 |
| listset | LIU7 | L-647 |
| listset | LTC | L-759 |
| -continued- | | |

1-32 Commands reference tables

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|----------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| listset | MSB6 | M-543 |
| listset | MSB7 | M-653 |
| listset | NIU | N-265 |
| listset | RCC | R-25 |
| listset | RCCI | R-163 |
| listset | SMS | S-721 |
| listset | SMU | S-863 |
| listset | TMS | T-19 |
| listset | XLIU | X-87 |
| lit | ALT | A-37 |
| litinfo | ALTLIT | A-197 |
| Insmp | LineSel | L-605 |
| Insmp | SASelect | S-179 |
| Instrbl | LNS | L-683 |
| Intst | LTPLTA | L-1411 |
| loadb | OPMPES | O-59 |
| loadb | SRUPES | S-1031 |
| loadcd | Card | C-119 |
| loadcd | Chain | C-313 |
| loadcd | Clock | C-463 |
| loadcd | Shelf | S-459 |
| loaden | SYSTEM | S-1173 |
| loadenall | SYSTEM | S-1179 |
| loadfw | TTP | T-293 |
| loadms | Card | C-129 |
| loadms | Chain | C-323 |
| loadms | MS | M-461 |
| loadms | Shelf | S-469 |
| loadnotest | DTC | D-845 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|------|-------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| loadnotest | MSB6 | M-545 |
| loadnotest | MSB7 | M-655 |
| loadnotest | LGC | L-291 |
| loadnotest | LGCI | L-431 |
| loadnotest | LTC | L-763 |
| loadnotest | RCC | R-29 |
| loadnotest | RCCI | R-167 |
| loadnotest | SMS | S-725 |
| loadnotest | SMU | S-867 |
| loadpm | APUX | A-375 |
| loadpm | DCH | D-73 |
| loadpm | DRAM | D-707 |
| loadpm | DTC | D-847 |
| loadpm | DTCI | D-981 |
| loadpm | EIU | E-11 |
| loadpm | ESA | E-125 |
| loadpm | FP | F-65 |
| loadpm | FRIU | F-105 |
| loadpm | ICRM | I-81 |
| loadpm | LCM | L-41 |
| loadpm | LCME | L-115 |
| loadpm | LCMI | L-175 |
| loadpm | LCOM | L-235 |
| loadpm | LGC | L-293 |
| loadpm | LGCI | L-433 |
| loadpm | LIM | L-547 |
| loadpm | LIU7 | L-649 |
| loadpm | LTC | L-765 |
| loadpm | MSB6 | M-547 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|----------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| loadpm | MSB7 | M-659 |
| loadpm | MTM | M-787 |
| loadpm | NIU | N-267 |
| loadpm | OAU | O-11 |
| loadpm | RCC | R-31 |
| loadpm | RCCI | R-169 |
| loadpm | SMS | S-727 |
| loadpm | SMU | S-869 |
| loadpm | STC | S-1125 |
| loadpm | TMS | T-21 |
| loadpm | XLIU | X-89 |
| loc | NET | N-27 |
| loc | NET XPTS | N-233 |
| locate | CARD | C-35 |
| locate | Clock | C-387 |
| locate | СМ | C-545 |
| locate | DLC | D-653 |
| locate | ENET | E-73 |
| locate | MATRIX | M-83 |
| locate | MC | M-155 |
| locate | Memory | M-225 |
| locate | PMC | P-175 |
| locate | Port | P-227 |
| locate | SCCPLOC | S-211 |
| locate | SHELF | S-589 |
| locate | SLM | S-653 |
| locate | SYSTEM | S-1183 |
| logformat | ENET | E-75 |
| logmask | MC | M-157 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|---------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| logmask | PMC | P-177 |
| logs | INTEG | I-223 |
| Іоор | FRIU | F-107 |
| Іоор | POST | P-289 |
| loopbk | BERP | B-35 |
| loopbk | EIU | E-15 |
| loopbk | IDT | I-143 |
| loopbk | ISG | I-373 |
| loopbk | LCOM | L-237 |
| loopbk | LIU7 | L-653 |
| loopbk | LTPDATA | L-1143 |
| loopbk | PRADCH | P-397 |
| loopbk | X75TTP | X-15 |
| loopbk(isdn) | LTPDATA | L-1153 |
| loss | LTPMAN | L-1507 |
| loss | MANUAL | M-17 |
| loss | TTP | T-297 |
| Istband | LAYER | L-7 |
| Istclli | ATT | A-307 |
| Iststop | ATT | A-313 |
| Istwait | ATT | A-315 |
| Ita | LTPLTA | L-1413 |
| ltloopbk | LTPISDN | L-1281 |
| ltp | LNS | L-685 |
| ltprsrc | LTP | L-989 |
| ltp_aux_com | LTP | L-991 |
| ltp_aux_gate_com | LTP | L-993 |
| I1blmalm | LTPISDN | L-1273 |
| l1thrsh | LTPISDN | L-1277 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|-----------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| manual | TTP | T-301 |
| match | Memory | M-227 |
| match | PLANE | P-41 |
| matejam | PLANE | P-45 |
| matrix | CARD | C-37 |
| matrix | ENET | E-79 |
| matrix | SHELF | S-591 |
| matrix | SYSTEM | S-1185 |
| mc | СМ | C-547 |
| mdn | IOC | I-257 |
| meas | OPMPES | O-61 |
| meas | SRUPES | S-1033 |
| memory | СМ | C-549 |
| memory | ENET | E-83 |
| mnt | DIRP | D-591 |
| mode | NET INTEG | N-81 |
| monconn | AOSSsel | A-287 |
| monconn | SASelect | S-183 |
| monitor | DRM | D-783 |
| monitor | TTP | T-303 |
| monlink | MONITOR | M-297 |
| monita | LTPLTA | L-1417 |
| monpost | MONITOR | M-301 |
| monrel | AOSSsel | A-289 |
| monrel | SASelect | S-185 |
| montalk | MONITOR | M-305 |
| mount | DRM | D-787 |
| mtcchk | СМ | C-551 |
| mtcchk | CMMnt | C-629 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|---------------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| mtcchk | Memory | M-231 |
| mtcchk | MS | M-469 |
| mtcchk | SLM | S-655 |
| next | APUX | A-379 |
| next | Card | C-135 |
| next | C6TTP | C-729 |
| next | C7LKSET | C-861 |
| next | C7RTESET | C-993 |
| next | C7TTP | C-1027 |
| next | DATA | D-27 |
| next | DCH | D-63 |
| next | DCTLTP | D-159 |
| next | DCTTTP | D-249 |
| next | DEVICES (CFI) | D-381 |
| next | DEVICES (FP) | D-427 |
| next | DISPLAY | D-631 |
| next | DPNSS | D-677 |
| next | DRAM | D-711 |
| next | DTC | D-865 |
| next | DTCI | D-997 |
| next | EIU | E-19 |
| next | ESA | E-129 |
| next | ESTU | E-161 |
| next | FMT | F-37 |
| next | FRIU | F-111 |
| next | IBNCON | I-23 |
| next | ICRM | I-85 |
| next | IDT | I-147 |
| next | IPML | I-327 |
| -continued- | | |

1-38 Commands reference tables

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|---------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| next | ISG | I-377 |
| next | LCM | L-55 |
| next | LCME | L-119 |
| next | LCMI | L-179 |
| next | LCOM | L-239 |
| next | LGC | L-311 |
| next | LGCI | L-451 |
| next | LIM | L-551 |
| next | LIU7 | L-657 |
| next | LTC | L-783 |
| next | LTP | L-995 |
| next | LTPDATA | L-1167 |
| next | LTPLTA | L-1423 |
| next | LTPISDN | L-1287 |
| next | LTPMAN | L-1509 |
| next | MANUAL | M-19 |
| next | MONITOR | M-309 |
| next | MP | M-355 |
| next | MSB6 | M-563 |
| next | MSB7 | M-675 |
| next | MTM | X-57 |
| next | NETPATH | N-201 |
| next | NIU | N-273 |
| next | OAU | O-15 |
| next | OPMPES | O-63 |
| next | PM | P-113 |
| next | POST | P-293 |
| next | PRADCH | P-401 |
| next | PVC | P-427 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|------------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| next | RCC | R-49 |
| next | RCCI | R-187 |
| next | SA | S-15 |
| next | SCCPLOC | S-215 |
| next | SCCPRSS | S-331 |
| next | SCPLOC | S-379 |
| next | SMS | S-745 |
| next | SMU | S-887 |
| next | SPM | S-993 |
| next | SRUPES | S-1035 |
| next | STC | S-1129 |
| next | TMS | T-37 |
| next | TPC | T-107 |
| next | TRKCONV | T-163 |
| next | TTP | T-305 |
| next | XLIU | X-92 |
| next | X75TTP | X-21 |
| nextcall | SA | S-15 |
| nextcall | SAEdit | S-49 |
| nextdev | POSTDEV | P-333 |
| nextgrp | STAT TKGRP | S-1103 |
| nextls | C7LKSET | C-863 |
| nextpage | NOP | N-313 |
| nextpage | SBSSTAT | S-109 |
| nextpage | SBSSTRM | S-129 |
| nexttrk | STAT TKGRP | S-1105 |
| nexttrk | STAT TRKS | S-1073 |
| noise | LTPMAN | L-1519 |
| noise | MANUAL | M-23 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|---------------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| noise | TTP | T-309 |
| nop | IOD | I-305 |
| nse | LTPISDN | L-1297 |
| nx25ci | IOD | I-307 |
| offl | APUX | A-381 |
| offl | Card | C-139 |
| offl | CARD | C-39 |
| offl | Chain | C-329 |
| offl | CONS | C-697 |
| offl | C7LKSET | C-865 |
| offl | C7RTESET | C-995 |
| offl | DCH | D-77 |
| offl | DDU | D-315 |
| offl | DEVICES (CFI) | D-383 |
| offl | DEVICES (FP) | D-429 |
| offl | DLC | D-655 |
| offl | DPNSS | D-679 |
| offl | DRAM | D-713 |
| offl | DTC | D-867 |
| offl | DTCI | D-999 |
| offl | EIU | E-21 |
| offl | ESA | E-131 |
| offl | ESTU | E-163 |
| offl | EXND | E-191 |
| offl | FBUS | F-9 |
| offl | FP | F-71 |
| offl | FRIU | F-113 |
| offl | ICRM | I-87 |
| offl | IDT | I-149 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|-----------|-------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| offl | IOC | I-259 |
| offl | IPML | I-329 |
| offl | ISG | I-379 |
| offl | LAYER | L-11 |
| offl | LCM | L-57 |
| offl | LCME | L-121 |
| offl | LCMI | L-181 |
| offl | LCOM | L-241 |
| offl | LGC | L-313 |
| offl | LGCI | L-453 |
| offl | LIM | L-553 |
| offl | LINKSET | L-627 |
| offl | LIU7 | L-659 |
| offl | LTC | L-785 |
| offl | MATRIX | M-87 |
| offl | MPC | M-397 |
| offl | MSB6 | M-565 |
| offl | MSB7 | M-677 |
| offl | MTD | M-763 |
| offl | MTM | M-793 |
| offl | NET | N-29 |
| offl | NET JCTRS | N-123 |
| offl | NIU | N-275 |
| offl | OAU | O-17 |
| offl | OPMPES | O-67 |
| offl | POST | P-295 |
| offl | POSTDEV | P-335 |
| offl | PVC | P-429 |
| offl | RCC | R-51 |
| -continued- | | |

1-42 Commands reference tables

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | | |
|--|----------|--------|--|
| Command | Menu | Page | |
| offl | RCCI | R-189 | |
| offl | SCCPLOC | S-217 | |
| offl | SCCPRPC | S-303 | |
| offl | SCCPRSS | S-333 | |
| offl | SCPLOC | S-381 | |
| offl | SEAS | S-419 | |
| offl | Shelf | S-475 | |
| offl | SHELF | S-593 | |
| offl | SLM | S-657 | |
| offl | SMS | S-747 | |
| offl | SMU | S-889 | |
| offl | SPM | S-995 | |
| offl | SRUPES | S-1039 | |
| offl | STC | S-1131 | |
| offl | SYSTEM | S-1187 | |
| offl | TMS | T-39 | |
| offl | TPC | T-109 | |
| offl | XLIU | X-95 | |
| offlchn | Shelf | S-483 | |
| oosremen | SYSTEM | S-1191 | |
| ор | MANUAL | M-25 | |
| ор | TTP | T-311 | |
| openckt | OPMPES | O-69 | |
| openckt | SRUPES | S-1041 | |
| opr | SA | S-19 | |
| orig | LTPLTA | L-1433 | |
| othopr | SA | S-21 | |
| outasst | SASelect | S-187 | |
| output | BERP | B-39 | |
| -continued- | | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|-----------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| ovrride | ALTBAL | A-65 |
| ovrride | ALTCKTTST | A-109 |
| ovrride | ALTDIAG | A-153 |
| ovrride | ALTLIT | A-199 |
| ovrride | ALTSDIAG | A-243 |
| pads | TTP | T-317 |
| page | AUTOCTRL | A-357 |
| page | CODECTRL | C-677 |
| page | GRPCTRL | G-17 |
| page | INTCCTRL | I-185 |
| page | NWM | N-359 |
| page | RTECTRL | R-273 |
| parmset | BERP | B-43 |
| patchxpm | DTCI | D-1003 |
| patchxpm | TMS | T-43 |
| path | NET | N-31 |
| pathtest | ENET | E-85 |
| perform | DTC | D-871 |
| perform | DTCI | D-1005 |
| perform | LGC | L-317 |
| perform | LGCI | L-457 |
| perform | LTC | L-789 |
| perform | RCC | R-55 |
| perform | RCCI | R-193 |
| perform | SMS | S-751 |
| perform | SMU | S-893 |
| perform | TMS | T-45 |
| pes | PM | P-115 |
| pfquery | PERFORM | P-9 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|-----------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| plane | FP | F-75 |
| pmact | PERFORM | P-11 |
| pmc | СМ | C-553 |
| pmloader | PM | P-117 |
| pmloop | C7BERT | C-787 |
| pmreset | DTC | D-877 |
| pmreset | DTCI | D-1007 |
| pmreset | FP | F-77 |
| pmreset | LGC | L-323 |
| pmreset | LGCI | L-463 |
| pmreset | LIM | L-555 |
| pmreset | LTC | L-795 |
| pmreset | MSB6 | M-569 |
| pmreset | MSB7 | M-681 |
| pmreset | NIU | N-279 |
| pmreset | RCC | R-61 |
| pmreset | RCCI | R-199 |
| pmreset | SMS | S-757 |
| pmreset | SMU | S-899 |
| pmreset | TMS | T-49 |
| pms | INTEG | I-225 |
| pms | NET INTEG | N-85 |
| port | Card | C-145 |
| port | MC | M-161 |
| post | ALT | A-39 |
| post | ALTBAL | A-69 |
| post | ALTCKTTST | A-113 |
| post | ALTDIAG | A-157 |
| post | ALTLIT | A-203 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|---------------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| post | ALTSDIAG | A-247 |
| post | APUX | A-383 |
| post | BERT | B-105 |
| post | CARRIER | C-221 |
| post | C6TTP | C-733 |
| post | C7LKSET | C-867 |
| post | C7MSUVER | C-929 |
| post | C7RTESET | C-997 |
| post | C7TTP | C-1031 |
| post | DATA | D-31 |
| post | DCH | D-79 |
| post | DCTLTP | D-161 |
| post | DCTTTP | D-251 |
| post | DEVICES (CFI) | D-387 |
| post | DEVICES (LMX) | D-481 |
| post | DEVICES (PSP) | D-537 |
| post | DISPLAY | D-633 |
| post | DPNSS | D-681 |
| post | DRAM | D-715 |
| post | DTC | D-881 |
| post | DTCI | D-1013 |
| post | EIU | E-25 |
| post | ESA | E-133 |
| post | ESTU | E-165 |
| post | FMT | F-39 |
| post | FRIU | F-117 |
| post | ICRM | I-91 |
| post | IDT | I-151 |
| post | IPML | I-331 |
| -continued- | | |

1-46 Commands reference tables

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|-----------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| post | ISG | I-381 |
| post | LCM | L-59 |
| post | LCME | L-123 |
| post | LCMI | L-183 |
| post | LCOM | L-245 |
| post | LGC | L-327 |
| post | LGCI | L-467 |
| post | LIM | L-559 |
| post | LINKSET | L-629 |
| post | LIU7 | L-663 |
| post | LTC | L-799 |
| post | LTP | L-1005 |
| post | LTPDATA | L-1177 |
| post | LTPISDN | L-1301 |
| post | LTPLTA | L-1439 |
| post | LTPMAN | L-1521 |
| post | MANUAL | M-31 |
| post | MONITOR | M-313 |
| post | MP | M-357 |
| post | MSB6 | M-577 |
| post | MSB7 | M-689 |
| post | MTM | M-795 |
| post | NET INTEG | N-93 |
| post | NETPATH | N-203 |
| post | NIU | N-285 |
| post | NOP | N-315 |
| post | OAU | O-19 |
| post | OPMPES | O-71 |
| post | РМ | P-121 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|--------------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| post | POST | P-301 |
| post | PVC | P-431 |
| post | PRADCH | P-405 |
| post | RCC | R-65 |
| post | RCCI | R-203 |
| post | SCCPLOC | S-219 |
| post | SCCPRPC | S-305 |
| post | SCCPRSS | S-335 |
| post | SCP | S-353 |
| post | SCPLOC | S-387 |
| post | SMS | S-761 |
| post | SMU | S-903 |
| post | SPM | S-997 |
| post | SRUPES | S-1043 |
| post | STC | S-1137 |
| post | TMS | T-57 |
| post | TPC | T-115 |
| post | TRKCONV | T-167 |
| post | TSTEquip | T-245 |
| post | TTP | T-323 |
| post | XLIU | X-99 |
| post | X75TTP | X-25 |
| postdev | DEVICES (FP) | D-435 |
| post(isdn) | LTP | L-1023 |
| postisg | ISGACT | I-395 |
| postisp | ISP | I-415 |
| post00 | DTCI | D-1013 |
| potsdiag | LTP | L-1039 |
| pps | IDT | I-155 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|------------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| prefix | LTP | L-1043 |
| prev | DPNSS | D-683 |
| prevdm | IBNCON | I-27 |
| prevpage | SBSSTAT | S-111 |
| prevpage | SBSSTRM | S-131 |
| print | SA | S-17 |
| print | SAEdit | S-51 |
| process | BERP | B-45 |
| progress | IDT | I-161 |
| protsw | CARRIER | C-231 |
| protsw | POST | P-311 |
| prtalm | STAT TKGRP | S-1107 |
| prtalm | STAT TRKS | S-1075 |
| prvpage | NOP | N-319 |
| pside | MS | M-471 |
| рус | SEAS | S-421 |
| qband | LAYER | L-13 |
| qconline | IBNCON | I-29 |
| qconv | MPC | M-401 |
| qcustgrp | IBNCON | I-31 |
| qipml | IPML | I-333 |
| qlayer | LAYER | L-15 |
| qlayer | LTPISDN | L-1319 |
| qlayer2 | LTPDATA | L-1201 |
| qlink | MPC | M-405 |
| qloop | LTPISDN | L-1323 |
| ql1perf | LTPDATA | L-1195 |
| qmpc | MPC | M-407 |
| qmspw | SASelect | S-191 |
| -continued- | | |
| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|---------------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| qnode | DLC | D-657 |
| qnode | MPC | M-413 |
| qrydev | POSTDEV | P-341 |
| qryfepc | C7LKSET | C-871 |
| qrysig | C6TTP | C-741 |
| qrysig | C7TTP | C-1039 |
| qsbsylk | MPC | M-415 |
| qseated | IBNCON | I-35 |
| qsup | LNSTRBL | L-719 |
| qsup | TRKSTRBL | T-209 |
| qtst | NET | N-33 |
| qtst | NET XPTS | N-239 |
| query | C7BERT | C-793 |
| query | DIRP | D-601 |
| query | FBUS | F-11 |
| query | IOC | I-263 |
| query | NOP | N-321 |
| query | XFER | X-65 |
| queryalm | CCS | C-261 |
| querycd | Card | C-147 |
| querycd | Chain | C-335 |
| querycd | Shelf | S-489 |
| queryclk | Clock | C-389 |
| queryclk | СМ | C-555 |
| querycm | Clock | C-391 |
| querycm | СМ | C-557 |
| querydv | DEVICES (CFI) | D-391 |
| querydv | DEVICES (LMX) | D-485 |
| querydv | DEVICES (PSP) | D-541 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|--------------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| queryen | CARD | C-45 |
| queryen | ENET | E-87 |
| queryen | MATRIX | M-91 |
| queryen | SHELF | S-601 |
| queryen | SYSTEM | S-1195 |
| queryflg | СМ | C-565 |
| queryflt | C7LKSET | C-873 |
| queryflt | C7RTESET | C-1001 |
| queryflt | PVC | P-435 |
| queryflt | SCPLOC | S-391 |
| queryflt | SEAS | S-423 |
| queryfmt | FMT | F-43 |
| queryfp | DEVICES (FP) | D-439 |
| queryir | IRLINK | I-351 |
| queryisg | ISGACT | I-399 |
| querylap | DPNSS | D-685 |
| querylk | LCOM | L-249 |
| querylnk | DPNSS | D-687 |
| querymcr | PLANE | P-49 |
| queryms | Card | C-155 |
| queryms | Chain | C-343 |
| queryms | Clock | C-479 |
| queryms | MS | M-473 |
| queryms | Shelf | S-497 |
| querypc | C7RTESET | C-1003 |
| querypes | OPMPES | O-75 |
| querypes | SRUPES | S-1047 |
| querypl | PLANE | P-51 |
| querypm | APUX | A-387 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| querypm | DCH | D-81 |
| querypm | DRAM | D-717 |
| querypm | DTC | D-885 |
| querypm | DTCI | D-1017 |
| querypm | EIU | E-29 |
| querypm | ESA | E-135 |
| querypm | EXND | E-193 |
| querypm | FP | F-81 |
| querypm | FRIU | F-121 |
| querypm | ICRM | I-95 |
| querypm | IDT | I-163 |
| querypm | LCM | L-63 |
| querypm | LCME | L-127 |
| querypm | LCMI | L-187 |
| querypm | LCOM | L-253 |
| querypm | LGC | L-331 |
| querypm | LGCI | L-471 |
| querypm | LIM | L-561 |
| querypm | LIU7 | L-667 |
| querypm | LTC | L-803 |
| querymp | MP | M-361 |
| querypm | MSB6 | M-581 |
| querypm | MSB7 | M-693 |
| querypm | MTM | M-797 |
| querypm | NIU | N-289 |
| querypm | OAU | O-21 |
| querypm | RCC | R-69 |
| querypm | RCCI | R-207 |
| querypm | SMS | S-765 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|-----------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| querypm | SMU | S-907 |
| querypm | SPM | S-999 |
| querypm | TMS | T-61 |
| querypm | TPC | T-111 |
| queryproc | CONS | C-699 |
| queryproc | IOC | I-265 |
| queryproc | MTD | M-765 |
| queryrex | ENET | E-89 |
| querysrv | SCP | S-355 |
| queryss | SCCPLOC | S-223 |
| queryss | SCCPRPC | S-307 |
| queryss | SCCPRSS | S-339 |
| querystc | STC | S-1141 |
| querytape | MTD | M-767 |
| querytrf | C7LKSET | C-891 |
| querytrf | SCPLOC | S-395 |
| querytty | CONS | C-701 |
| queryupd | SCPLOC | S-399 |
| queryusr | C7LKSET | C-897 |
| queryusr | DPNSS | D-689 |
| quit | ACTIVITY | A-5 |
| quit | ALT | A-41 |
| quit | ALTBAL | A-71 |
| quit | ALTCKTTST | A-115 |
| quit | ALTDIAG | A-159 |
| quit | ALTLIT | A-205 |
| quit | ALTSDIAG | A-249 |
| quit | APUX | A-389 |
| quit | ATT | A-317 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|--------------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| quit | AUTOCTRL | A-359 |
| quit | BERP | B-51 |
| quit | BERT | B-107 |
| quit | Card | C-165 |
| quit | CARRIER | C-233 |
| quit | CCIS6 | C-247 |
| quit | CCS | C-265 |
| quit | CCS7 | C-285 |
| quit | Chain | C-353 |
| quit | Clock | C-399 |
| quit | Clock | C-489 |
| quit | СМ | C-567 |
| quit | CMMnt | C-635 |
| quit | CODECTRL | C-679 |
| quit | CONS | C-703 |
| quit | CPSTATUS | C-715 |
| quit | C6TTP | C-743 |
| quit | C7BERT | C-799 |
| quit | C7LKSET | C-899 |
| quit | C7MSUVER | C-931 |
| quit | C7RTESET | C-1005 |
| quit | C7TTP | C-1041 |
| quit | DATA | D-39 |
| quit | DCAP | D-59 |
| quit | DCH | D-83 |
| quit | DCTLTP | D-165 |
| quit | DCTTTP | D-255 |
| quit | DDU | D-317 |
| quit | DELAYS (LGC) | D-335 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|---------------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| quit | DELAYS (RCC) | D-351 |
| quit | DEVICES (CFI) | D-397 |
| quit | DEVICES (FP) | D-445 |
| quit | DEVICES (LMX) | D-491 |
| quit | DEVICES (NIU) | D-511 |
| quit | DEVICES (PSP) | D-547 |
| quit | DIRP | D-595 |
| quit | DISPLAY | D-643 |
| quit | DLC | D-659 |
| quit | DPNSS | D-691 |
| quit | DRAM | D-719 |
| quit | DRM | D-789 |
| quit | DTC | D-899 |
| quit | DTCI | D-1023 |
| quit | EIU | E-31 |
| quit | ESA | E-141 |
| quit | ESTU | E-167 |
| quit | EXND | E-195 |
| quit | Ext | E-219 |
| quit | FBUS | F-13 |
| quit | FMT | F-45 |
| quit | FP | F-83 |
| quit | FRIU | F-123 |
| quit | GRPCTRL | G-19 |
| quit | IBNCON | I-39 |
| quit | ICRM | I-103 |
| quit | IDT | I-165 |
| quit | INTCCTRL | l-187 |
| quit | INTEG | I-229 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|---------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| quit | IOC | I-267 |
| quit | IOD | I-309 |
| quit | IPML | I-335 |
| quit | IRLINK | I-353 |
| quit | ISG | I-387 |
| quit | ISGACT | I-401 |
| quit | ISP | I-417 |
| quit | LAYER | L-17 |
| quit | LCM | L-71 |
| quit | LCME | L-133 |
| quit | LCMI | L-193 |
| quit | LCOM | L-255 |
| quit | LGC | L-345 |
| quit | LGCI | L-479 |
| quit | LIM | L-563 |
| quit | LINKSET | L-631 |
| quit | LIU7 | L-669 |
| quit | LNS | L-687 |
| quit | LNSTRBL | L-721 |
| quit | LTC | L-817 |
| quit | LTP | L-1047 |
| quit | LTPDATA | L-1203 |
| quit | LTPISDN | L-1327 |
| quit | LTPLTA | L-1457 |
| quit | LTPMAN | L-1539 |
| quit | MANUAL | M-39 |
| quit | MATRIX | M-95 |
| quit | MC | M-163 |
| quit | Memory | M-233 |
| -continued- | | |

1-56 Commands reference tables

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|-----------|-------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| quit | MONITOR | M-321 |
| quit | MP | M-363 |
| quit | MPC | M-417 |
| quit | MS | M-483 |
| quit | MSB6 | M-589 |
| quit | MSB7 | M-701 |
| quit | MTD | M-769 |
| quit | MTM | M-799 |
| quit | NET | N-37 |
| quit | NET INTEG | N-95 |
| quit | NET JCTRS | N-125 |
| quit | NET LINKS | N-147 |
| quit | NET XPTS | N-235 |
| quit | NETPATH | N-207 |
| quit | NIU | N-293 |
| quit | NOP | N-331 |
| quit | NWM | N-361 |
| quit | OAU | O-23 |
| quit | PERFORM | P-15 |
| quit | PLANE | P-55 |
| quit | PM | P-125 |
| quit | PMACT | P-137 |
| quit | PMC | P-181 |
| quit | Port | P-229 |
| quit | POST | P-313 |
| quit | POSTDEV | P-345 |
| quit | PRADCH | P-409 |
| quit | PVC | P-437 |
| quit | RCC | R-83 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|------------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| quit | RCCI | R-215 |
| quit | RTECTRL | R-275 |
| quit | SASelect | S-193 |
| quit | SBSCOMM | S-77 |
| quit | SBSSEL | S-91 |
| quit | SBSSTAT | S-113 |
| quit | SBSSTRM | S-133 |
| quit | SCCPLOC | S-225 |
| quit | SCCPRPC | S-309 |
| quit | SCCPRSS | S-341 |
| quit | SCP | S-357 |
| quit | SCPLOC | S-403 |
| quit | SEAS | S-425 |
| quit | SBS | S-67 |
| quit | SHELF | S-605 |
| quit | Shelf | S-507 |
| quit | SLM | S-661 |
| quit | SMS | S-779 |
| quit | SMU | S-921 |
| quit | SPM | S-1001 |
| quit | SRUPES | S-1051 |
| quit | STAT TKGRP | S-1111 |
| quit | STAT TRKS | S-1079 |
| quit | SYSTEM | S-1199 |
| quit | TMS | T-67 |
| quit | TPC | T-113 |
| quit | TRKCONV | T-175 |
| quit | TRKS | T-229 |
| quit | TRKSTRBL | T-211 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|-----------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| quit | TSTEquip | T-249 |
| quit | TTP | T-331 |
| quit | XFER | X-67 |
| quit | X75TTP | X-33 |
| rab | LAYER | L-21 |
| rcama | SASelect | S-195 |
| rclli | TRKCONV | T-179 |
| rdbuff | NET | N-45 |
| readfw | SLM | S-665 |
| recann | SA | S-23 |
| record_dtsr | LTP | L-1051 |
| recover | DTC | D-903 |
| recover | LGC | L-349 |
| recover | LGCI | L-483 |
| recover | LTC | L-821 |
| recover | NET | N-41 |
| recover | PM | P-129 |
| recover | RCC | R-87 |
| recover | RCCI | R-219 |
| recover | SMS | S-783 |
| recover | SMU | S-925 |
| release | DCTLTP | D-169 |
| release | DCTTTP | D-259 |
| release | IBNCON | I-43 |
| release | NOP | N-335 |
| remove | ALTBAL | A-75 |
| remove | ALTCKTTST | A-119 |
| remove | ALTDIAG | A-163 |
| remove | ALTLIT | A-209 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|-----------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| remove | ALTSDIAG | A-253 |
| remove | AUTOCTRL | A-363 |
| remove | CODECTRL | C-683 |
| remove | GRPCTRL | G-23 |
| remove | INTCCTRL | I-191 |
| remove | RTECTRL | R-279 |
| rename | DRM | D-793 |
| report | C7BERT | C-803 |
| res | LTPLTA | L-1461 |
| reset | BERP | B-55 |
| reset | DRM | D-797 |
| reset | IOC | I-271 |
| reset | LineSel | L-609 |
| reset | NETPATH | N-205 |
| resume | LNSTRBL | L-725 |
| resume | TRKSTRBL | T-215 |
| reth | NET INTEG | N-99 |
| review | BERP | B-59 |
| revive | DIRP | D-605 |
| rex | LIM | L-567 |
| rextst | CARD | C-53 |
| rextst | Clock | C-403 |
| rextst | СМ | C-571 |
| rextst | CMMnt | C-639 |
| rextst | ENET | E-97 |
| rextst | MATRIX | M-99 |
| rextst | MC | M-167 |
| rextst | Memory | M-237 |
| rextst | PMC | P-185 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|-----------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| rextst | Port | P-233 |
| rextst | SHELF | S-609 |
| rextst | SYSTEM | S-1203 |
| ring | LTPLTA | L-1465 |
| ring | SA | S-25 |
| rlayer | LTPISDN | L-1331 |
| rlayer2 | LTPDATA | L-1209 |
| rls | C6TTP | C-747 |
| rls | C7TTP | C-1045 |
| rls | DATA | D-43 |
| rls | MANUAL | M-43 |
| rls | MONITOR | M-325 |
| rls | TTP | T-335 |
| rls | X75TTP | X-37 |
| rlsconn | LTPMAN | L-1543 |
| rl1perf | LTPDATA | L-1207 |
| rotate | DIRP | D-611 |
| rotate | DRM | D-801 |
| rotate | MEMORY | M-245 |
| route | Clock | C-411 |
| route | MC | M-175 |
| route | Port | P-241 |
| routecm | SBSSTAT | S-117 |
| routeset | C7TTP | C-1047 |
| rpb | LAYER | L-23 |
| rsetvol | DIRP | D-615 |
| rsti | NET INTEG | N-101 |
| rtectrl | NWM | N-365 |
| rts | APUX | A-393 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|---------------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| rts | CARD | C-59 |
| rts | Card | C-169 |
| rts | Chain | C-357 |
| rts | Clock | C-413 |
| rts | CONS | C-707 |
| rts | C6TTP | C-749 |
| rts | C7LKSET | C-903 |
| rts | C7RTESET | C-1009 |
| rts | C7TTP | C-1049 |
| rts | DCH | D-87 |
| rts | DDU | D-321 |
| rts | DEVICES (CFI) | D-401 |
| rts | DEVICES (FP) | D-449 |
| rts | DEVICES (LMX) | D-495 |
| rts | DEVICES (PSP) | D-551 |
| rts | DPNSS | D-695 |
| rts | DLC | D-663 |
| rts | DRAM | D-723 |
| rts | DTC | D-907 |
| rts | DTCI | D-1027 |
| rts | EIU | E-35 |
| rts | ESA | E-145 |
| rts | ESTU | E-171 |
| rts | EXND | E-199 |
| rts | FBUS | F-17 |
| rts | FP | F-87 |
| rts | FRIU | F-129 |
| rts | IBNCON | I-45 |
| rts | ICRM | I-107 |
| -continued- | | |

1-62 Commands reference tables

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|---------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| rts | IDT | I-169 |
| rts | IOC | I-273 |
| rts | IPML | I-339 |
| rts | IRLINK | I-357 |
| rts | ISG | I-391 |
| rts | LAYER | L-25 |
| rts | LCM | L-75 |
| rts | LCME | L-137 |
| rts | LCMI | L-197 |
| rts | LCOM | L-259 |
| rts | LGC | L-353 |
| rts | LGCI | L-487 |
| rts | LIM | L-569 |
| rts | LINKSET | L-635 |
| rts | LIU7 | L-673 |
| rts | LTC | L-825 |
| rts | LTP | L-1055 |
| rts | LTP | L-1055 |
| rts | MANUAL | M-45 |
| rts | MATRIX | M-105 |
| rts | MC | M-177 |
| rts | MONITOR | M-327 |
| rts | MP | M-367 |
| rts | MPC | M-427 |
| rts | MS | M-487 |
| rts | MSB6 | M-593 |
| rts | MSB7 | M-705 |
| rts | MTD | M-773 |
| rts | MTM | M-803 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|-----------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| rts | NET | N-47 |
| rts | NET JCTRS | N-129 |
| rts | NET LINKS | N-151 |
| rts | NET XPTS | N-243 |
| rts | NIU | N-297 |
| rts | OAU | O-27 |
| rts | OPMPES | O-83 |
| rts | PLANE | P-59 |
| rts | PMC | P-193 |
| rts | POST | P-317 |
| rts | POSTDEV | P-349 |
| rts | PRADCH | P-413 |
| rts | PVC | P-441 |
| rts | RCC | R-91 |
| rts | RCCI | R-223 |
| rts | SCCPLOC | S-229 |
| rts | SCCPRPC | S-313 |
| rts | SCCPRSS | S-345 |
| rts | SCPLOC | S-407 |
| rts | SEAS | S-429 |
| rts | Shelf | S-511 |
| rts | SHELF | S-615 |
| rts | SLM | S-671 |
| rts | SMS | S-787 |
| rts | SMU | S-929 |
| rts | SPM | S-1005 |
| rts | SRUPES | S-1055 |
| rts | STC | S-1143 |
| rts | SYSTEM | S-1209 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|----------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| rts | SYSTEM | S-1209 |
| rts | TMS | T-71 |
| rts | TPC | T-117 |
| rts | TRKCONV | T-183 |
| rts | TTP | T-337 |
| rts | X75TTP | X-39 |
| rtschn | Shelf | S-519 |
| rtsms | MS | M-495 |
| runatt | ATT | A-321 |
| saedit | SA | S-27 |
| saselect | AOSSsel | A-291 |
| saselect | LineSel | L-611 |
| saselect | SA | S-29 |
| saselect | SAEdit | S-53 |
| save | C7MSUVER | C-935 |
| sbs | SBSCOMM | S-81 |
| sbs | SBSSEL | S-95 |
| sbs | SBSSTAT | S-119 |
| sbs | SBSSTRM | S-137 |
| sbsstat | SBSSEL | S-97 |
| sortfsa | SBSSTAT | S-123 |
| scanms | MS | M-503 |
| scanms | Shelf | S-527 |
| sccploc | CCS7 | C-289 |
| sccprpc | CCS7 | C-291 |
| sccprss | SCCPRPC | S-315 |
| scp | CCS | C-269 |
| scploc | SCP | S-361 |
| screen | C7MSUVER | C-939 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|------------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| scur | LTPISDN | L-1335 |
| sdiag | ALT | A-45 |
| seas | CCS7 | C-293 |
| seize | C6TTP | C-753 |
| seize | C7TTP | C-1053 |
| seize | DATA | D-45 |
| seize | IBNCON | I-49 |
| seize | TTP | T-341 |
| seize | X75TTP | X-43 |
| select | BERP | B-63 |
| select | DCTLTP | D-173 |
| select | DCTTTP | D-263 |
| select | GRPCTRL | G-25 |
| select | IBNCON | I-53 |
| selgrp | STAT TKGRP | S-1115 |
| selgrp | STAT TRKS | S-1083 |
| sendmsg | IBNCON | I-59 |
| sent | XFER | X-75 |
| set | NETPATH | N-211 |
| setaction | POST | P-323 |
| setafpc | C7MSUVER | C-945 |
| setbkup | SBS | S-71 |
| setcdpa | C7MSUVER | C-949 |
| setcgpa | C7MSUVER | C-953 |
| setdest | C7MSUVER | C-957 |
| setdpc | C7MSUVER | C-961 |
| seth0h1 | C7MSUVER | C-965 |
| setintg | INTEG | I-233 |
| setlog | NET INTEG | N-103 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|----------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| setlpbk | LTPMAN | L-1545 |
| setopc | C7MSUVER | C-967 |
| setsc | Ext | E-223 |
| setscmg | C7MSUVER | C-971 |
| setsd | Ext | E-225 |
| setsio | C7MSUVER | C-975 |
| setstop | C7BERT | C-807 |
| setstst | ATT | A-323 |
| sgnl | MANUAL | M-49 |
| sgnl | TTP | T-343 |
| shelf | Card | C-183 |
| shelf | Chain | C-365 |
| shelf | Clock | C-493 |
| shelf | ENET | E-103 |
| shelf | MATRIX | M-109 |
| shelf | MS | M-507 |
| shelf | Shelf | S-531 |
| shelf | SYSTEM | S-1215 |
| showbackup | MS | M-509 |
| showblock | ENET | E-105 |
| showchn | Shelf | S-533 |
| slm | IOD | I-313 |
| snid | C6TTP | C-755 |
| sortcoll | SBSSTAT | S-121 |
| sortfsa | SBSSTAT | S-123 |
| sortkey | BERP | B-69 |
| sortstrm | SBSSTAT | S-125 |
| spare | Memory | M-249 |
| sparing | DCH | D-91 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|-----------|-------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| specsig | SA | S-35 |
| spin | SLM | S-679 |
| split | PMC | P-199 |
| start | ACTIVITY | A-9 |
| start | ALTBAL | A-77 |
| start | ALTCKTTST | A-121 |
| start | ALTDIAG | A-165 |
| start | ALTLIT | A-211 |
| start | ALTSDIAG | A-255 |
| start | ATT | A-325 |
| start | BERP | B-75 |
| start | BERT | B-111 |
| start | C7BERT | C-811 |
| start | DDU | D-325 |
| start | NETPATH | N-213 |
| startchg | SA | S-31 |
| startopr | SA | S-33 |
| stat | TRKS | T-233 |
| stat | TRKSTRBL | T-217 |
| status | ALTBAL | A-81 |
| status | ALTCKTTST | A-125 |
| status | ALTDIAG | A-169 |
| status | ALTLIT | A-215 |
| status | ALTSDIAG | A-259 |
| status | DDU | D-323 |
| status | IOC | I-275 |
| status | PM | P-133 |
| stc | MSB6 | M-605 |
| stc | MSB7 | M-717 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|--------------|-------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| stcload | MSB6 | M-607 |
| stcload | MSB7 | M-719 |
| stksdr | TTP | T-345 |
| stop | ALTBAL | A-85 |
| stop | ALTCKTTST | A-129 |
| stop | ALTDIAG | A-173 |
| stop | ALTLIT | A-219 |
| stop | ALTSDIAG | A-263 |
| stop | ATT | A-331 |
| stop | BERP | B-79 |
| stop | BERT | B-117 |
| stop | C7BERT | C-817 |
| stop | DCTLTP | D-185 |
| stop | DCTTTP | D-275 |
| stop | DDU | D-327 |
| stop | DELAYS (LGC) | D-339 |
| stop | DELAYS (RCC) | D-355 |
| stop | ISGACT | I-405 |
| stop | ISP | I-421 |
| stop | NETPATH | N-217 |
| stop | PMACT | P-141 |
| stopdisp | LNSTRBL | L-729 |
| stopdisp | TRKSTRBL | T-219 |
| stoplog | ACTIVITY | A-13 |
| stoplog | DELAYS (LGC) | D-341 |
| stoplog | DELAYS (RCC) | D-357 |
| stoplog | ISGACT | I-407 |
| stoplog | ISP | I-423 |
| stoplog | PMACT | P-143 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|---------------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| strmstat | SBSSEL | S-99 |
| strt | DELAYS (LGC) | D-343 |
| strt | DELAYS (RCC) | D-359 |
| strt | ISGACT | I-409 |
| strt | ISP | I-425 |
| strt | PMACT | P-145 |
| strtlog | ACTIVITY | A-15 |
| strtlog | DELAYS (LGC) | D-345 |
| strtlog | DELAYS (RCC) | D-361 |
| strtlog | ISGACT | I-411 |
| strtlog | ISP | I-427 |
| strtlog | PMACT | P-147 |
| submit | ALTBAL | A-87 |
| submit | ALTCKTTST | A-131 |
| submit | ALTDIAG | A-175 |
| submit | ALTLIT | A-221 |
| submit | ALTSDIAG | A-265 |
| summary | BERP | B-81 |
| suppress | LNSTRBL | L-733 |
| suppress | TRKSTRBL | T-221 |
| sustate | LTPDATA | L-1211 |
| sustate | LTPISDN | L-1339 |
| sustate | LTPMAN | L-1547 |
| sustate (isdn) | LTPDATA | L-1217 |
| swact | Clock | C-417 |
| swact | СМ | C-579 |
| swact | CMMnt | C-647 |
| swact | DEVICES (CFI) | D-413 |
| swact | DEVICES (LMX) | D-499 |
| -continued- | | |

1-70 Commands reference tables

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|---------------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| swact | DEVICES (PSP) | D-555 |
| swact | DTC | D-921 |
| swact | DTCI | D-1039 |
| swact | ICRM | I-111 |
| swact | LGC | L-367 |
| swact | LGCI | L-501 |
| swact | LTC | L-839 |
| swact | MC | M-181 |
| swact | Memory | M-255 |
| swact | MSB6 | M-611 |
| swact | MSB7 | M-723 |
| swact | NIU | N-301 |
| swact | PLANE | P-65 |
| swact | PMC | P-205 |
| swact | Port | P-243 |
| swact | PRADCH | P-417 |
| swact | RCC | R-103 |
| swact | RCCI | R-235 |
| swact | SMS | S-801 |
| swact | SMU | S-943 |
| swact | TMS | T-81 |
| swcarr | Clock | C-495 |
| swen | DEVICES (FP) | D-455 |
| swmast | Clock | C-501 |
| swmast | MS | M-511 |
| swrg | LCM | L-83 |
| swrg | LCME | L-143 |
| swrg | LCMI | L-203 |
| swtch | DCH | D-95 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|---------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| sync | Clock | C-509 |
| sync | СМ | C-583 |
| sync | CMMnt | C-651 |
| sync | MC | M-185 |
| sync | Memory | M-259 |
| sync | PLANE | P-69 |
| sync | PMC | P-209 |
| sync | Port | P-247 |
| system | CARD | C-67 |
| system | ENET | E-107 |
| system | MATRIX | M-111 |
| system | SHELF | S-623 |
| system | SYSTEM | S-1217 |
| talklta | LTPLTA | L-1469 |
| tcopy | DRM | D-805 |
| tdet | MANUAL | M-51 |
| tdet | TTP | T-349 |
| tei | LTPISDN | L-1357 |
| test | LTPISDN | L-1361 |
| testbook | DCTLTP | D-189 |
| testbook | DCTTTP | D-279 |
| testreq | ATT | A-337 |
| testss | SCCPLOC | S-231 |
| tgen | MANUAL | M-55 |
| tgen | TTP | T-353 |
| thr | LTPISDN | L-1373 |
| thresh | INTEG | I-235 |
| threshold | MTD | M-775 |
| time | SA | S-37 |
| -continued- | | |

1-72 Commands reference tables

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | |
|--|---------------|--------|
| Command | Menu | Page |
| timer | NET INTEG | N-105 |
| tnsmp | SASelect | S-197 |
| tonegen | LTPMAN | L-1549 |
| tonegen (isdn) | LTPMAN | L-1557 |
| trans | FMT | F-49 |
| trantst | SCCPLOC | S-293 |
| trantst | SCCPRPC | S-317 |
| trantst | SCCPRSS | S-347 |
| trkqry | C6TTP | C-757 |
| trkqry | C7TTP | C-1055 |
| trkstrbl | TRKS | T-235 |
| trkstrbl | STAT TKGRP | S-1117 |
| trink | NET INTEG | N-107 |
| trnsl | Card | C-185 |
| trnsl | CARD | C-71 |
| trnsl | Chain | C-367 |
| trnsl | DCH | D-103 |
| trnsl | DEVICES (CFI) | D-405 |
| trnsl | DEVICES (LMX) | D-501 |
| trnsl | DEVICES (NIU) | D-515 |
| trnsl | DEVICES (PSP) | D-559 |
| trnsl | DRAM | D-727 |
| trnsl | DTC | D-927 |
| trnsl | DTCI | D-1041 |
| trnsl | ESA | E-149 |
| trnsl | FBUS | F-21 |
| trnsl | ICRM | I-115 |
| trnsl | IDT | I-173 |
| trnsl | IOC | I-279 |
| -continued- | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | | |
|--|-----------|-------|--|
| Command | Menu | Page | |
| trnsl | IOD | I-315 | |
| trnsl | IPML | I-343 | |
| trnsl | IRLINK | I-359 | |
| trnsl | LCM | L-87 | |
| trnsl | LCME | L-147 | |
| trnsl | LCMI | L-207 | |
| trnsl | LGC | L-373 | |
| trnsl | LGCI | L-505 | |
| trnsl | LIM | L-573 | |
| trnsl | LTC | L-845 | |
| trnsl | MATRIX | M-115 | |
| trnsl | MC | M-195 | |
| trnsl | Memory | M-269 | |
| trnsl | MP | M-371 | |
| trnsl | MSB6 | M-615 | |
| trnsl | MSB7 | M-727 | |
| trnsl | MTM | M-807 | |
| trnsl | NET | N-51 | |
| trnsl | NET INTEG | N-109 | |
| trnsl | NET JCTRS | N-133 | |
| trnsl | NET LINKS | N-153 | |
| trnsl | OAU | O-31 | |
| trnsl | PLANE | P-77 | |
| trnsl | PMC | P-219 | |
| trnsl | Port | P-257 | |
| trnsl | RCC | R-109 | |
| trnsl | RCCI | R-239 | |
| trnsl | Shelf | S-535 | |
| trnsl | SHELF | S-627 | |
| -continued- | | | |

1-74 Commands reference tables

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | | | |
|--|---------------|--------|--|--|
| Command | Menu | Page | | |
| trnsl | SLM | S-685 | | |
| trnsl | SMS | S-807 | | |
| trnsl | SMU | S-949 | | |
| trnsl | STC | S-1147 | | |
| trnsl | SYSTEM | S-1221 | | |
| trnsl | TMS | T-83 | | |
| trnsl | TPC | T-121 | | |
| trnslvf | TTP | T-355 | | |
| try | CARD | C-75 | | |
| try | MATRIX | M-119 | | |
| try | SHELF | S-629 | | |
| try | SYSTEM | S-1223 | | |
| tst | APUX | A-397 | | |
| tst | Card | C-189 | | |
| tst | CARD | C-79 | | |
| tst | Chain | C-371 | | |
| tst | Clock | C-431 | | |
| tst | Clock | C-513 | | |
| tst | СМ | C-595 | | |
| tst | CONS | C-709 | | |
| tst | C6TTP | C-761 | | |
| tst | C7LKSET | C-907 | | |
| tst | C7TTP | C-1059 | | |
| tst | DCH | D-107 | | |
| tst | DDU | D-329 | | |
| tst | DEVICES (CFI) | D-409 | | |
| tst | DEVICES (FP) | D-457 | | |
| tst | DEVICES (LMX) | D-505 | | |
| tst | DEVICES (PSP) | D-563 | | |
| -continued- | | | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | | |
|--|---------|--------|--|
| Command | Menu | Page | |
| tst | DLC | D-665 | |
| tst | DRAM | D-729 | |
| tst | DTC | D-931 | |
| tst | DTCI | D-1045 | |
| tst | EIU | E-39 | |
| tst | ESA | E-151 | |
| tst | ESTU | E-177 | |
| tst | EXND | E-203 | |
| tst | FBUS | F-23 | |
| tst | FP | F-91 | |
| tst | FRIU | F-127 | |
| tst | ICRM | I-121 | |
| tst | IOC | I-281 | |
| tst | IPML | I-345 | |
| tst | IRLINK | I-361 | |
| tst | LCM | L-89 | |
| tst | LCME | L-149 | |
| tst | LCMI | L-209 | |
| tst | LCOM | L-263 | |
| tst | LGC | L-377 | |
| tst | LGCI | L-509 | |
| tst | LIM | L-575 | |
| tst | LINKSET | L-637 | |
| tst | LIU7 | L-677 | |
| tst | LTC | L-849 | |
| tst | MANUAL | M-57 | |
| tst | MATRIX | M-123 | |
| tst | MC | M-197 | |
| tst | Memory | M-273 | |
| -continued- | | | |

1-76 Commands reference tables

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | | |
|--|-----------|--------|--|
| Command | Menu | Page | |
| tst | MONITOR | M-331 | |
| tst | MP | M-373 | |
| tst | MPC | M-433 | |
| tst | MS | M-517 | |
| tst | MSB6 | M-619 | |
| tst | MSB7 | M-729 | |
| tst | MTD | M-777 | |
| tst | MTM | M-809 | |
| tst | NET | N-53 | |
| tst | NET JCTRS | N-135 | |
| tst | NET LINKS | N-155 | |
| tst | NET XPTS | N-247 | |
| tst | NIU | N-305 | |
| tst | OAU | O-33 | |
| tst | OPMPES | O-85 | |
| tst | PLANE | P-81 | |
| tst | PMC | P-149 | |
| tst | Port | P-259 | |
| tst | POST | P-325 | |
| tst | POSTDEV | P-353 | |
| tst | PVC | P-445 | |
| tst | RCC | R-113 | |
| tst | RCCI | R-243 | |
| tst | Shelf | S-539 | |
| tst | SHELF | S-633 | |
| tst | SLM | S-687 | |
| tst | SMS | S-811 | |
| tst | SMU | S-953 | |
| tst | SPM | S-1007 | |
| -continued- | | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | | |
|--|-----------|--------|--|
| Command | Menu | Page | |
| tst | SRUPES | S-1057 | |
| tst | STC | S-1149 | |
| tst | SYSTEM | S-1227 | |
| tst | TMS | T-87 | |
| tst | TPC | T-123 | |
| tst | TTP | T-367 | |
| tst | X75TTP | X-45 | |
| tstchn | Shelf | S-553 | |
| tstdsalm | Ext | E-229 | |
| tstdtmf | LTPMAN | L-1569 | |
| tstms | MS | M-523 | |
| tstring | LTPMAN | L-1563 | |
| tstsgnl | LTPISDN | L-1377 | |
| tsttrnsl | C6TTP | C-771 | |
| ttp | TRKS | T-237 | |
| uinh | C7LKSET | C-915 | |
| undo | TRKCONV | T-187 | |
| upth | NET INTEG | N-111 | |
| vac | LTPLTA | L-1475 | |
| vdc | LTPLTA | L-1479 | |
| verpath | NETPATH | N-219 | |
| view | DRM | D-811 | |
| voice | SA | S-39 | |
| voice_screen | LTP | L-1061 | |
| wait | FP | F-97 | |
| wait | LIM | L-579 | |
| waitfmsg | IBNCON | I-61 | |
| warmswact | DTC | D-949 | |
| warmswact | DTCI | D-1057 | |
| -continued- | | | |

1-78 Commands reference tables

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | | |
|--|------|--------|--|
| Command | Menu | Page | |
| warmswact | ICRM | I-129 | |
| warmswact | LGC | L-521 | |
| warmswact | LGCI | L-521 | |
| warmswact | LTC | L-867 | |
| warmswact | MSB6 | M-629 | |
| warmswact | MSB7 | M-739 | |
| warmswact | RCC | R-131 | |
| warmswact | RCCI | R-255 | |
| warmswact | SMS | S-829 | |
| warmswact | SMU | S-971 | |
| warmswact | TMS | T-97 | |
| xbert | MSB6 | M-631 | |
| xbert | MSB7 | M-741 | |
| xfer | IOD | I-317 | |
| xmit | XFER | X-77 | |
| xpmlogs | DTC | D-953 | |
| xpmlogs | DTCI | D-1059 | |
| xpmlogs | LGC | L-399 | |
| xpmlogs | LGCI | L-523 | |
| xpmlogs | LTC | L-871 | |
| xpmlogs | MSB6 | M-633 | |
| xpmlogs | MSB7 | M-745 | |
| xpmlogs | RCC | R-133 | |
| xpmlogs | RCCI | R-257 | |
| xpmlogs | SMS | S-831 | |
| xpmlogs | SMU | S-973 | |
| xpmlogs | TMS | Т-99 | |
| xpmreload | DTC | D-955 | |
| xpmreload | LGC | L-401 | |
| -continued- | | | |

| Command/menu cross reference table (continued) | | | | |
|--|----------|-------|--|--|
| Command | Menu | Page | | |
| xpmreload | LGCI | L-525 | | |
| xpmreload | LTC | L-873 | | |
| xpmreload | RCC | R-135 | | |
| xpmreload | RCCI | R-259 | | |
| xpmreload | SMS | S-833 | | |
| xpmreload | SMU | S-975 | | |
| xpmreset | DTC | D-957 | | |
| xpmreset | LGC | L-403 | | |
| xpmreset | LGCI | L-525 | | |
| xpmreset | LTC | L-875 | | |
| xpmreset | MSB6 | M-635 | | |
| xpmreset | MSB7 | M-747 | | |
| xpmreset | RCC | R-137 | | |
| xpmreset | RCCI | R-261 | | |
| xpmreset | SMS | S-835 | | |
| xpmreset | SMU | S-977 | | |
| xpts | NET | N-57 | | |
| xpts | NET XPTS | N-251 | | |
| zoom | ENET | E-111 | | |
| zoom | MATRIX | M-127 | | |
| -end- | | | | |

Menu chart

The menu chart illustrates the hierarchical relationship between menu levels and sublevels. In many cases the relationship between levels and sublevels is indicative of the command string required to reach that level, such as the following:

mapci;mtc;pm,J

which is used to reach the PM MAP level. This is not always the case, however, and should not be assumed. Sublevels of the PM level, for example, require a PM to be posted before subsequent levels can be accessed.





1-82 Commands reference tables

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | |
|-------------|-----|---------|--|---|----------------|--|
| MAPCI | МТС | (LNS) | LTP | CSDDS IBNCON LTPDATA LTPISDN LTPLTA LTPMAN | | |
| | | MS | CLOCK | | | |
| | | | SHELF | CARD | CHAIN | |
| | | (MTCNA) | TSTEQUIP | ESTU | | |
| | | NET | NETINTEG NETJCTRS NETLINKS NETPATH NETXPTS | | | |
| | | PM | APUX | | | |
| | | | (CFI) | DEVICES | | |
| | | | DTCI | PERFORM | | |
| | | | DRAM | | | |
| | | | EIU | | | |
| | | | ESA | | | |
| | | | FMT | | | |
| | | | FP | PLANE DEVICES | POSTDEV | |
| | | | FRIU | | | |
| | | | GIC | | | |
| | | | ICRM | | | |
| | | | IDT | | | |
| | | | IDTC | PERFORM | | |
| | | | Note: IDTC=ILG | C, ILTC, PDTC, ADT | ⁻ C | |
| -continued- | | | | | | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|-------|-----|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| MAPCI | MTC | PM | IPE | | |
| | | | IPML | | |
| | | | ISP | | |
| | | | LCM | | |
| | | | Note: LCM=LCM | E, LCMI, KILCM | |
| | | | LCME | | |
| | | | LCMI | | |
| | | | LCOM | | |
| | | | LCR | ССН | |
| | | | LGC | PERFORM | PMACT |
| | | | | | DELAYS |
| | | | Note: LGC=DTC, | LTC, RCC, SMU, | SMR, SMS |
| | | | LGCI | PERFORM | PMACTX |
| | | | | DCH | ISGACT |
| | | | | ISG | |
| | | | Note: LGCI=LTCI | , RCCI,TMS | |
| | | | LIM | FBUS | |
| | | | LIU7 | | |
| | | | (LMX) | DEVICES | |
| | | | MSB6 | STC | |
| | | | Note: MSB6=MS | B7 | |
| | | | МТМ | | |
| | | | Note: MTM=TM8, STM, ATM, DES, | TM2, TM4, RMM, ISLM, T8A, MMA, | OAU, LM, DCM, TAN |
| | | | NIU | DEVICES | |
| | | | OAU | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | -cont | inued- | | |

1-84 Commands reference tables

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|-----------|----|--------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| MAPCI MTC | РМ | OPMPES | | | |
| | | | PSP | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | RCC | PERFORM | PMACT DELAYS |
| | | | | | DELATO |
| | | | | IRLINK | |
| | | | RCCI | | |
| | | | RCS | | |
| | | | RCT | | |
| | | | Note: RCT=TCS | | |
| | | | RCU | | |
| | | | SRU | SRUPES | |
| | | | | VCH | |
| | | | SMU | RCU | |
| | | | SMSR | | |
| | | | SPM | | |
| | | | SRUPES | | |
| | | | TMS | | |
| | | | TPC | MP | |
| | | | XLIU | | |
| | | TRKS | ATT | | |
| | | | CARRIER | POST DISPLAY | |
| | | | STATTKGRP | STATTRKS | |
| | | | TRKSTRBL | | |
| | | -cont | inued- | | |
Commands reference tables 1-85

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|-------|-----|------|-----|---|---|
| MAPCI | МТС | TRKS | TTP | MANUAL MONITOR C6TTP DATA C7TTP PRADCH TRKCONV ECHOCTRL XDCME | |
| | | | | AUSTIF | |

-end-

ACTIVITY level commands

Use the ACTIVITY level of the MAP to provide a screen display, updated each minute, of the following switch status areas:

- amount of traffic that is being handled by the office
- percentage of CPU occupancy for various classes of system activities
- grade of service for various queues in the system
- measurements indicating overload protection and dial tone speed

Accessing the ACTIVITY level

To access the ACTIVITY level, enter the following from the CI level: mapci;mtc;activity ↓

ACTIVITY commands

The commands available at the ACTIVITY MAP level are described in this chapter and arranged in alphabetical order. The page number for each command is listed in the following table.

| ACTIVITY commands | | | | |
|-------------------|------|--|--|--|
| Command | Page | | | |
| quit | A-5 | | | |
| start | A-9 | | | |
| stoplog | A-13 | | | |
| strtlog | A-15 | | | |

ACTIVITY menu

The following figure shows the ACTIVITY menu and status display.

| CM | MS | IOD | Net PM | CCS I | NS Trk | s Ext | APPL | , |
|-------------------------------------|----------|------------------|--------------|----------|---------------|------------------|---------|----------|
| • | • | • | • • | • | • • | • | • | |
| LEVEL O Quit 2 Star 3 Strt | t log | Calls/hor 480 | ur LOr: 3 | ig TO | rig Cond 5 | ct Ratio 100% | ToAnn (| 04:14:30 |
| 4 Stop 5 | log | CpOcc | Bkg | For | Maint | Sched | Pre | E |
| 6 7 | | 1% | 78% | 3% | 4% | 13% | 1% | |
| 8 | | OAvgDel | 95%OLim | PAvbDel | 98%PLim | BAvgDel | 95%BLin | n RTrip |
| 10 11 | | 28ms | 75ms | 14ms | 85ms | 32ms | 96ms | 38ms |
| 12 | | OrigDeny | InefDeny | CPLoovfl | CPSuic | CP_Trap | LCMdtsr | LMdtsr |
| 14 | | | | | | | | |
| 16 17 18 | | | | | | | | |

ACTIVITY display codes

The following table describes the display codes for the ACTIVITY screen display.

| Status codes AC | TIVITY menu status display | | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Code | Description | | | |
| Traffic measure | ments | | | |
| These measurem display. | nents are displayed under the first row of headings in the Activity measurement | | | |
| Calls/hour | These are measurements taken every 60 seconds. The resulting number of originated calls is multiplied by 60 to present the information as call attempts per hour. This measurement includes line and trunk originations, OC (Operator Centralization) calls, and RONIO (Remote Operator Number Identification) calls. | | | |
| LOrig | These are the number of line originations per minute. This is the OM NORIG in OM group OFZ and applies to DMS-100 only. | | | |
| TOrig | These are the number of trunk originations per minute. This is the OM NIN in OM group OFZ. | | | |
| -continued- | | | | |

| Status codes ACT | IVITY menu status display (continued) |
|---|---|
| Code | Description |
| Conct Ratio | This is the percentage of completed calls per minute. This measurement in- cludes all calls originating from lines and trunks and terminating on lines and trunks, as well as calls that end up in tone or announcement, but does not in- clude abandons. Because the sampling period is so short, a call may originate in one sample and be completed in the next, with the result that this measure- ment may be slightly less than or more than 100%. |
| ToAnn | The percentage of originating calls from lines or trunks that are terminated on a tone or announcement. The OMs used are ORIGANN, ORIGTONE, INANN, and INTONE, all in OM group OFZ. |
| CPU occupancy r | neasurements |
| These measureme display. They are e | ents are displayed under the second row of headings in the Activity measurement expressed as percentages of total CPU activity at the different process classes. |
| The sum of the per approximately 100 | rcentages displayed under CpOcc, Bkg, For, Maint, Sched, and Pref is %. The Activity tool itself contributes about 1% in the For measurement. |
| COcc | The percentage of CPU usage by call processes and input/output interrupts. |
| Bkg | The percentage of CPU usage for non-guaranteed background processing. |
| For | The percentage of CPU usage for foreground processing (process classes system 6 and system 7). |
| Maint | The percentage of CPU usage for maintenance. For example DTSR, RADR, or network maintenance. |
| Sched | The percentage of CPU usage for clock and scheduler interrupts. This measure- ment is primarily a reflection of system scheduler activity. |
| Pref | The percentage of CPU used by guaranteed background processes. |
| Grade of service | measurements |
| These measureme display. They are of queue, the CCB pr measurements are on waiting times in | ents are displayed under the third row of headings in the Activity measurements derived from data on waiting times in the call condense block (CCB) originating ogress queue, and the non-guaranteed background process queue. Two e presented for each of these queues: average delay (a weighted average based each of the queues) and 95% limit. |
| OAvgDel | The weighted average delay measurement for the CCB originating queue. |
| 95%OLim | The 95% limit for the CCB originating queue. Only 5% of CCB originations had to wait longer than the time displayed. |
| PAvgDel | The weighted average delay measurement for the CCB progress queue. |
| 95%PLim | The 95% limit for the CCB progress queue. |
| BAvgDel | The weighted average delay limit for the background priority queue. |
| 95%BLim | The 95% limit for the background priority queue. |
| RTrip | This measurement applies to local or local/toll offices only. A time-stamped mes- sage is originated from a line module (LM), and the delay for the round trip from the LM to the central control (CC) and back is calculated. |
| | -continued- |

A-4 ACTIVITY level commands

| Status codes AC | FIVITY menu status display (continued) |
|----------------------------|--|
| Code | Description |
| Overload protect | tion and dial tone speed measurements |
| These measurem display. | ents are displayed under the fourth row of headings in the Activity measurement |
| OrigDeny | The number of times an origination was denied immediate service. |
| InefDeny | The number of times an origination was denied because there was a pending abandon. (A pending abandon is when two unsuccessful originations occur on the same line.) |
| CPLoovfl | The number of times an origination was denied a CP letter. |
| CPSuic | The number of call suicides recorded. |
| CPTrap | The number of call traps recorded. |
| LCMdtsr | The number of calls originating on line concentrating modules (LCM) that waited more than three seconds for dial tone. |
| LMdtsr | The percentage of calls originating on line modules (LM) that waited more than three seconds for dial tone. |
| | -end- |

quit

Function

Use the quit command to exit from the current menu level and return to a previous menu level.

| quit command parameters and variables | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | | |
| quit | <u>1</u> all incrname n | | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | | | |
| 1 | This default parameter causes the system to display the next higher MAP level. | | | |
| all | This parameter causes the system to display the CI level from any level. | | | |
| incrname | This variable causes the system to exit the specified level and all sublevels. The system displays the next level higher than the one specified. Values for <i>incrname</i> are menu level names, such as lns, mtc, or mapci. | | | |
| n | This variable identifies a specified number of retreat levels from the current level. The range of retreat levels is 0-6. However, the system cannot accept a level num ber higher than the number of the current level. | | | |

Qualifications

If no duration is set for log generation with the strtlog command, quit turns log generation off.

Examples

The following table provides examples of the quit command.

| Examples of the quit command | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | | | | |
| quit 🔎 | | | | | | |
| | Task: | Exit from the ACTIVITY level to the previous menu level. | | | | |
| | Response: | The display changes to the display of a higher level menu. | | | | |
| | Explanation: The ACTIVITY level has changed to the previous menu level. | | | | | |

quit (continued)

| Examples of the quit command (continued) | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | | | |
| quit mtc . where | Ц | | | | |
| mtc | specifies the level | higher than the ACTIVITY level to be exited | | | |
| | Task:Return to the MAPCI level (one menu level higher than MTC). | | | | |
| | Response: The display changes to the MAPCI menu display: | | | | |
| | MAPCI: | | | | |
| | Explanation: | The ACTIVITY level has returned to the MAPCI level. | | | |
| | | -end- | | | |

Responses

The following table provides an explanation of the responses to the quit command.

| Responses for the quit command | | | |
|---|-------------|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action | |
| CI: | | | |
| | Meaning: | The system exited all MAP menu levels and returned to the CI level. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| QUIT Unable to quit requested number of levels Last parameter evaluated was: 1 | | | |
| | Meaning: | You entered an invalid level number. The number you entered exceeds the number of MAP levels from which to quit. | |
| | Action: | Reenter the command using an appropriate level number. | |
| The system rep | laces the A | CTIVITY level menu with a menu that is two or more levels higher. | |
| | Meaning: | You entered the quit command with an <i>n</i> variable value of 2 or more or an <i>incrname</i> variable value corresponding to two or more levels higher. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| -continued- | | | |

quit (end)

Responses for the quit command (continued)

MAP output Meaning and action

The system replaces the display of the ACTIVITY level with the display of the next higher MAP level.

Meaning: The system exited to the next higher MAP level.

Action: None

-end-

start

Function

Use the start command to restart the timer and initialize the activity display and logs.

| start command parameters and variables | | | | |
|--|--|----|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | | |
| start | <i>duration</i> forever | | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | | | |
| duration | This variable specifies the duration of the activity display in minutes and has a ran of 16-510. | je | | |
| forever | This parameter causes the activity display to run indefinitely until a quit command is entered or mismatch occurs. The word forever is displayed in the timer location | | | |

Qualifications

The start command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions, and limitations:

- Logs will be turned off again when the quit command is entered unless a duration is specified.
- Restarting the timer affects everyone who is using the activity tool when the command is entered.

Example

The following table provides an example of the start command.

start (continued)

| Example of th | e start comma | nd | | | | | |
|---------------|-------------------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------|
| Example | Task, respo | nse, and ex | planation | | | | |
| start .J | | | | | | | |
| | Task: | Start the | timer and ini | tialize the a | ctivity displa | y. | |
| | Response: Calls/hou | ır LOr: | ig TO: | rig Con | ct Ratio | ToAnn (| 04:14:30 |
| | 480 | 3 | | 5 | 100% | | |
| | CpOcc | Bkg | For | Maint | Sched | Pref | Ē |
| | 1% | 78% | 3% | 4% | 13% | 18 | |
| | OAvgDel | 95%OLim | PAvbDel | 98%PLim | BAvgDel | 95%BLin | n RTrip |
| | 28ms | 75ms | 14ms | 85ms | 32ms | 96ms | 38ms |
| | OrigDeny | InefDeny | CPLoovfl | CPSuic | CPRtrap | LCMdtsr | LMdtsr |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Explanation: | Activity di | isplay begins | s as well as | LOG genera | ation. | |

Response

The following table provides an explanation of the response to the start command.

start (end)

| Responses for the start command | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------|---------------------|---------------|----------|---------|----------|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | | | | | | |
| Calls/how | ur LOr: | ig TO: | rig Cond | ct Ratio | ToAnn | 04:14:30 | |
| 480 | 3 | ! | ō | 100% | | | |
| Cp0cc | Bkg | For | Maint | Sched | Pre | ef | |
| 1% | 78% | 3% | 4% | 13% | 18 | 5 | |
| OAvgDel | 95%OLim | PAvbDel | 98%PLim | BAvgDel | 95%BLi | im RTrip | |
| 28ms | 75ms | 14ms | 85ms | 32ms | 96ms | 38ms | |
| OrigDeny | InefDeny | CPLoovfl | CPSuic | CPRtrap | LCMdtsr | r LMdtsr | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Meanin | g: Beginning | g of activity | display | | | |
| | Action | None | | | | | |

Function

Use the stoplog command to turn activity logs generation off.

| stoplog command parameters and variables | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | | |
| stoplog | There are no parameters or variables. | | | |

Qualifications

The stoplog command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions, and limitations:

- If a log has been started, it is not completed.
- The activity measurements display continues to be updated.
- This command affects everyone who is using the activity when the command is entered.

Example

The following table provides an example of the stoplog command.

| Example of the stoplog command | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | | | | | |
| stoplog | | | | | | | |
| | Task: Turn activity logs generation off. | | | | | | |
| | Response: | Logs stopped | | | | | |
| | Explanation: | Log generation has been stopped. | | | | | |

stoplog (end)

Response

The following table provides an explanation of the response to the stoplog command.

| Responses for the stoplog command | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|------|--|--|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | | | | |
| Logs stopped. | | | | | | |
| | Meaning: Log generation has been stopped. | | | | | |
| | Action: | None | | | | |

strtlog

Function

Use the strtlog command to initialize the activity display and log generation and to set a duration for log generation.

| strtlog command parameters and variables | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | | | | |
| strtlog | <i>duration</i> forever | | | | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | | | | | |
| duration | This variable specifies the duration of log generation and activity display in minute and has a range of 16-510. | | | | | |
| forever | This parameter causes log generation to run indefinitely until a stoplog or mismatc occurs. The word forever is displayed in the timer location. | | | | | |

Qualifications

Restarting the timer affects everyone who is using the activity tool when the command is entered.

Example

The following table provides an example of the strtlog command.

strtlog (continued)

| Example of th | e strtlog comn | nand | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|----------|
| Example | Task, respo | nse, and ex | planation | | | | |
| strtlog 60 ₊ where | | | | | | | |
| 60 is | the duration in | minutes for | log generatio | on. | | | |
| | Task: | Initialize t | he activity di | splay and g | generate logs | for 60 min | utes. |
| | Response: Do you wi Please co | ixh for tl onfirm (") | ne logs to YES" OR "1 | o be lef NO"): | t on afte: | r quittir | ıg? |
| | >no | | | | | | |
| | Calls/ho | ur LOr: | ig TO: | rig Con | ct Ratio | ToAnn (|)4:14:30 |
| | 480 | 3 | ! | 5 | 100% | | |
| | CpOcc | Bkg | For | Maint | Sched | Pref | - |
| | 1% | 78% | 3% | 4% | 13% | 1% | |
| | OAvgDel | 95%OLim | PAvbDel | 98%PLim | BAvgDel | 95%BLin | n RTrip |
| | 28ms | 75ms | 14ms | 85ms | 32ms | 96ms | 38ms |
| | OrigDeny | InefDeny | CPLoovfl | CPSuic | CPRtrap | LCMdtsr | LMdtsr |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Explanation: | Activity di | splay begins | as well as | LOG genera | ition. | |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the strtlog command.

| Responses for the strtlog command | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | | | | | |
| Do you wixh for the logs to be left on after quitting? Please confirm ("YES" OR "NO"): | | | | | | | |
| Meaning: This is the response to a strtlog command. | | | | | | | |
| | Action: Enter yes to continue generating logs or no to end logs. | | | | | | |

strtlog (end)

| Responses for the strtlog command (continued) MAP output Meaning and action | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Do you wixh for the logs to be left on after quitting? Please confirm ("YES" OR "NO"): | | | | | | | |
| >no | | | | | | | |
| Calls/hour LOrig TOrig Conct Ratio ToAnn 04:14:30 | | | | | | | |
| 480 3 5 100% | | | | | | | |
| CpOcc Bkg For Maint Sched Pref | | | | | | | |
| 1% 78% 3% 4% 13% 1% | | | | | | | |
| OAvgDel 95%OLim PAvbDel 98%PLim BAvgDel 95%BLim RTrip | | | | | | | |
| 28ms 75ms 14ms 85ms 32ms 96ms 38ms | | | | | | | |
| OrigDeny InefDeny CPLoovfl CPSuic CPRtrap LCMdtsr LMdtsr | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Meaning: Activity display initiated by strtlog command. | | | | | | | |
| Action: None | | | | | | | |
| -end- | | | | | | | |

ALT level commands

Use the ALT level of the MAP to perform automatic line testing (ALT) tests on subscriber lines without manual intervention by maintenance personnel. The ALT tests consist of the following:

- extended diagnostics (DIAG)
- short diagnostics (SDIAG)
- on-hook balance network (BAL)
- line insulation (LIT)
- circuit test (CKTTST)

Once the test parameters are defined, the system starts the specified tests at scheduled times.

Accessing the ALT level

To access the ALT level, enter the following from the CI level: mapci;mtc;lns;alt

ALT commands

The commands available at the ALT MAP level are described in this chapter and arranged in alphabetical order. The page number for each command is listed in the following table.

| Command | Page |
|-------------|------|
| altinfo | A-23 |
| bal | A-29 |
| ckttst | A-31 |
| diag | A-35 |
| lit | A-37 |
| post | A-39 |
| -continued- | |

| Command | Page |
|---------|------|
| quit | A-41 |
| sdiag | A-45 |
| -end | j- |

ALT menu

The following figure shows the ALT menu and status display.

| | CM CM FLT M | MS Clock M | IOD NO AMA *C* | Net • | РМ 50 ТРС *C* | CCS 5 RSC *C* | LNS • | Trks 14 CC *C* | Ext 1Crit *C* | APP No I | L BS+ |
|--|--|------------------|----------------------|----------|---------------------|---------------------|----------|----------------------|---------------------|-------------|----------|
| ALT 0 QU 2 Pc 3 AI 4 5 6 7 SI 8 Di 9 LI 10 BA 11 Ck 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 | uit_ ost_ LTInfo_ Diag_ Lag_ LT_ AL_ ctTst_ | | | | | | | | | | |

Common responses

The following table provides explanations of the common responses to the ALT commands. These responses will be produced by many of the commands under the ALT level. This table will be referred to from the individual command descriptions to which it pertains.

| Common responses for the ALT commands | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | | | | | | |
| "MANUAL" IS | NOT ALLOWED AS PART OF TESTID | | | | | | | |
| | Meaning: The word manual is not allowed as the test identifier (TESTID). | | | | | | | |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | | | | | | |
| TABLE ALTSC | HED IS E | MPTY | | | | | | |
| | Meaning | : There are no TESTIDs stored in memory. | | | | | | |
| | Action: | None | | | | | | |
| TESTID IS 6 | TO 12 C | HARACTERS | | | | | | |
| | Meaning | : You have entered a TESTID that is too short or too long. | | | | | | |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID. Reenter the command. | | | | | | |
| THE COMMAND QUIT THE <a< td=""><td>ENTERED LT suble</td><td>CAN ONLY BE USED IN THE ALT LEVEL. vel> LEVEL FIRST.</td></a<> | ENTERED LT suble | CAN ONLY BE USED IN THE ALT LEVEL. vel> LEVEL FIRST. | | | | | | |
| | Meaning | Meaning: You can use the command only from the main ALT level. | | | | | | |
| | Action: | Quit from the ALT sublevel indicated by <alt sublevel="">. Reenter the command.</alt> | | | | | | |
| THE TEST TY | PE OF TH | E GIVEN TESTID IS NOT VALID FOR THIS LEVEL | | | | | | |
| | Meaning | : The TESTID you entered does not correspond to a test. | | | | | | |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID and reenter the command. Or, use the post command to post the TESTID. Posting the TESTID will bring you to the appropriate ALT sublevel associated with the TESTID. | | | | | | |
| THE TESTID | IS NOT I | N TABLE ALTSCHED | | | | | | |
| | Meaning | The TESTID you entered is not stored in memory. | | | | | | |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID. Reenter the command. | | | | | | |
| | | -continued- | | | | | | |

| Common responses for the ALT commands (continued) | | |
|---|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| THIS MAP HAS MANUAL ALT DEFINED OR RUNNING. USE <alt level=""> TO POST THE MANUAL TESTID FOR THIS MAP.</alt> | | |
| Meaning: You entered the command while a manual alt is set up. Nothing can be posted until the manual TESTID is removed. | | |
| Action: Go to the ALT level indicated by <alt level=""> and remove the manual TESTID data.</alt> | | |
| -end- | | |

altinfo

Function

Use the altinfo command to check the following test data stored in memory (table ALTSCHED):

- a list of all TESTIDs and their corresponding status for each level of ALT (this is the default)
- a list of all tests that apply to a specific line equipment number (LEN)
- a list of all TESTIDs and their corresponding status for a specific ALT level

| altinfo command | altinfo command parameters and variables | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|--|
| Command Pa | ameters and variables | | |
| altinfo <u>a</u> [te | st string | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | | |
| <u>all</u> | When you enter the altinfo command without parameters or variables, the system automatically displays a list of all TESTIDs and their corresponding status. | | |
| len | This parameter indicates that a LEN will be specified. | | |
| string | This variable specifies the line equipment number in the following form: site ff u dd cc Where: | | |
| | site is the site of the equipment | | |
| | ff is the frame number, ranging from 0-511 | | |
| | u is the unit number, ranging from 0-9 | | |
| | dd is the drawer number, ranging from 0-31 | | |
| | cc is the circuit number, ranging from 0-99 | | |
| test | This variable specifies the ALT sublevel test to display information for. The sublevels are bal, ckttst, diag, lit, and sdiag. | | |

Qualifications

None

altinfo (continued)

Examples

The following table provides examples of the altinfo command.

| Examples of the altinfo command | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Example | Task, respons | se, and explan | ation | |
| altinfo | | | | |
| | Task: | Display all TE | STIDs and their corresponding | status. |
| | Response: | | | |
| | ALTInfo All TESTIDs TESTIDs for | in table A SDIAG | LTSCHED Status | |
| | x x x | a a | | |
| | х | a | | |
| | TESTIDs for | DIAG | Status | |
| | x | a | | |
| | x | a | | |
| | TESTIDs for | LIT | Status | |
| | x | a | | |
| | TESTIDs for | BAL | Status | |
| | x | a | | |
| | TESTIDs for | CKTTST | Status | |
| | x | a | | |
| | Explanation: | The system di ALT sublevel. | splays a list of all TESTIDs and | d their status for each |
| -continued- | | | | |

altinfo (continued)

| Examples of the altinfo command (continued) | | | | |
|--|------------------|---|--|-------------------------------|
| Example | Task, respons | se, and explanation | | |
| altinfo diag | اہ ا | | | |
| diag s | pecifies the ALT | level test. | | |
| | Task: | Display a list of all T DIAG test. | ESTIDs and their co | rresponding status for a |
| | Response: | ALTInfo DIAG DIAG tests in A TESTID | LTSCHED Status | |
| | | LNMTCJOHN LNMTCGENERAL SPECIALTEST NEWLCDS | Stopped Inactive Active Active with | faults |
| | Explanation: | The system displays status for a DIAG test | a list of all TESTIDs st. | and their corresponding |
| altinfo len h where | nost 0 0 19 31 | ب ا | | |
| lenspecifies that a specific line equipment number (LEN) will followhostthis part of the len specifies the site00191931this part of the len specifies a frame number (0), a unit number (0), a drawer number(19) and a circuit number (31) | | | low ber (0), a drawer number | |
| | Task: | Display a list of all te | ests that apply to len | host 0 0 19 31. |
| | Response: | ALTINÍO hOST O ALTSCHED tests TESTID Sta | 0 19 31 for host 0 0 19 tus |) 31 Test |
| | | x a x a x a x a x a x a | | z z z z z |
| | Explanation: | The system displays | a list of all tests per | taining to the specified len. |
| | | -end- | | |

altinfo (continued)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the altinfo command.

| Responses for the altinfo command | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | |
| active | | | |
| | Meaning: | This TESTID status condition appears when the test is currently running and no problems exist. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| active with | faults | | |
| | Meaning: | This TESTID status condition appears when the test is currently running but one or more test streams have a problem; for example, faulty test equipment. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| Inactive | | | |
| | Meaning: | This TESTID status condition appears when the TESTID is ready to run at the next scheduled time. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| Inactive ove | erridden | | |
| | Meaning: | This TESTID status condition appears when the ovrride command has applied override on the TESTID. The TESTID remains in this state until the override day and time has passed. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| Inactive with faults | | | |
| | Meaning: | This TESTID status condition appears when the TESTID is ready to run at the next scheduled time span. The last run either had faulty equipment or connections. One or more streams were held or suspended. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| -continued- | | | |

altinfo (end)

| Responses for the altinfo command (continued) | | |
|---|--------------------|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| LTP interru | pt | |
| | Meaning: | This TESTID status condition appears when the test is currently running but one or more test streams have been interrupted to allow an LTP to use a metallic connection. |
| | Action: | None |
| stopped | | |
| | Meaning: | This TESTID status condition appears when the TESTID is stopped. |
| | Action: | None |
| | | -end- |

Function

Use the bal command to access the BAL sublevel of ALT.

| bal command parameters and variables | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | |
| bal | testid | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | | |
| testid | This variable specifies the test identifier consisting of a 6-12 character alphanumeric string. | | |

Qualifications

If a TESTID is not entered as a parameter, a new TESTID must be defined with the defman or defschd command.

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the bal command.

| Responses for the bal command | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | |
| "MANUAL" IS | NOT ALLOWED AS PART OF TESTID | | |
| | Meaning: The word manual is not allowed as the TESTID. | | |
| | Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | | |
| TABLE ALTSCHED IS EMPTY | | | |
| | Meaning: There are no TESTIDs stored in memory. | | |
| | Action: None | | |
| -continued- | | | |

bal

bal (end)

| Responses for the bal command (continued) | | | |
|--|---------------------|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action | |
| TESTID IS 6 | TO 12 C | HARACTERS | |
| | Meaning | The TESTID entered was too short or too long. | |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | |
| THE COMMAND QUIT THE <a< th=""><th>ENTERED LT suble</th><th>CAN ONLY BE USED IN THE ALT LEVEL. vel> LEVEL FIRST.</th></a<> | ENTERED LT suble | CAN ONLY BE USED IN THE ALT LEVEL. vel> LEVEL FIRST. | |
| | Meaning | You can use the bal command only from the main ALT level. | |
| | Action: | Quit from the ALT sublevel indicated by <alt sublevel="">. Reenter the bal command.</alt> | |
| THE TEST TY | PE OF TH | E GIVEN TESTID IS NOT VALID FOR THIS LEVEL | |
| | Meaning | The TESTID you entered does not correspond to an bal test. | |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID and reenter the command. Or, use the post command to post the TESTID. Posting the TESTID will bring you to the appropriate ALT sublevel associated with the TESTID. | |
| THE TESTID | IS NOT I | N TABLE ALTSCHED | |
| | Meaning | The TESTID you entered is not stored in memory. | |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | |
| THIS MAP HAS MANUAL ALT DEFINED OR RUNNING. USE <alt sublevel=""> TO POST THE MANUAL TESTID FOR THIS MAP.</alt> | | | |
| | Meaning | You entered the bal command while a manual ALT was set up. Nothing can be posted until the manual TESTID is removed. | |
| | Action: | Go to the ALT sublevel indicated by <alt sublevel=""> and remove the manual TESTID data.</alt> | |
| | | -end- | |

ckttst

Function

Use the ckttst command to exit from the current menu level and return to a previous menu level.

| ckttst comma | nd parameters and variables |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Command | Parameters and variables |
| ckttst | <u>1</u> all incrname n |
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| 1 | This default parameter causes the system to display the next higher MAP level. |
| all | This parameter causes the system to display the CI level from any level. |
| incrname | This variable causes the system to exit the specified level and all sublevels. The system displays the next level higher than the one specified. Values for <i>incrname</i> are menu level names, such as lns, mapci, or mtc. |
| n | This variable identifies a specified number of retreat levels from the current level. The range of retreat levels is 0-6. However, the system cannot accept a level number higher than the number of the current level. |

Qualifications

None

Examples

The following table provides examples of the ckttst command.

| Examples of the ckttst command | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | |
| ckttst | | | |
| | Task: | Exit from the ALT level to the previous menu level. | |
| | Response: | The display changes to the display of a higher level menu. | |
| | Explanation: | The ALT level has changed to the previous menu level. | |
| -continued- | | | |

ckttst (continued)

| Examples o | Examples of the ckttst command (continued) | | |
|---------------------|--|---|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | |
| ckttst mtc where | Ļ | | |
| mtc | mtc specifies the level higher than the ALT level to be exited | | |
| | Task: | Return to the MAPCI level (one menu level higher than MTC). | |
| | Response: | The display changes to the MAPCI menu display: | |
| | | MAPCI: | |
| | Explanation: | The ALT level has returned to the MAPCI level. | |
| -end- | | | |

Responses

The following table provides an explanation of the responses to the ckttst command.

| Responses for the ckttst command | | |
|---|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| CI: | | |
| | Meaning: The system exited all MAP menu levels and returned to the CI level. | |
| | Action: None | |
| QUIT Unable to quit requested number of levels Last parameter evaluated was: 1 | | |
| | Meaning: You entered an invalid level number. The number you entered exceeds the number of MAP levels from which to quit. | |
| | Action: Reenter the command using an appropriate level number. | |
| The system replaces the ALT level menu with a menu that is two or more levels higher. | | |
| | Meaning: You entered the quit command with an <i>n</i> variable value of 2 or more or an <i>incrname</i> variable value corresponding to 2 or more levels higher. | |
| | Action: None | |
| -continued- | | |

ckttst (end)

Responses for the ckttst command (continued)

MAP output Meaning and action

The system replaces the display of the ALT level with the display of the next higher MAP level.

Meaning: The system exited to the next higher MAP level.

Action: None

-end-
diag

Function

Use the diag command to access the DIAG sublevel of ALT.

| diag command parameters and variables | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| diag | testid | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| testid | This variable specifies the test identifier consisting of a 6-12 character alphanumeric string. | |

Qualification

If a TESTID is not entered as a parameter, a new TESTID must be defined with the defman or defschd command.

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the diag command.

| Responses for the diag command | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| "MANUAL" IS | NOT ALLOWED AS PART OF TESTID | |
| | Meaning: The word manual is not allowed as the TESTID. | |
| | Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | |
| TABLE ALTSCHED IS EMPTY | | |
| | Meaning: There are no TESTIDs stored in memory. | |
| | Action: None | |
| | -continued- | |

diag (end)

| Responses for the diag command (continued) | | |
|---|---------------------|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action |
| TESTID IS 6 | TO 12 C | HARACTERS |
| | Meaning: | The TESTID entered was too short or too long. |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. |
| THE COMMAND QUIT THE <a< th=""><th>ENTERED LT suble</th><th>CAN ONLY BE USED IN THE ALT LEVEL. vel> LEVEL FIRST.</th></a<> | ENTERED LT suble | CAN ONLY BE USED IN THE ALT LEVEL. vel> LEVEL FIRST. |
| | Meaning: | You can use the diag command only from the main ALT level. |
| | Action: | Quit from the ALT sublevel indicated by <alt sublevel="">. Reenter the diag command.</alt> |
| THE TEST TY | PE OF TH | E GIVEN TESTID IS NOT VALID FOR THIS LEVEL |
| | Meaning: | The TESTID you entered does not correspond to an diag test. |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID and reenter the command. Or, use the post command to post the TESTID. Posting the TESTID will bring you to the appropriate ALT sublevel associated with the TESTID. |
| THE TESTID | IS NOT I | N TABLE ALTSCHED |
| | Meaning: | The TESTID you entered is not stored in memory. |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. |
| THIS MAP HAS USE <alt sul<="" th=""><th>S MANUAL blevel></th><th>ALT DEFINED OR RUNNING. TO POST THE MANUAL TESTID FOR THIS MAP.</th></alt> | S MANUAL blevel> | ALT DEFINED OR RUNNING. TO POST THE MANUAL TESTID FOR THIS MAP. |
| | Meaning: | You entered the diag command while a manual ALT was set up. Nothing can be posted until the manual TESTID is removed. |
| | Action: | Go to the ALT sublevel indicated by <alt sublevel=""> and remove the manual TESTID data.</alt> |
| | | -end- |

Function

Use the lit command to access the LIT sublevel of ALT.

| lit command parameters and variables | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| lit | testid | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| testid | This variable specifies the test identifier consisting of a 6-12 character alphanumeric string. | |

Qualifications

If a TESTID is not entered as a parameter, a new TESTID must be defined with the defman or defsched command.

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the lit command.

| Responses for the lit command | | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| "MANUAL" IS | NOT ALLOWED AS PART OF TESTID | |
| | Meaning: The word manual is not allowed as the TESTID. | |
| | Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | |
| TABLE ALTSCHED IS EMPTY | | |
| | Meaning: There are no TESTIDs stored in memory. | |
| | Action: None | |
| | -continued- | |

lit

lit (end)

| Responses for the lit command (continued) | | |
|---|---------------------|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action |
| TESTID IS 6 | TO 12 C | HARACTERS |
| | Meaning | The TESTID entered was too short or too long. |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. |
| THE COMMAND QUIT THE <a< th=""><th>ENTERED LT suble</th><th>CAN ONLY BE USED IN THE ALT LEVEL. vel> LEVEL FIRST.</th></a<> | ENTERED LT suble | CAN ONLY BE USED IN THE ALT LEVEL. vel> LEVEL FIRST. |
| | Meaning | You can use the lit command only from the main ALT level. |
| | Action: | Quit from the ALT sublevel indicated by <alt sublevel="">. Reenter the lit command.</alt> |
| THE TEST TY | PE OF TH | E GIVEN TESTID IS NOT VALID FOR THIS LEVEL |
| | Meaning | The TESTID you entered does not correspond to an lit test. |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID and reenter the command. Or, use the post command to post the TESTID. Posting the TESTID will bring you to the appropriate ALT sublevel associated with the TESTID. |
| THE TESTID | IS NOT I | N TABLE ALTSCHED |
| | Meaning | The TESTID you entered is not stored in memory. |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. |
| THIS MAP HA USE <alt su<="" th=""><th>S MANUAL blevel></th><th>ALT DEFINED OR RUNNING. TO POST THE MANUAL TESTID FOR THIS MAP.</th></alt> | S MANUAL blevel> | ALT DEFINED OR RUNNING. TO POST THE MANUAL TESTID FOR THIS MAP. |
| | Meaning | You entered the lit command while a manual ALT was set up. Nothing can be posted until the manual TESTID is removed. |
| | Action: | Go to the ALT sublevel indicated by <alt sublevel=""> and remove the manual TESTID data.</alt> |
| | | -end- |

post

Function

Use the post command to select for action the scheduled ALT TESTID that is stored in memory.

| post command parameters and variables | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| post | testid | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| testid | This variable specifies the test identifier consisting of a 6-12 character alphanumeric string. | |

Qualifications

None

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

Refer to the common responses table in the beginning of this chapter for responses common to ALT commands.

quit

Function

Use the quit command to exit from the current menu level and return to a previous menu level.

| quit command parameters and variables | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| quit | <u>1</u> all incrname n | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| 1 | This default parameter causes the system to display the next higher MAP level. | |
| all | This parameter causes the system to display the CI level from any level. | |
| incrname | This variable causes the system to exit the specified level and all sublevels. The system displays the next level higher than the one specified. Values for <i>incrname</i> are menu level names, such as lns, mtc, or mapci. | |
| n | This variable identifies a specified number of retreat levels from the current level. The range of retreat levels is 0-6. However, the system cannot accept a level number higher than the number of the current level. | |

Qualifications

None

Examples

The following table provides examples of the quit command.

| Examples of the quit command | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | |
| quit ₊ | | | |
| | Task: | Exit from the ALT level to the previous menu level. | |
| | Response: | The display changes to the display of a higher level menu. | |
| | Explanation: | The ALT level has changed to the previous menu level. | |
| | | -continued- | |

quit (continued)

| Examples of | Examples of the quit command (continued) | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | |
| quit mtc where | لم | | |
| mtc specifies the level higher than the ALT level to be exited | | | |
| | Task: | Return to the MAPCI level (one menu level higher than MTC). | |
| | Response: | The display changes to the MAPCI menu display: | |
| | | MAPCI: | |
| | Explanation: | The ALT level has returned to the MAPCI level. | |
| | | -end- | |

Responses

The following table provides an explanation of the responses to the quit command.

| Responses for the quit command | | |
|---|---|------------------|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| CI: | | |
| | Meaning: The system exited all MAP menu levels and returned to the CI lev | el. |
| | Action: None | |
| QUIT Unable to quit requested number of levels Last parameter evaluated was: 1 | | |
| | Meaning: You entered an invalid level number. The number you entered ex the number of MAP levels from which to quit. | ceeds |
| | Action: Reenter the command using an appropriate level number. | |
| The system replaces the ALT level menu with a menu that is two or more levels higher. | | |
| | Meaning: You entered the quit command with an <i>n</i> variable value of 2 or more an <i>incrname</i> variable value corresponding to two or more levels h | ore or igher. |
| | Action: None | |
| | -continued- | |

quit (end)

Responses for the quit command (continued)

MAP output Meaning and action

The system replaces the display of the ALT level with the display of the next higher MAP level.

Meaning: The system exited to the next higher MAP level.

Action: None

-end-

Function

Use the sdiag command to access the SDIAG sublevel of ALT.

| sdiag command parameters and variables | | |
|--|---|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| sdiag | testid | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| testid | This variable specifies the test identifier consisting of a 6-12 character alphanumeric string. | |

Qualifications

If a TESTID is not entered as a parameter, a new TESTID must be defined with the defman or defschd command.

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the sdiag command.

| Responses for the sdiag command | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| "MANUAL" IS | NOT ALLOWED AS PART OF TESTID | |
| | Meaning: The word manual is not allowed as the TESTID. | |
| | Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | |
| TABLE ALTSCHED IS EMPTY | | |
| | Meaning: There are no TESTIDs stored in memory. | |
| | Action: None | |
| -continued- | | |

sdiag (end)

| Responses for the sdiag command (continued) | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning a | and action | |
| TESTID IS 6 | TO 12 C | HARACTERS | |
| | Meaning: | The TESTID entered was too short or too long. | |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | |
| THE COMMAND QUIT THE <a< th=""><th>ENTERED LT suble</th><th>CAN ONLY BE USED IN THE ALT LEVEL. vel> LEVEL FIRST.</th></a<> | ENTERED LT suble | CAN ONLY BE USED IN THE ALT LEVEL. vel> LEVEL FIRST. | |
| | Meaning: | You can use the sdiag command only from the main ALT level. | |
| | Action: | Quit from the ALT sublevel indicated by <alt sublevel="">. Reenter the sdiag command.</alt> | |
| THE TEST TY | PE OF TH | E GIVEN TESTID IS NOT VALID FOR THIS LEVEL | |
| | Meaning: | The TESTID you entered does not correspond to an sdiag test. | |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID and reenter the command. Or, use the post command to post the TESTID. Posting the TESTID will bring you to the appropriate ALT sublevel associated with the TESTID. | |
| THE TESTID | IS NOT II | N TABLE ALTSCHED | |
| | Meaning: | The TESTID you entered is not stored in memory. | |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | |
| THIS MAP HAS USE <alt su<="" th=""><th colspan="3">THIS MAP HAS MANUAL ALT DEFINED OR RUNNING. USE <alt sublevel=""> TO POST THE MANUAL TESTID FOR THIS MAP.</alt></th></alt> | THIS MAP HAS MANUAL ALT DEFINED OR RUNNING. USE <alt sublevel=""> TO POST THE MANUAL TESTID FOR THIS MAP.</alt> | | |
| | Meaning: | You entered the sdiag command while a manual ALT was set up. Nothing can be posted until the manual TESTID is removed. | |
| | Action: | Go to the ALT sublevel indicated by <alt sublevel=""> and remove the manual TESTID data.</alt> | |
| | | -end- | |

ALTBAL level commands

Use the ALTBAL level of the MAP to perform on-hook balance network tests on the ALT.

Accessing the ALTBAL level

To access the ALTBAL level, enter the following from the CI level: mapci;mtc;lns;alt;bal ...

ALTBAL commands

The commands available at the ALTBAL MAP level are described in this chapter and arranged in alphabetical order. The page number for each command is listed in the following table.

| Command | Page |
|---------|------|
| define | A-51 |
| defman | A-61 |
| defschd | A-63 |
| ovrride | A-65 |
| post | A-69 |
| quit | A-71 |
| remove | A-75 |
| start | A-77 |
| status | A-81 |
| stop | A-85 |
| submit | A-87 |

ALTBAL menu

The following figure shows the ALTBAL menu and status display.

IOD Net PM CCS LNS Trks Ext CM MS APPL CM FLT SysB 210COS 2PAIR 1LCM 2 RSC . 48CC. . ACBLNK M M M *C* *C* *C* *C* ALTBAL TESTID: 0 Quit Status: 2 Post_ Linetype: STARTLEN ENDLEN 3 4 Start 5 Stop 6 Remove 7 Define_ TOTAL 8 Submit CURRENT 9 PASS FAIL N/A TOTAL 9 11 DefMAN cont 12 ct MON TUE WED THU FRI SAT SUN 12 start 13 DefSCHD_ stop 14 15 Status_ 16 17 OVRride 18

Common responses

The following table provides explanations of the common responses to the ALTBAL commands. These responses will be produced by many of the commands under the ALTBAL level. This table will be referred to from the individual command descriptions to which it pertains.

| Common responses for the ALTBAL commands | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | |
| "MANUAL" IS | NOT ALLOWED AS PART OF TESTID | | |
| | Meaning: The word manual is not allowed as the test identifier (TESTID). | | |
| | Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | | |
| -continued- | | | |
| | | | |

| Common responses for the ALTBAL commands (continued) | | |
|---|---------------------|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| TABLE ALTSC | HED IS E | MPTY |
| | Meaning | There are no TESTIDs stored in memory. |
| | Action: | None |
| TESTID IS 6 | TO 12 C | HARACTERS |
| | Meaning | : You have entered a TESTID that is too short or too long. |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID. Reenter the command. |
| THE COMMAND QUIT THE <a< td=""><td>ENTERED LT suble</td><td>CAN ONLY BE USED IN THE ALT LEVEL. evel> LEVEL FIRST.</td></a<> | ENTERED LT suble | CAN ONLY BE USED IN THE ALT LEVEL. evel> LEVEL FIRST. |
| | Meaning | : You can use the command only from the main ALT level. |
| | Action: | Quit from the ALT sublevel indicated by <alt sublevel="">. Reenter the command.</alt> |
| THE TEST TY | PE OF TH | E GIVEN TESTID IS NOT VALID FOR THIS LEVEL |
| | Meaning | The TESTID you entered does not correspond to a test. |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID and reenter the command. Or, use the post command to post the TESTID. Posting the TESTID will bring you to the appropriate ALT sublevel associated with the TESTID. |
| THE TESTID | IS NOT I | N TABLE ALTSCHED |
| | Meaning | The TESTID you entered is not stored in memory. |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID. Reenter the command. |
| THIS MAP HA USE <alt le<="" td=""><td>S MANUAL</td><td>ALT DEFINED OR RUNNING. POST THE MANUAL TESTID FOR THIS MAP.</td></alt> | S MANUAL | ALT DEFINED OR RUNNING. POST THE MANUAL TESTID FOR THIS MAP. |
| | Meaning | You entered the command while a manual alt is set up. Nothing can be posted until the manual TESTID is removed. |
| | Action: | Go to the ALT level indicated by <alt level=""> and remove the manual TESTID data.</alt> |
| | | -end- |

define

Function

Use the define command to specify test data for the specified TESTID.

| define command parameters and variables | | |
|---|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| define | extension testid startlen string endlen string time start stop emf [emfdcv] volts emfacv]] tg rg tr resvalue [tg] mct lct] | |
| | rg _tr | |
| | linetype standard isdn all | |
| | cap thresh nummsg number service voice data | |
| | location terminal linecard comm | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| all | This variable represents all line types to be tested in the automatic line testing keyset line circuit test (ALTCKTTST) and automatic line testing line insulation test (ALTLIT) levels. | |
| сар | This parameter specifies that the capacitance test is to be performed (default threshold = 0.1 microfarad). | |
| | -continued- | |

| define command parameters and variables (continued) | | |
|---|---|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| comm | This parameter requests the commissioning test to be performed. This test can only be performed if the ALTNOPT module is in the software load. Entering this parameter performs a ring test and performs a dial tone test for line cards that have a directory number assigned. | |
| emf | This parameter specifies that the electromotive force test is to be performed at the default values (EMFACV = 2 volts; EMFDCV = 2 volts). | |
| emfacv | This parameter prepares to change the default value for the EMFAC voltage. | |
| emfdcv | This parameter prepares to change the default value for the EMFDC voltage. | |
| endlen | This parameter prepares to identify the last line in the block of lines to be tested. | |
| extension | This parameter prepares to specify the TESTID of a previously defined test. | |
| isdn | This variable represents Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) line types to be tested in the ALTCKTTST and ALTLIT levels. | |
| lct | This variable specifies the least critical resistance threshold in increments of 100 ohms from 1-7500 increments. | |
| linetype | This parameter is the type of line to be tested. The parameter is available for the four-level pulse amplitude modulation (PAM) code with 2 binary to 1 quaternary symbol coding (2B1Q) Integrated Services Digital Network line card (ISLC) and the associated line. Alternate mark inversion (AMI) lines are skipped. This parameter represents the standard line type to be tested in the ALTCKTTST and ALTLIT levels. | |
| location | This parameter prepares to specify where the test is to run, either at the terminal or linecard, where the following occurs: | |
| | linecard-the keyset line circuit test (CKTTST) is run at the linecard. | |
| | terminal-(default) the CKTTST is run at the terminal unless the line is an AIM or an integrated bit error rate test (IBERT). If an AIM or an IBERT, the test is run at the linecard. | |
| mct | This variable specifies the most critical resistance threshold in increments of 100 ohms from 1-7500 increments. | |
| number | This variable specifies the number of messages, from 1-50, to send during the CKTTST. The default is the value contained in office parameter circuit_test_number_messages. | |
| -continued- | | |

| define command parameters and variables (continued) | | |
|---|--|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| nummsg | This parameter prepares to specify the number of messages to be sent during the test. | |
| resvalue | This parameter prepares to change the most and least critical resistance value for the rg, tg, or tr test. | |
| rg | This parameter specifies that a ring to ground resistance test is to be performed at the default values [most critical threshold (mct) = 40k ohms; least critical threshold (lct) = 200k ohms]. | |
| service | This parameter prepares to specify the type of keyset lines on which to run the test either all, data, or voice. The keyset lines are the following: all-(default) all types of keyset lines are tested | |
| | data-data lines, aim lines, and ibert lines are tested | |
| | voice-electronic business set lines are tested | |
| standard | This variable represents the standard line type to be tested in the ALTCKTTST an ALTLIT levels. | |
| start | This variable specifies the day and time when the test will start. The <i>start</i> format is day hh mm where | |
| | day-is the day of the week: mon, tue, wed, thu, fri, sat, or sun | |
| | hh-is the hour of the day from 00-23 | |
| | mm-is the minute of the hour from 00-59 | |
| startlen | This parameter prepares to identify the first line in the block of lines to be tested. | |
| stop | This variable specifies the day and time when the test will stop. The <i>stop</i> format is the same as the <i>start</i> format. | |
| string | This variable is the line equipment number in the following form: site ff u dd cc where | |
| | cc-is the circuit number from 00 to 31 | |
| | dd-is the drawer number from 00 to 31 | |
| | ff-is the frame number from 00 to 99 | |
| | site-is the site of the equipment | |
| | u-is the unit number from 0 to 9 | |
| | -continued- | |

| define command parameters and variables (continued) | | |
|---|--|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| testid | This variable specifies the test identifier consisting of a 6-12 character alphanumeric string used to identify manual and scheduled automatic line tests (ALT). | |
| tg | This parameter specifies that a tip to ground resistance test is to be performed at the default values [most critical threshold (mct) = 40k ohms; least critical threshold (lct) = 200k ohms]. | |
| thresh | This variable specifies the capacitance threshold in increments of 0.001 microfarads from 1-5000 increments. | |
| time | This parameter prepares to identify the schedule for the test. | |
| tr | This parameter specifies that a tip to ring resistance test is to be performed at the default values [most critical threshold (mct) = 40k ohms; least critical threshold (lct) = 200k ohms]. | |
| volts | This variable specifies the voltage limit, from 1-300 volts for EMFDCV and EFMACV. | |
| -end- | | |

Qualifications

The define command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions, and limitations:

- The LIT parameters are valid only at the ALTLIT sublevel.
- The comm option is only available when the ALTNOPT module is loaded in the switch.
- The CKTTST option is only available when the ALTNOPT module is loaded in the switch.
- The comm option applies only to manual TESTIDs and diag TESTIDs.

Example

The following table provides an example of the define command.

| Example of the define command | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | |
| define linetype <i>isdn</i> ₊J | | |
| | Task: | Define the linetype for a posted ISDN bus which connects the network termination 1 (NT1) to the terminal equipment for access to the ISDN (S/T) loop or a 2B1Q loop in the ALTCKTTST and ALTLIT sublevels of ALT. |
| | Response: | The LINETYPE will be updated to ISDN. The location will change to LINECARD. |
| | Explanation: | The linetype is updated to ISDN and the location is changed to linecard. |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the define command.

| Responses for the define command | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------|---|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action |
| COMMISSIONI | NG OPTIC | N IS ONLY ALLOWED ON MANUAL AND DIAG TESTIDS |
| | Meaning | : You entered the define command with the comm parameter for a TESTID that was not associated with a diag or manual test. |
| | Action: | None |
| CONVERSION OF <data> PROBLEM</data> | | |
| | Meaning | The system cannot process the startlen and endlen data (indicated by <a href="https://catasystem.cannot.catasystem.catasyste</th> |
| | Action: | Contact the system support group. |
| -continued- | | |

| Responses for the define command (continued) | | |
|--|---|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| FAILED TO READ FROM | 1 ALTSCHED, <testid></testid> | |
| Meaning | : The system has a problem reading the data for the TESTID indicated in the response. | |
| Action: | Contact the system support group. | |
| <len> INTERNAL DATA</len> | A BAD | |
| Meaning | : The startlen and endlen data cannot be displayed. | |
| Action: | Contact the system support group. | |
| "MANUAL" IS NOT AL | LOWED AS PART OF TESTID | |
| Meaning | : The word manual is not allowed as the TESTID. | |
| Action: | Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | |
| NO STORE HAS BEEN 2 | ALLOCATED FOR MANUAL TEST | |
| Meaning | : If this system response is not accompanied by another response, there is insufficient temporary storage for ALT | |
| Action: | Contact the system support group. | |
| NOTHING IS POSTED I | FOR DEFINING | |
| Meaning | : No TESTID is posted. | |
| Action: | Use the defman or defschd command to create a TESTID. Then post the required TESTID. | |
| OTHER FIELDS HAVE BEEN DEFINED AND THEY ARE NOT COMPATIBLE | | |
| Meaning | : The command string define extension is not compatible with existing data. | |
| Action: | Check the data. Reenter the command. | |
| | -continued- | |

| Responses for the define command (continued) | |
|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning a | nd action |
| PARAMETER <parameter< td=""><td>> NOT VALID FOR EXTENSION TESTS</td></parameter<> | > NOT VALID FOR EXTENSION TESTS |
| Meaning: | The define command could not be entered for an extension test with the parameter indicated by <parameter> (for example, startlen, endlen, or lit).</parameter> |
| Action: | None |
| PARAMETER <parameter< td=""><td>> NOT VALID FOR MANUAL TESTS</td></parameter<> | > NOT VALID FOR MANUAL TESTS |
| Meaning: | The define command could not be entered for a manual TESTID with the parameter indicated by <parameter> (for example, extension or time).</parameter> |
| Action: | None |
| PARAMETER <parameter< td=""><td>> NOT VALID FOR TEST TYPE OF POSTED MAP</td></parameter<> | > NOT VALID FOR TEST TYPE OF POSTED MAP |
| Meaning: | The parameters you entered do not apply to the current ALT sublevel. |
| Action: | Enter the data that corresponds to the current sublevel. |
| POSTED TESTID IS SUB | BMITTED OR STARTED ALREADY |
| Meaning: | The test data for the specified TESTID is already defined. |
| Action: | None |
| <reason> NO STORE HAS BEEN AL</reason> | LOCATED FOR MANUAL TEST. |
| Meaning: | There is insufficient store allocation for the manual test definition. The reason is indicated by <reason>.</reason> |
| Action: | Change the define parameters as indicated by the system response. |
| TABLE ALTSCHED IS EM | IPTY |
| Meaning: | There are no TESTIDs stored in memory. |
| Action: | None |
| | -continued- |

| Responses for the define command (continued) | |
|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | |
| TERMINAL INVALID FOR ISDN LOOPS LOCATION CHANGED TO LINECARD | |
| Meaning: An attempt to specify terminal as the location parameter. The system has changed the location parameter to linecard. | |
| Action: | |
| TEST TYPE OF EXTENSION TESTID NOT SAME AS SUB-LEVEL | |
| Meaning: The TESTID you entered does not correspond to the current ALT sublevel. | |
| Action: Check the TESTID, then reenter the command. | |
| TESTID DATA CANNOT BE FOUND IN ALTSCHED | |
| Meaning: The TESTID you entered cannot be found in memory (table ALTSCHED). | |
| Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | |
| TESTID GIVEN WITH "EXTENSION" IS NOT PRIMARY TESTID | |
| Meaning: The TESTID you entered is incorrect. The TESTID must be for a test that is already defined. | |
| Action: Check the TESTID, then reenter the command. | |
| TESTID IS 6 TO 12 CHARACTERS | |
| Meaning: The TESTID entered was too short or too long. | |
| Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | |
| The LINETYPE will be updated to ISDN. The location will change to LINECARD. | |
| Meaning: The linetype is updated to ISDN and the location is changed to linecard. | |
| Action: None | |
| -continued- | |

define (end)

| Responses for the define command (continued) | |
|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | |
| THE <parameter> OPTION HAS TO BE ENTERED FIRST</parameter> | |
| Meaning: The parameter indicated in the response must be entered before other parameters can be defined. | |
| Action: Check the data. Enter the parameter indicated in the response before defining the values for the LIT test. | |
| THE STARTLEN HAS TO BE DEFINED FIRST | |
| Meaning: You entered the command string define endlen before the startlen was defined. | |
| Action: Enter the command string define startlen before entering the define endlen command string. | |
| THE TIMES GIVEN WRAP AROUND THE WHOLE WEEK | |
| Meaning: Using the command string define time, the stop time you entered was earlier than the start time on the same day. | |
| Action: Select different times. Reenter the command. | |
| -end- | |

Function

Use the defman command to assign a TESTID to the test that corresponds to the current ALT sublevel.

| defman command parameters and variables | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Command | Parameters and variables |
| defman | There are no parameters or variables. |

Qualification

Only one manual TESTID is allowed per MAP.

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the defman command.

Responses for the defman command

MAP output Meaning and action

THIS MAP HAS A MANUAL ALT SET UP. IT MUST BE REMOVED FIRST.

Meaning: A manual TESTID is already defined.

Action: Use the remove command to remove the manual TESTID.

defschd

Function

Use the defschd command to assign a TESTID to the scheduled test that corresponds to the current ALT sublevel.

| defschd command parameters and variables | |
|--|---|
| Command | Parameters and variables |
| defschd | testid |
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| testid | This variable specifies the test identifier consisting of a 6-12 character alphanumeric string. |

Qualifications

The defschd command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions, and limitations:

- The first character of the TESTID must be a letter, not a number.
- Do not use the word manual as the TESTID.

Example

The following table provides an example of the defschd command.

| Example of the defschd command | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Example | Task, respon | se, and explanation |
| defschd lcmt where | ests .⊣ | |
| lcmtests is | a TESTID that o | corresponds to the LIT sublevel |
| | Task: | Assign a TESTID for the LIT test. |
| | Response: | Not currently available |
| | Explanation: | The TESTID lcmtests is assigned to the LIT test. |

defschd (end)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the defschd command.

| Responses for the defschd command | |
|--|---|
| MAP output | Meaning and action |
| "MANUAL" IS | NOT ALLOWED AS PART OF TESTID |
| | Meaning: The word manual is not allowed as the TESTID. |
| | Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. |
| TABLE ALTSCH | HED ALREADY CONTAINS THIS TESTID |
| | Meaning: The TESTID you tried to create already exists. |
| | Action: Use a different TESTID. |
| TABLE ALTSCH | HED IS EMPTY |
| | Meaning: There are no TESTIDs stored in memory. |
| | Action: None |
| TESTID IS 6 | TO 12 CHARACTERS |
| | Meaning: The TESTID entered was too short or too long. |
| | Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. |
| THE TESTID | IS NOT IN TABLE ALTSCHED |
| | Meaning: The TESTID you entered is not stored in memory. |
| | Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. |
| THIS MAP HAS A MANUAL ALT SET UP. IT MUST BE REMOVED FIRST. | |
| | Meaning: A manual TESTID is already defined. |
| | Action: Use the remove command to remove the manual TESTID. |

ovrride

Function

Use the ovrride command to postpone a scheduled test so that testing will not start until a specified day and time has passed.

| ovrride comma | nd parameters and variables |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Command P | Parameters and variables |
| ovrride | untilafter <i>day hh mm</i> all all clear <i>day hh mm</i> |
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| all | This parameter specifies that the override action includes all TESTIDs at all sublevels of ALT. |
| clear | This parameter cancels the request to override the test schedule for the posted TESTID or all TESTIDs. |
| day | This variable specifies the day of the week: mon, tue, wed, thu, fri, sat, or sun. |
| hh | This variable specifies the hour of the day, from 00-23. |
| mm | This variable specifies the minute of the hour, from 00-59. |
| query | This parameter displays the actual date after which testing will resume. |
| untilafter | This parameter specifies that testing will resume after a specified day and time. |

Qualifications

The ovrride command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions, and limitations:

- TESTIDs in a stopped status cannot be overridden.
- Data and time changes at the switch do not change the date and time after which testing will resume.

Examples

Not currently available

ovrride (continued)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the ovrride command.

| Responses for the ovrride command | |
|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | |
| ACTION TO BE DONE TO ALL TESTIDS. PLEASE CONFIRM YES/NO? | |
| Meaning: You entered the ovrrride command with the all parameter and the system requires confirmation before performing the action. | |
| Action: To continue with the override request, enter yes. To cancel the override request, enter no. | |
| ACTIVE TESTING CAN RESUME AFTER SWITCH TIME <day><date><time></time></date></day> | |
| Meaning: The query request has been performed. The display shows the switch time when testing can resume. | |
| Action: None | |
| COMMAND NOT VALID FOR MANUAL TESTID | |
| Meaning: The ovrride command cannot be used with a manual TESTID. | |
| Action: None | |
| NOTHING POSTED | |
| Meaning: No TESTID is posted. | |
| Action: Post the required TESTID. | |
| STATUS OF THE TESTID IS NOT OVERRIDDEN | |
| Meaning: The query request cannot be performed because the TESTID you entered is not overridden. | |
| Action: None | |
| -continued- | |

ovrride (end)

| Responses for | r the ovrride command (continued) |
|---------------|---|
| MAP output | Meaning and action |
| TESTID STAT | US IS NOT VALID FOR OVRRIDE COMMAND |
| | Meaning: The TESTID status (stopped) cannot be overridden. |
| | Action: None |
| THERE IS NO | ALTSCHED DATA |
| | Meaning: There is no data in memory (table ALTSCHED). The posted data was only a private copy. |
| | Action: None |
| | -end- |

post

Function

Use the post command to select for action the scheduled ALT TESTID that is stored in memory.

| post command parameters and variables | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Command | Parameters and variables |
| post | testid |
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| testid | This variable specifies the test identifier consisting of a 6-12 character alphanumeric string. |

Qualifications

If the post command is entered while a TESTID is posted, the data for the posted TESTID will be replaced by the new TESTID.

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

Refer to the common responses table in the beginning of this section for responses common to ALT commands.

| Responses for the post command |
|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action |
| TEST TYPE NOT THE SAME AS ALT SUB-LEVEL |
| Meaning: The TESTID you entered does not correspond to the current sublevel. |
| Action: Use the altinfo command to determine the test type of the TESTID. |
Function

Use the quit command to exit from the current menu level and return to a previous menu level.

| quit command parameters and variables | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Command | Parameters and variables |
| quit | <u>1</u> all incrname n |
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| 1 | This default parameter causes the system to display the next higher MAP level. |
| all | This parameter causes the system to display the CI level from any level. |
| incrname | This variable causes the system to exit the specified level and all sublevels. The system displays the next level higher than the one specified. Values for <i>incrname</i> are menu level names, such as lns, mtc, or mapci. |
| n | This variable identifies a specified number of retreat levels from the current level. The range of retreat levels is 0-6. However, the system cannot accept a level number higher than the number of the current level. |

Qualifications

None

Examples

The following table provides examples of the quit command.

| Examples of the quit command | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | |
| quit ₊ | | |
| | Task: | Exit from the ALTBAL level to the previous menu level. |
| | Response: | The display changes to the display of a higher level menu. |
| | Explanation: | The ALTBAL level has changed to the previous menu level. |
| | | -continued- |

quit

quit (continued)

| Examples of the quit command (continued) | | |
|---|---------------------------------|---|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | |
| quit mtc where | Ļ | |
| mtc specifies the level higher than the ALTBAL level to be exited | | |
| | Task: | Return to the MAPCI level (one menu level higher than MTC). |
| | Response: | The display changes to the MAPCI menu display: |
| | | MAPCI: |
| | Explanation: | The ALTBAL level has returned to the MAPCI level. |
| | | -end- |

Responses

The following table provides an explanation of the responses to the quit command.

| Responses for the quit command | | |
|--|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| CI: | | |
| | Meaning: The system exited all MAP menu levels and returned to the CI level. | |
| | Action: None | |
| QUIT Unable to quit requested number of levels Last parameter evaluated was: 1 | | |
| | Meaning: You entered an invalid level number. The number you entered exceeds the number of MAP levels from which to quit. | |
| | Action: Reenter the command using an appropriate level number. | |
| The system replaces the ALTBAL level menu with a menu that is two or more levels higher. | | |
| | Meaning: You entered the quit command with an <i>n</i> variable value of 2 or more or an <i>incrname</i> variable value corresponding to two or more levels higher. | |
| | Action: None | |
| -continued- | | |

quit (end)

Responses for the quit command (continued)

MAP output Meaning and action

The system replaces the display of the ALTBAL level with the display of the next higher MAP level.

Meaning: The system exited to the next higher MAP level.

Action: None

-end-

remove

Function

Use the remove command to remove the data associated with the posted TESTID from memory table ALTSCHED.

| remove command parameters and variables | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Command | Parameters and variables |
| remove | There are no parameters or variables. |

Qualifications

If the TESTID is for a scheduled test, the system prompts for a yes or no confirmation.

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the remove command.

| Responses for the remove command | | |
|--|---|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| DATA IS TO BE REMOVED FROM TABLE ALTSCHED. PLEASE CONFIRM YES/NO? | | |
| Meaning | The system requires confirmation before removing the data from table ALTSCHED. | |
| Action: | To confirm the removal, enter yes. To cancel the removal request, enter no. | |
| <failure> FAILED TO DELETE TH</failure> | E DATA FROM TABLE ALTSCHED | |
| Meaning | The system failed to remove the data from memory. The reason for the failure is indicated by <failure>.</failure> | |
| Action: | None | |
| -continued- | | |

remove (end)

| Responses for the remove command (continued) | |
|--|---|
| MAP output | Meaning and action |
| NOTHING POST | ED |
| _ | Meaning: The TESTID is not posted. |
| | Action: Post the required TESTID. |
| TESTID STATU NO ACTION TA | S MUST BE "STOPPED" OR "DEFINED" TO REMOVE. KEN. |
| | Meaning: The remove command could not be executed because the status of the manual TESTID is something other than stopped or defined. |
| | Action: None |
| TESTID STATU NO ACTION TA | S MUST BE "STOPPED" TO REMOVE. KEN. |
| | Meaning: The remove command could not be executed because the status of the scheduled TESTID was something other than stopped. |
| | Action: None |
| -end- | |

start

Function

Use the start command to set the posted scheduled ALT test in a state such that it is ready to run at the next scheduled time.

| start command parameters and variables | |
|--|---|
| Command Pa | rameters and variables |
| start [<u>b</u> la | eginlen Istlen] [<u>full</u> summary] |
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| <u>beginlen</u> | This default parameter starts testing from the beginning line equipment number in the block of lines defined for testing. |
| <u>full</u> | This default parameter generates a detailed ALT109 log when the test is finished. |
| lastlen | This parameter restarts testing just after the last LEN tested. |
| summary | This parameter generates an ALT108 summary log when the test is finished. |

Qualifications

Not currently available

Examples

Not currently available

start (continued)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the start command.

| Responses for the start command | | |
|--|--|--|
| AP output Meaning and action | | |
| LT TESTER PROCESS CANNOT START MANUAL TEST. OT ENOUGH FREE TEST PROCESS STREAMS. | | |
| Meaning: There are not enough test process streams to start the manual test. | | |
| Action: You may use the ovrride command to override another test to free up test process streams. | | |
| LT TESTER PROCESS HAS ACKNOWLEDGED THE START REQUEST | | |
| Meaning: You properly entered the start command for the manual TESTID. Because the test equipment is being diagnosed before testing begins, this action can take some time to finish. | | |
| Action: None | | |
| AILED TO SEND TO ALT DRIVER PROCESS. AIT 15 SECONDS, TRY AGAIN. | | |
| Meaning: The system has a problem executing the start command. | | |
| Action: Wait 15 seconds, then reenter the command. If the same response appears, contact the support group. | | |
| FAILED TO SEND TO ALT TESTER PROCESS. WAIT 15 SECONDS, TRY AGAIN. | | |
| Meaning: The system has a problem executing the start command. | | |
| Action: Wait 15 seconds, then reenter the command. If the same response appears, contact the support group. | | |
| NOTHING POSTED | | |
| Meaning: No TESTID is posted. | | |
| Action: Post the required TESTID. | | |
| -continued- | | |

start (continued)

| Responses for the start command (continued) | | |
|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| START LEN IS SET TO START FROM "BEGINLEN". PLEASE CONFIRM YES/NO? Or START LEN IS SET TO START FROM "LASTLEN". | | |
| | | |
| Meaning: The system requires confirmation of the parameter you | a entered. | |
| Action: To confirm, enter yes. To cancel the start request, enter | er no. | |
| TEST STATUS NOT VALID FOR START COMMAND | | |
| Meaning: The status of the manual TESTID was not stopped or o | defined. | |
| Action: Change the manual TESTID status to stopped or definatempting to start the TESTID. | ied before | |
| TESTID IS NOT IN "STOPPED" STATUS | | |
| Meaning: The TESTID is not in the stopped mode. | | |
| Action: The status of the TESTID must be stopped before you start command. If the status of the TESTID is defined, command to change the status to stopped. | can enter the , use the submit | |
| TESTID REQUIRED TO START FROM BEGINNING, SET TO "BEGINLEN". START LEN IS SET TO START FROM "BEGINLEN". PLEASE CONFIRM YES/NO? | | |
| Meaning: You entered the start command with the lastlen param been no previous testing to enable testing from the last has changed the parameter to beginlen and requires c | eter, but there has tlen. The system confirmation. | |
| Action: To confirm, enter yes. To cancel the start request, enter | er no. | |
| -continued- | | |

A-80 ALTBAL level commands

start (end)

| Responses for the start command (continued) | |
|---|--|
| MAP output Meaning | and action |
| YOUR REQUEST HAS BE PLEASE WAIT | EN QUEUED. THE ALT TESTER IS BUSY. |
| Meaning | The start request for the manual TESTID has been queued because ALT is busy with another request. When ALT is available, the queued request will be processed. |
| Action: | Do not reenter the start command. Additional start requests for the same TESTID will be ignored. |
| -end- | |

status

Function

Use the status command to check the status of the posted TESTID. There are two ways that the status information can be displayed:

- in the test stream format
- in the LCD test set format

The test stream format represents the test equipment used to test the posted TESTID.

The LCD test set format represents the actual line equipment numbers (LENs) being tested by the test equipment associated with the TESTID.

| status command parameters and variables | |
|---|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables |
| status | stream Icdtestset |
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| lcdtestset | This parameter displays the status of the TESTID in the LCD test set format. |
| stream | This parameter displays the status of the TESTID in the stream format. |

Qualifications

None

Examples

The following table provides examples of the status command.

status (continued)

| Examples of | the status command |
|---|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation |
| status strear | n ₊ |
| stream o | displays the status of the posted TESTID in a stream format |
| | Task:Check the status of the posted TESTID, LNMTCJOHN. Display the status in a stream format. |
| | Response: |
| TESTID : LNMTCJOHN Test type: DIAG Stream State Test equip. state Last LEN tested MAX LENS 0 Active LTU 0 SZD HOST 10 0 17 31 12000 TTU 10 SZD HOST 10 0 17 31 12000 TTU 10 SZD HOST 10 0 1 19 09 320 TTU 3 SZD OPM1 00 1 19 09 320 TTU 3 SZD OPM1 00 1 19 09 320 TTU 3 SZD DLM1 11 1 08 20 96 3 Done SLTD RCT1 50 9 02 03 256 Explanation: The system displays the status of the posted TESTID in a stream format. The stream number order | |
| status Icdtes | stset ⊣ |
| lcdtestset o | displays a snapshot of the LCD tests for an ALT test |
| | -continued- |

status (continued)

| Examples of | the status com | nmand (continued) | |
|-------------|--|--|---|
| Example | Task, respo | nse, and explanation | |
| | Task: | Check the status of the Display the status in a | e posted TESTID, which is LNMTCFRED. an Icdtestset format. |
| | Response: | | |
| | TESTID : L Start LEN HOST 00 0 HOST 00 1 HOST 00 1 HOST 50 1 HOST 51 0 DLM1 60 0 RCT1 00 0 RCT1 00 1 RCT1 00 2 | LNMTCFRED Test type End LEN 00 00 HOST 00 0 10 00 HOST 00 0 0 10 00 HOST 00 0 1 0 00 00 HOST 00 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 <th>Diag Stream Vert Testing Status 09 31 0 0 HOST 00 0 09 10 19 31 1 1 Done 09 31 1 2 Suspended 19 31 1 3 WAITING 00 20 2 600 Done 00 10 2 601 HOST 51 0 00 09 09 31 3 DLM1 60 0 09 02 04 20 4 10 RCT1 00 0 16 00 04 10 4 10 WAITING 03 20 4 10 WAITING</th> | Diag Stream Vert Testing Status 09 31 0 0 HOST 00 0 09 10 19 31 1 1 Done 09 31 1 2 Suspended 19 31 1 3 WAITING 00 20 2 600 Done 00 10 2 601 HOST 51 0 00 09 09 31 3 DLM1 60 0 09 02 04 20 4 10 RCT1 00 0 16 00 04 10 4 10 WAITING 03 20 4 10 WAITING |
| | Explanation: | : The system displays t lcdtesteset format. Th information : | he status of the posted TESTID in the e lcdtestset format provides the following |
| | | the start LEN and | end LEN range |
| | | which stream is to | process the test set |
| | | the vertical on the | MTA (if applicable) |
| | | the status | |
| | | Here is a list of th meanings: | e possible testing status conditions and their |
| | | - <len></len> | the last LEN tested |
| | | - done | the lcd test set have been completely run |
| | | - suspended | the LCD test set cannot be completed because the test equipment is suspected as being faulty. The test equipment passes diagnostics but line cards continue to fail. |
| | | - held | test equipment or the LCD PM is unavailable |
| | | - WAITING | the stream did not get to this LCD test set and the LCD test set is waiting to be run |
| | | -end- | |

status (end)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the status command.

| Responses for the status command | | |
|----------------------------------|----------|---|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action |
| NO STREAM O | R LCD TE | ST SET CALCULATION HAS BEEN DONE |
| | Meaning | The data cannot be displayed because the system has not performed the calculations. |
| | Action: | Use the define command for manual TESTIDs. Or, use the submit command for scheduled TESTIDs. This action will force the system to perform the calculations. |
| NOTHING POS | TED | |
| | Meaning | : No TESTID is posted. |
| | Action: | Post the required TESTID. |

Function

Use the stop command to halt a test and change the TESTID status.

| stop comma | nd parameters and variables |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Command Parameters and variables | |
| stop | There are no parameters or variables. |

Qualifications

Not currently available

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the stop command.

| Responses for | the stop | command |
|------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action |
| ASKING FOR N | MANUAL I | ESTID TO BE STOPPED |
| | Meaning | The stop request for a manual TESTID has been queued. Since ALT may be busy with other tests, the request may not be executed until the other tests are completed. |
| | Action: | None |
| FAILED TO SE WAIT 15 SECO | END TO A ONDS, TR | LT DRIVER PROCESS. Y AGAIN. |
| | Meaning | The system has a problem executing the stop command. |
| | Action: | Wait 15 seconds, then reenter the command. If the same response appears, contact the support group. |
| | | -continued- |

stop

stop (end)

| Responses for the stop command (continued) | | |
|--|----------------------|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action |
| FAILED TO S WAIT 15 SEC | end to a Onds, tr | LT TESTER PROCESS. Y AGAIN. |
| | Meaning | The system has a problem executing the stop command. |
| | Action: | Wait 15 seconds, then reenter the command. If the same response appears, contact the support group. |
| NOTHING POS | TED | |
| | Meaning | No TESTID is posted. |
| | Action: | Post the required TESTID. |
| TEST STATUS | IS NOT | VALID FOR STOP COMMAND |
| | Meaning | The status of the manual TESTID is one of defined, deleted, or undefined. The stop command has no effect and is ignored. |
| | Action: | None |
| TESTID IS A | LREADY " | STOPPED" |
| | Meaning | The TESTID status is already stopped. |
| | Action: | None |
| | | -end- |

submit

Function

Use the submit command to send the defined test data for the posted TESTID into memory table ALTSCHED.

| submit command parameters and variables | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Command | Parameters and variables |
| submit | There are no parameters or variables. |

Qualifications

None

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the submit command.

| Responses for | the submit command |
|------------------------------|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action |
| COMMAND NOT | VALID FOR MANUAL TESTID |
| | Meaning: The submit command does not work with a manual testid. |
| | Action: None |
| NOT ENOUGH F ENSURE ENOUG | IELDS DEFINED. H FIELDS ARE ENTERED. |
| | Meaning: You entered the submit command without enough data defined for the TESTID. The TESTID status must either be defined or deleted before the data can be submitted. |
| | Action: Define more data for the TESTID. Reenter the submit command. |
| NOTHING POST | ED |
| | Meaning: No testid is posted. |
| | Action: None |
| | -continued- |

submit (continued)

| Responses for the submit command (continued) |
|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action |
| <reason> CANNOT CONVERT ALT MAP TIMES TO ALTSCHED DATA TIMES. PROBLEM CONVERTING MAP DATA TO ALTSCHED DATA FORMAT FOR ENTRY. QUIT THE MAP, TRY AGAIN.</reason> |
| Meaning: The system was unable to store the time data. The reason is given in the beginning of the response. |
| Action: Contact the system support group. |
| <reason> INTERNAL DATA BAD. PROBLEM CONVERTING MAP DATA TO ALTSCHED DATA FORMAT FOR ENTRY. QUIT THE MAP, TRY AGAIN.</reason> |
| Meaning: The system is unable to store the startlen and endlen data. The reason is given at the beginning of the response. |
| Action: Contact the system support group. |
| TABLE ALTSCHED ALREADY CONTAINS THIS TESTID |
| Meaning: The TESTID you entered is already in memory (table ALTSCHED). |
| Action: Define the data against a different TESTID. |
| THE DATA HAS FAILED TO BE ADDED INTO TABLE ALTSCHED. |
| Meaning: The system was unable to submit the data. The table control reason is given at the beginning of the response. |
| Action: Check the test data. Reenter the command. |
| THE DATA HAS FAILED TO VERIFY REQUIREMENTS OF TABLE ALTSCHED. |
| Meaning: The system was unable to verify the data. The table control reason is given at the beginning of the response. |
| Action: Check the test data. Reenter the command. |
| -continued- |

submit (end)

Responses for the submit command (continued)

MAP output Meaning and action

THE DATA HAS BEEN ADDED INTO TABLE ALTSCHED

Meaning: The data has been successfully stored in memory (table ALTSCHED).

Action: None

-end-

ALTCKTTST level commands

Use the ALTCKTTST level of the MAP to perform keyset line circuit tests (CKTTST).

Keyset lines can be electronic business sets (EBS), asynchronous interface modules (AIM), integrated bit error rate testers (IBERT), or DATA lines. When the test is run on keyset lines, a specified number of messages are sent out toward the subscriber terminal. The messages are looped back to at the line card or at the subscriber terminal and the received messages are compared with the transmitted messages. Do not press any key on the EBS or DATA line terminal during a CKTTST run at the terminal. Because AIM and IBERT lines do not have terminals, the messages can only be looped back at the line card.

Accessing the ALTCKTTST level

To access the ALTCKTTST level, enter the following from the CI level: mapci;mtc;lns;alt;ckttst ↓

ALTCKTTST commands

The commands available at the ALTCKTTST MAP level are described in this chapter and arranged in alphabetical order. The page number for each command is listed in the following table.

| Command | Page |
|-------------|-------|
| define | A-95 |
| defman | A-105 |
| defschd | A-107 |
| ovrride | A-109 |
| post | A-113 |
| quit | A-115 |
| -continued- | |

| Command | Page |
|---------|-------|
| remove | A-119 |
| start | A-121 |
| status | A-125 |
| stop | A-129 |
| submit | A-131 |
| - | end- |

ALTCKTTST menu

The following figure shows the ALTCKTTST menu and status display.

| ALTCKTTST 0 Quit TESTID: Status: 2 Post_ Linetype: 3 STARTLEN ENDLEN Test 4 Start NUMMSG 5 Stop PASS FAIL N/A TOTAL LOCATION 7 Define_ TOTAL 8 Submit CURRENT 9 MON TUE WED THU FRI SAT SUN 11 DefMAN cont 12 start 13 DefSCHD_ stop 14 CKTTST: 15 Status_ 16 17 OVRride_ | CM CM FLT M |
|---|-------------------|
| 0 Quit TESTID: Status: 2 Post_ Linetype: 3 STARTLEN ENDLEN Test 4 Start NUMMSG 5 Stop PASS FAIL N/A TOTAL LOCATION 7 Define_ TOTAL 8 Submit CURRENT 9 10 MON TUE WED THU FRI SAT SUN 11 DefMAN cont 12 start 13 DefSCHD_ stop 14 CKTTST: 15 Status_ 16 17 OVRride_ | LTCKTTST |
| 2 Post_ Linetype: 3 STARTLEN ENDLEN 4 Start NUMMSG 5 Stop SERVICE 6 Remove PASS FAIL N/A TOTAL LOCATION 7 Define_ TOTAL 8 Submit CURRENT 9 MON TUE WED THU FRI SAT SUN 10 MON TUE WED THU FRI SAT SUN 11 DefMAN cont 12 start 13 DefSCHD_ stop 14 CKTTST: 15 Status_ |) Ouit |
| 3 STARTLEN ENDLEN Test 4 Start NUMMSG 5 Stop SERVICE 6 Remove PASS FAIL N/A TOTAL LOCATION 7 Define_ TOTAL Submit CURRENT 9 0 MON TUE WED THU FRI SAT SUN 11 10 MON TUE WED THU FRI SAT SUN 11 11 DefMAN cont start 13 DefSCHD_ stop | 2 Post |
| 4 Start NUMMSG 5 Stop SERVICE 6 Remove PASS FAIL N/A TOTAL LOCATION 7 Define_ TOTAL TOTAL 8 Submit CURRENT Output 9 MON TUE WED THU FRI SAT SUN Interference 11 DefMAN cont Start 12 start stop 14 CKTTST: Status_ 15 Status_ Interference 16 TOVRride_ Interference | 3 — |
| 5 Stop SERVICE 6 Remove PASS FAIL N/A TOTAL LOCATION 7 Define_ TOTAL LOCATION 8 Submit CURRENT PASS FAIL N/A TOTAL LOCATION 9 MON TUE WED THU FRI SAT SUN Interference Interference 10 MON TUE WED THU FRI SAT SUN Interference Interference 11 Def MAN cont Interference Interference 12 start Interference Interference Interference 13 Def SCHD_ stop Interference Interference Interference 14 CKTTST: Interference Interference Interference Interference 16 Interference Interference Interference Interference Interference 17 OVRride_ Interference Interference Interference Interference Interference | 1 Start |
| 6 Remove PASS FAIL N/A TOTAL LOCATION 7 Define_ TOTAL 8 Submit CURRENT 9 10 MON TUE WED THU FRI SAT SUN 11 DefMAN cont 12 start 13 DefSCHD_ stop 14 CKTTST: 15 Status_ 16 17 OVRride_ | 5 Stop |
| 7Define_ SubmitTOTAL CURRENT90MON TUE WED THU FRI SAT SUN10MON TUE WED THU FRI SAT SUN11DefMANcont12start13DefSCHD_ Stopstop14CKTTST:15Status_1617 | 5 Remove |
| 8 Submit CURRENT 9 10 MON TUE WED THU FRI SAT SUN 11 DefMAN cont 12 start 13 DefSCHD_ stop 14 CKTTST: 15 Status_ 16 17 OVRride_ | 7 Define_ |
| 9 10 MON TUE WED THU FRI SAT SUN 11 DefMAN cont 12 start 13 DefSCHD_ stop 14 CKTTST: 15 Status_ 16 17 OVRride_ | 3 Submit |
| 10MON TUE WED THU FRI SAT SUN11 DefMANcont12start13 DefSCHD_stop14CKTTST:15 Status_1617 OVRride_ | • |
| 11 DefMAN cont 12 start 13 DefSCHD stop 14 CKTTST: 15 Status_ 16 17 OVRride_ |) |
| 12 start 13 DefSCHD_ stop 14 CKTTST: 15 Status_ 16 17 OVRride_ | DefMAN |
| 13 DefSCHD | 2 |
| 14 CKTTST: 15 Status_ 16 17 OVRride_ | 3 DefSCHD_ |
| 15 Status_ 16 17 OVRride_ | 1 |
| 16 17 OVRride_ | 5 Status_ |
| 17 OVRride_ | 5 |
| | / OVRride_ |
| 18 | 3 |

Common responses

The following table provides explanations of the common responses to the ALTCKTTST commands. These responses will be produced by many of the commands under the ALTCKTTST level. This table will be referred to from the individual command descriptions to which it pertains.

| Common responses for the ALTCKTTST commands | | |
|--|----------------------------------|--|
| MAP output | utput Meaning and action | |
| "MANUAL" IS | IS NOT ALLOWED AS PART OF TESTID | |
| | Meaning: | The word manual is not allowed as the test identifier (TESTID). |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. |
| TABLE ALTSC | HED IS E | МРТҮ |
| | Meaning: | There are no TESTIDs stored in memory. |
| | Action: | None |
| TESTID IS 6 | TO 12 C | HARACTERS |
| | Meaning: | You have entered a TESTID that is too short or too long. |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID. Reenter the command. |
| THE COMMAND QUIT THE <a< td=""><td>ENTERED LT suble</td><td>CAN ONLY BE USED IN THE ALT LEVEL. vel> LEVEL FIRST.</td></a<> | ENTERED LT suble | CAN ONLY BE USED IN THE ALT LEVEL. vel> LEVEL FIRST. |
| | Meaning: | You can use the command only from the main ALT level. |
| | Action: | Quit from the ALT sublevel indicated by <alt sublevel="">. Reenter the command.</alt> |
| THE TEST TY | PE OF TH | E GIVEN TESTID IS NOT VALID FOR THIS LEVEL |
| | Meaning: | The TESTID you entered does not correspond to a test. |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID and reenter the command. Or, use the post command to post the TESTID. Posting the TESTID will bring you to the appropriate ALT sublevel associated with the TESTID. |
| THE TESTID | IS NOT I | N TABLE ALTSCHED |
| | Meaning: | The TESTID you entered is not stored in memory. |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID. Reenter the command. |
| -continued- | | |

| Common responses for the ALTCKTTST commands (continued) | | |
|---|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| THIS MAP HAS MANUAL ALT DEFINED OR RUNNING. USE <alt level=""> TO POST THE MANUAL TESTID FOR THIS MAP.</alt> | | |
| Meaning: You entered the command while a manual alt is set up. Nothing can be posted until the manual TESTID is removed. | | |
| Action: Go to the ALT level indicated by <alt level=""> and remove the manual TESTID data.</alt> | | |
| -end- | | |

define

Function

Use the define command to specify test data for the specified TESTID.

| define command parameters and variables | | |
|---|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| define | extensiontestidstartlenstringendlenstringtimestartemf $\begin{bmatrix} emfdcv \\ emfacv \end{bmatrix}$ tgrgtrtr | |
| | resvalue $\begin{bmatrix} tg \\ rg \\ tr \end{bmatrix}$ mct lct \\ \end{bmatrix} | |
| | linetype standard isdn all | |
| | cap thresh nummsg number service voice data | |
| | location terminal linecard comm | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| all | This variable represents all line types to be tested in the automatic line testing keyset line circuit test (ALTCKTTST) and automatic line testing line insulation test (ALTLIT) levels. | |
| сар | This parameter specifies that the capacitance test is to be performed (default threshold = 0.1 microfarad). | |
| | -continued- | |

| define command parameters and variables (continued) | | |
|---|---|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| comm | This parameter requests the commissioning test to be performed. This test can only be performed if the ALTNOPT module is in the software load. Entering this parameter performs a ring test and performs a dial tone test for line cards that have a directory number assigned. | |
| emf | This parameter specifies that the electromotive force test is to be performed at the default values (EMFACV = 2 volts; EMFDCV = 2 volts). | |
| emfacv | This parameter prepares to change the default value for the EMFAC voltage. | |
| emfdcv | This parameter prepares to change the default value for the EMFDC voltage. | |
| endlen | This parameter prepares to identify the last line in the block of lines to be tested. | |
| extension | This parameter prepares to specify the TESTID of a previously defined test. | |
| isdn | This variable represents Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) line types to be tested in the ALTCKTTST and ALTLIT levels. | |
| lct | This variable specifies the least critical resistance threshold in increments of 100 ohms from 1-7500 increments. | |
| linetype | This parameter is the type of line to be tested. The parameter is available for the four-level pulse amplitude modulation (PAM) code with 2 binary to 1 quaternary symbol coding (2B1Q) Integrated Services Digital Network line card (ISLC) and the associated line. Alternate mark inversion (AMI) lines are skipped. This parameter represents the standard line type to be tested in the ALTCKTTST and ALTLIT levels. | |
| location | This parameter prepares to specify where the test is to run, either at the terminal or linecard, where the following occurs: | |
| | linecard-the keyset line circuit test (CKTTST) is run at the linecard. | |
| | terminal-(default) the CKTTST is run at the terminal unless the line is an AIM or an integrated bit error rate test (IBERT). If an AIM or an IBERT, the test is run at the linecard. | |
| mct | This variable specifies the most critical resistance threshold in increments of 100 ohms from 1-7500 increments. | |
| number | This variable specifies the number of messages, from 1-50, to send during the CKTTST. The default is the value contained in office parameter circuit_test_number_messages. | |
| -continued- | | |

| define command parameters and variables (continued) | | |
|---|---|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| nummsg | This parameter prepares to specify the number of messages to be sent during the test. | |
| resvalue | This parameter prepares to change the most and least critical resistance value for the rg, tg, or tr test. | |
| rg | This parameter specifies that a ring to ground resistance test is to be performed at the default values [most critical threshold (mct) = 40k ohms; least critical threshold (lct) = 200k ohms]. | |
| service | This parameter prepares to specify the type of keyset lines on which to run the tes either all, data, or voice. The keyset lines are the following: | |
| | all-(default) all types of keyset lines are tested | |
| | data-data lines, aim lines, and ibert lines are tested | |
| | voice-electronic business set lines are tested | |
| standard | This variable represents the standard line type to be tested in the ALTCKTTST an ALTLIT levels. | |
| start | This variable specifies the day and time when the test will start. The <i>start</i> format is day hh mm where | |
| | day-is the day of the week: mon, tue, wed, thu, fri, sat, or sun | |
| | hh-is the hour of the day from 00-23 | |
| | mm-is the minute of the hour from 00-59 | |
| startlen | This parameter prepares to identify the first line in the block of lines to be tested. | |
| stop | This variable specifies the day and time when the test will stop. The <i>stop</i> format is the same as the <i>start</i> format. | |
| string | This variable is the line equipment number in the following form: site ff u dd cc where | |
| | cc-is the circuit number from 00 to 31 | |
| | dd-is the drawer number from 00 to 31 | |
| | ff-is the frame number from 00 to 99 | |
| | site-is the site of the equipment | |
| | u-is the unit number from 0 to 9 | |
| | -continued- | |

| define command parameters and variables (continued) | | |
|---|--|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| testid | This variable specifies the test identifier consisting of a 6-12 character alphanumeric string used to identify manual and scheduled automatic line tests (ALT). | |
| tg | This parameter specifies that a tip to ground resistance test is to be performed at the default values [most critical threshold (mct) = 40k ohms; least critical threshold (lct) = 200k ohms]. | |
| thresh | This variable specifies the capacitance threshold in increments of 0.001 microfarads from 1-5000 increments. | |
| time | This parameter prepares to identify the schedule for the test. | |
| tr | This parameter specifies that a tip to ring resistance test is to be performed at the default values [most critical threshold (mct) = 40k ohms; least critical threshold (lct) = 200k ohms]. | |
| volts | This variable specifies the voltage limit, from 1-300 volts for EMFDCV and EFMACV. | |
| -end- | | |

Qualifications

The define command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions, and limitations:

- The LIT parameters are valid only at the ALTLIT sublevel.
- The comm option is only available when the ALTNOPT module is loaded in the switch.
- The CKTTST option is only available when the ALTNOPT module is loaded in the switch.
- The comm option applies only to manual TESTIDs and diag TESTIDs.

Example

The following table provides an example of the define command.

| Example of the define command | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | |
| define linetype <i>isdn</i> .⊣ | | |
| | Task: | Define the linetype for a posted ISDN bus which connects the network termination 1 (NT1) to the terminal equipment for access to the ISDN (S/T) loop or a 2B1Q loop in the ALTCKTTST and ALTLIT sublevels of ALT. |
| | Response: | The LINETYPE will be updated to ISDN. The location will change to LINECARD. |
| | Explanation: | The linetype is updated to ISDN and the location is changed to linecard. |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the define command.

| Responses for the define command | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------|---|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action |
| COMMISSIONI | NG OPTIC | N IS ONLY ALLOWED ON MANUAL AND DIAG TESTIDS |
| | Meaning | : You entered the define command with the comm parameter for a TESTID that was not associated with a diag or manual test. |
| | Action: | None |
| CONVERSION OF <data> PROBLEM</data> | | |
| | Meaning | : The system cannot process the startlen and endlen data (indicated by <pre><data>).</data></pre> |
| | Action: | Contact the system support group. |
| -continued- | | |

A-100 ALTCKTTST level commands

| Responses for the define command (continued) | | |
|--|---|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| FAILED TO READ FR | OM ALTSCHED, <testid></testid> | |
| Meani | ng: The system has a problem reading the data for the TESTID indicated in the response. | |
| Action | : Contact the system support group. | |
| <len> INTERNAL DA</len> | TA BAD | |
| Meani | ng: The startlen and endlen data cannot be displayed. | |
| Action | : Contact the system support group. | |
| "MANUAL" IS NOT A | LLOWED AS PART OF TESTID | |
| Meani | ng: The word manual is not allowed as the TESTID. | |
| Action | : Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | |
| NO STORE HAS BEEN | ALLOCATED FOR MANUAL TEST | |
| Meani | ng: If this system response is not accompanied by another response, there is insufficient temporary storage for ALT | |
| Action | : Contact the system support group. | |
| NOTHING IS POSTED | FOR DEFINING | |
| Meani | ng: No TESTID is posted. | |
| Action | : Use the defman or defschd command to create a TESTID. Then post the required TESTID. | |
| OTHER FIELDS HAVE BEEN DEFINED AND THEY ARE NOT COMPATIBLE | | |
| Meani | ng: The command string define extension is not compatible with existing data. | |
| Action | : Check the data. Reenter the command. | |
| | -continued- | |

| Responses for the define command (continued) | | |
|---|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| PARAMETER <paramete< td=""><td>r> NOT VALID FOR EXTENSION TESTS</td></paramete<> | r> NOT VALID FOR EXTENSION TESTS | |
| Meaning: | The define command could not be entered for an extension test with the parameter indicated by <parameter> (for example, startlen, endlen, or lit).</parameter> | |
| Action: | None | |
| PARAMETER <paramete< td=""><td>r> NOT VALID FOR MANUAL TESTS</td></paramete<> | r> NOT VALID FOR MANUAL TESTS | |
| Meaning: | The define command could not be entered for a manual TESTID with the parameter indicated by <parameter> (for example, extension or time).</parameter> | |
| Action: | None | |
| PARAMETER <paramete< td=""><td>r> NOT VALID FOR TEST TYPE OF POSTED MAP</td></paramete<> | r> NOT VALID FOR TEST TYPE OF POSTED MAP | |
| Meaning: | The parameters you entered do not apply to the current ALT sublevel. | |
| Action: | Enter the data that corresponds to the current sublevel. | |
| POSTED TESTID IS SU | BMITTED OR STARTED ALREADY | |
| Meaning: | The test data for the specified TESTID is already defined. | |
| Action: | None | |
| <reason> NO STORE HAS BEEN A</reason> | LLOCATED FOR MANUAL TEST. | |
| Meaning: | There is insufficient store allocation for the manual test definition. The reason is indicated by <reason>.</reason> | |
| Action: | Change the define parameters as indicated by the system response. | |
| TABLE ALTSCHED IS E | МРТҮ | |
| Meaning: | There are no TESTIDs stored in memory. | |
| Action: | None | |
| -continued- | | |

| Responses for the define command (continued) | | |
|--|--|--|
| | | |
| TERMINAL INVALID FOR ISDN LOOPS LOCATION CHANGED TO LINECARD | | |
| Meaning: An attempt to specify terminal as the location parameter. The system has changed the location parameter to linecard. | | |
| Action: | | |
| TEST TYPE OF EXTENSION TESTID NOT SAME AS SUB-LEVEL | | |
| Meaning: The TESTID you entered does not correspond to the current ALT sublevel. | | |
| Action: Check the TESTID, then reenter the command. | | |
| TESTID DATA CANNOT BE FOUND IN ALTSCHED | | |
| Meaning: The TESTID you entered cannot be found in memory (table ALTSCHED). | | |
| Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | | |
| TESTID GIVEN WITH "EXTENSION" IS NOT PRIMARY TESTID | | |
| Meaning: The TESTID you entered is incorrect. The TESTID must be for a test that is already defined. | | |
| Action: Check the TESTID, then reenter the command. | | |
| TESTID IS 6 TO 12 CHARACTERS | | |
| Meaning: The TESTID entered was too short or too long. | | |
| Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | | |
| The LINETYPE will be updated to ISDN. The location will change to LINECARD. | | |
| Meaning: The linetype is updated to ISDN and the location is changed to linecard. | | |
| Action: None | | |
| -continued- | | |

define (end)

| Responses for the define command (continued) | | |
|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| THE <parameter> OPI</parameter> | ION HAS TO BE ENTERED FIRST | |
| Meaning | The parameter indicated in the response must be entered before other parameters can be defined. | |
| Action: | Check the data. Enter the parameter indicated in the response before defining the values for the LIT test. | |
| THE STARTLEN HAS TO | BE DEFINED FIRST | |
| Meaning | You entered the command string define endlen before the startlen was defined. | |
| Action: | Enter the command string define startlen before entering the define endlen command string. | |
| THE TIMES GIVEN WRAP AROUND THE WHOLE WEEK | | |
| Meaning | Using the command string define time, the stop time you entered was earlier than the start time on the same day. | |
| Action: | Select different times. Reenter the command. | |
| -end- | | |

Function

Use the defman command to assign a TESTID to the test that corresponds to the current ALT sublevel.

| defman command parameters and variables | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Command | Parameters and variables |
| defman | There are no parameters or variables. |

Qualification

Only one manual TESTID is allowed per MAP.

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the defman command.

Responses for the defman command

MAP output Meaning and action

THIS MAP HAS A MANUAL ALT SET UP. IT MUST BE REMOVED FIRST.

Meaning: A manual TESTID is already defined.

Action: Use the remove command to remove the manual TESTID.
Function

Use the defschd command to assign a TESTID to the scheduled test that corresponds to the current ALT sublevel.

| defschd command parameters and variables | | |
|--|---|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| defschd | testid | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| testid | This variable specifies the test identifier consisting of a 6-12 character alphanumeric string. | |

Qualifications

The defschd command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions, and limitations:

- The first character of the TESTID must be a letter, not a number.
- Do not use the word manual as the TESTID.

Example

The following table provides an example of the defschd command.

| Example of the defschd command | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | |
| defschd lcmt where | ests .⊣ | |
| Icmtests is a TESTID that corresponds to the LIT sublevel | | corresponds to the LIT sublevel |
| | Task: | Assign a TESTID for the LIT test. |
| | Response: | Not currently available |
| | Explanation: | The TESTID lcmtests is assigned to the LIT test. |

defschd (end)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the defschd command.

| Responses for the defschd command | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| "MANUAL" IS | NOT ALLOWED AS PART OF TESTID | |
| | Meaning: The word manual is not allowed as the TESTID. | |
| | Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | |
| TABLE ALTSCH | HED ALREADY CONTAINS THIS TESTID | |
| | Meaning: The TESTID you tried to create already exists. | |
| | Action: Use a different TESTID. | |
| TABLE ALTSCH | HED IS EMPTY | |
| | Meaning: There are no TESTIDs stored in memory. | |
| | Action: None | |
| TESTID IS 6 | TO 12 CHARACTERS | |
| | Meaning: The TESTID entered was too short or too long. | |
| | Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | |
| THE TESTID | IS NOT IN TABLE ALTSCHED | |
| | Meaning: The TESTID you entered is not stored in memory. | |
| | Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | |
| THIS MAP HAS IT MUST BE H | S A MANUAL ALT SET UP. REMOVED FIRST. | |
| | Meaning: A manual TESTID is already defined. | |
| | Action: Use the remove command to remove the manual TESTID. | |

ovrride

Function

Use the ovrride command to postpone a scheduled test so that testing will not start until a specified day and time has passed.

| ovrride command parameters and variables | | |
|--|--|--|
| Command F | Parameters and variables | |
| ovrride | untilafter <i>day hh mm</i> all <i>all</i> query | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| all | This parameter specifies that the override action includes all TESTIDs at all sublevels of ALT. | |
| clear | This parameter cancels the request to override the test schedule for the posted TESTID or all TESTIDs. | |
| day | This variable specifies the day of the week: mon, tue, wed, thu, fri, sat, or sun. | |
| hh | This variable specifies the hour of the day, from 00-23. | |
| mm | This variable specifies the minute of the hour, from 00-59. | |
| query | This parameter displays the actual date after which testing will resume. | |
| untilafter | This parameter specifies that testing will resume after a specified day and time. | |

Qualifications

The ovrride command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions, and limitations:

- TESTIDs in a stopped status cannot be overridden.
- Data and time changes at the switch do not change the date and time after which testing will resume.

Examples

Not currently available

ovrride (continued)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the ovrride command.

| Responses for the ovrride command | | |
|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| ACTION TO BE DONE TO ALL TESTIDS. PLEASE CONFIRM YES/NO? | | |
| Meaning: You entered the ovrrride command with the all parameter and the system requires confirmation before performing the action. | | |
| Action: To continue with the override request, enter yes. To cancel the override request, enter no. | | |
| ACTIVE TESTING CAN RESUME AFTER SWITCH TIME <day><date><time></time></date></day> | | |
| Meaning: The query request has been performed. The display shows the switch time when testing can resume. | | |
| Action: None | | |
| COMMAND NOT VALID FOR MANUAL TESTID | | |
| Meaning: The ovrride command cannot be used with a manual TESTID. | | |
| Action: None | | |
| NOTHING POSTED | | |
| Meaning: No TESTID is posted. | | |
| Action: Post the required TESTID. | | |
| STATUS OF THE TESTID IS NOT OVERRIDDEN | | |
| Meaning: The query request cannot be performed because the TESTID you entered is not overridden. | | |
| Action: None | | |
| -continued- | | |

ovrride (end)

| Responses for the ovrride command (continued) | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | |
| TESTID STATUS IS NOT VALID FOR OVRRIDE COMMAND | | | |
| | Meaning: The TESTID status (stopped) cannot be overridden. | | |
| | Action: None | | |
| THERE IS NO | ALTSCHED DATA | | |
| | Meaning: There is no data in memory (table ALTSCHED). The posted data was only a private copy. | | |
| | Action: None | | |
| | -end- | | |

post

Function

Use the post command to select for action the scheduled ALT TESTID that is stored in memory.

| post command parameters and variables | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| post | testid | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| testid | This variable specifies the test identifier consisting of a 6-12 character alphanumeric string. | |

Qualifications

If the post command is entered while a TESTID is posted, the data for the posted TESTID will be replaced by the new TESTID.

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

Refer to the common responses table in the beginning of this section for responses common to ALT commands.

| Responses for the post command |
|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action |
| TEST TYPE NOT THE SAME AS ALT SUB-LEVEL |
| Meaning: The TESTID you entered does not correspond to the current sublevel. |
| Action: Use the altinfo command to determine the test type of the TESTID. |

quit

Function

Use the quit command to exit from the current menu level and return to a previous menu level.

| quit command parameters and variables | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| quit | <u>1</u> all incrname n | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| 1 | This default parameter causes the system to display the next higher MAP level. | |
| all | This parameter causes the system to display the CI level from any level. | |
| incrname | This variable causes the system to exit the specified level and all sublevels. The system displays the next level higher than the one specified. Values for <i>incrname</i> are menu level names, such as lns, mtc, or mapci. | |
| n | This variable identifies a specified number of retreat levels from the current level. The range of retreat levels is 0-6. However, the system cannot accept a level number higher than the number of the current level. | |

Qualifications

None

Examples

The following table provides examples of the quit command.

| Examples of the quit command | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | |
| quit ₊ | | | |
| | Task: | Exit from the ALTCKTTST level to the previous menu level. | |
| | Response: | The display changes to the display of a higher level menu. | |
| | Explanation: | The ALTCKTTST level has changed to the previous menu level. | |
| -continued- | | | |

quit (continued)

| Examples of the quit command (continued) | | |
|--|---------------------------------|---|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | |
| quit mtc where | Ļ | |
| mtc specifies the level higher than the ALTCKTTST level to be exited | | |
| | Task: | Return to the MAPCI level (one menu level higher than MTC). |
| | Response: | The display changes to the MAPCI menu display: |
| | | MAPCI: |
| | Explanation: | The ALTCKTTST level has returned to the MAPCI level. |
| -end- | | |

Responses

The following table provides an explanation of the responses to the quit command.

| Responses for the quit command | | |
|---|---|-----------|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| CI: | | |
| | Meaning: The system exited all MAP menu levels and returned to the CI level. | |
| | Action: None | |
| QUIT Unable to quit requested number of levels Last parameter evaluated was: 1 | | |
| | Meaning: You entered an invalid level number. The number you entered excee the number of MAP levels from which to quit. | ds |
| | Action: Reenter the command using an appropriate level number. | |
| The system rep | aces the ALTCKTTST level menu with a menu that is two or more levels higher. | |
| | Meaning: You entered the quit command with an <i>n</i> variable value of 2 or more of an <i>incrname</i> variable value corresponding to two or more levels higher | or ər. |
| | Action: None | |
| -continued- | | |

quit (end)

Responses for the quit command (continued)

MAP output Meaning and action

The system replaces the display of the ALTCKTTST level with the display of the next higher MAP level.

Meaning: The system exited to the next higher MAP level.

Action: None

-end-

remove

Function

Use the remove command to remove the data associated with the posted TESTID from memory table ALTSCHED.

| remove command parameters and variables | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Command | Parameters and variables |
| remove | There are no parameters or variables. |

Qualifications

If the TESTID is for a scheduled test, the system prompts for a yes or no confirmation.

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the remove command.

| Responses for the remove command | | |
|--|---|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| DATA IS TO BE REMOVED FROM TABLE ALTSCHED. PLEASE CONFIRM YES/NO? | | |
| Meaning | The system requires confirmation before removing the data from table ALTSCHED. | |
| Action: | To confirm the removal, enter yes. To cancel the removal request, enter no. | |
| <failure> FAILED TO DELETE TH</failure> | E DATA FROM TABLE ALTSCHED | |
| Meaning | The system failed to remove the data from memory. The reason for the failure is indicated by <failure>.</failure> | |
| Action: | None | |
| -continued- | | |

remove (end)

| Responses for the remove command (continued) | | |
|--|---|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| NOTHING POST | ED | |
| I | Meaning: The TESTID is not posted. | |
| | Action: Post the required TESTID. | |
| TESTID STATU: NO ACTION TAI | S MUST BE "STOPPED" OR "DEFINED" TO REMOVE. KEN. | |
| ſ | Meaning: The remove command could not be executed because the status of the manual TESTID is something other than stopped or defined. | |
| | Action: None | |
| TESTID STATUS MUST BE "STOPPED" TO REMOVE. NO ACTION TAKEN. | | |
| I | Meaning: The remove command could not be executed because the status of the scheduled TESTID was something other than stopped. | |
| | Action: None | |
| | -end- | |

start

Function

Use the start command to set the posted scheduled ALT test in a state such that it is ready to run at the next scheduled time.

| start command parameters and variables | | |
|--|---|--|
| Command Pa | rameters and variables | |
| start [<u>b</u> la | eginlen Istlen] [<u>full</u> summary] | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| <u>beginlen</u> | This default parameter starts testing from the beginning line equipment number in the block of lines defined for testing. | |
| <u>full</u> | This default parameter generates a detailed ALT109 log when the test is finished. | |
| lastlen | This parameter restarts testing just after the last LEN tested. | |
| summary | This parameter generates an ALT108 summary log when the test is finished. | |

Qualifications

Not currently available

Examples

Not currently available

start (continued)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the start command.

| Responses for the start command | | |
|---|---|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| ALT TESTER PROCESS CANNOT START MANUAL T NOT ENOUGH FREE TEST PROCESS STREAMS. | EST. | |
| Meaning: There are not enough test pr | ocess streams to start the manual test. | |
| Action: You may use the ovrride cor test process streams. | nmand to override another test to free up | |
| ALT TESTER PROCESS HAS ACKNOWLEDGED THE | START REQUEST | |
| Meaning: You properly entered the sta Because the test equipment this action can take some times | rt command for the manual TESTID. is being diagnosed before testing begins, ne to finish. | |
| Action: None | | |
| FAILED TO SEND TO ALT DRIVER PROCESS. WAIT 15 SECONDS, TRY AGAIN. | | |
| Meaning: The system has a problem e | xecuting the start command. | |
| Action: Wait 15 seconds, then reent appears, contact the suppor | er the command. If the same response group. | |
| FAILED TO SEND TO ALT TESTER PROCESS. WAIT 15 SECONDS, TRY AGAIN. | | |
| Meaning: The system has a problem e | xecuting the start command. | |
| Action: Wait 15 seconds, then reent appears, contact the suppor | er the command. If the same response group. | |
| NOTHING POSTED | | |
| Meaning: No TESTID is posted. | | |
| Action: Post the required TESTID. | | |
| -continued- | | |

start (continued)

| Responses for the start command (continued) | | |
|---|---|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| START LEN IS SET TO START FROM "BEGINLEN". PLEASE CONFIRM YES/NO? OF START LEN IS SET TO START FROM "LASTLEN" | | |
| PLEASE CONFIRM YE | S/NO? | |
| Meani | ng: The system requires confirmation of the parameter you entered. | |
| Actior | To confirm, enter yes. To cancel the start request, enter no. | |
| TEST STATUS NOT V | ALID FOR START COMMAND | |
| Meani | ng: The status of the manual TESTID was not stopped or defined. | |
| Actior | Change the manual TESTID status to stopped or defined before attempting to start the TESTID. | |
| TESTID IS NOT IN | "STOPPED" STATUS | |
| Meani | ng: The TESTID is not in the stopped mode. | |
| Actior | The status of the TESTID must be stopped before you can enter the start command. If the status of the TESTID is defined, use the submit command to change the status to stopped. | |
| TESTID REQUIRED TO START FROM BEGINNING, SET TO "BEGINLEN". START LEN IS SET TO START FROM "BEGINLEN". PLEASE CONFIRM YES/NO? | | |
| Meani | ng: You entered the start command with the lastlen parameter, but there has been no previous testing to enable testing from the lastlen. The system has changed the parameter to beginlen and requires confirmation. | |
| Actior | To confirm, enter yes. To cancel the start request, enter no. | |
| -continued- | | |

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start (end)

| Responses for the start command (continued) | | |
|---|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning a | and action | |
| YOUR REQUEST HAS BEE PLEASE WAIT | EN QUEUED. THE ALT TESTER IS BUSY. | |
| Meaning: | The start request for the manual TESTID has been queued because ALT is busy with another request. When ALT is available, the queued request will be processed. | |
| Action: | Do not reenter the start command. Additional start requests for the same TESTID will be ignored. | |
| -end- | | |

status

Function

Use the status command to check the status of the posted TESTID. There are two ways that the status information can be displayed:

- in the test stream format
- in the LCD test set format

The test stream format represents the test equipment used to test the posted TESTID.

The LCD test set format represents the actual line equipment numbers (LENs) being tested by the test equipment associated with the TESTID.

| status command parameters and variables | | |
|---|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| status | stream Icdtestset | |
| Parameters and variables | B Description | |
| lcdtestset | This parameter displays the status of the TESTID in the LCD test set format. | |
| stream | This parameter displays the status of the TESTID in the stream format. | |

Qualifications

None

Examples

The following table provides examples of the status command.

status (continued)

| Examples of | the status com | mand |
|---------------|---|---|
| Example | Task, respoi | nse, and explanation |
| status strear | n ₊ | |
| stream o | displays the stat | us of the posted TESTID in a stream format |
| | Task: | Check the status of the posted TESTID, LNMTCJOHN. Display the status in a stream format. |
| | Response: | |
| | TESTID : L Stream St 0 Active 1 Interr 2 Held 3 Done Explanation: | NMTCJOHN Test type: DIAG ate Test equip. state Last LEN tested MAX LENs LTU 0 SZD HOST 10 0 17 31 12000 TTU 10 SZD upt MTU 23 SZD OPM1 00 1 19 09 320 TTU 3 SZD TTT 34 SB DLM1 11 1 08 20 96 SLTD RCT1 50 9 02 03 256 The system displays the status of the posted TESTID in a stream format. The stream format provides the following information : • the stream number order • the state of the stream • the test equipment used • the last LEN tested by the stream • the total number of LENs the stream could test (based on the LCDs assigned to the stream) |
| status Icdtes | stset ₊ | · · · · |
| where | | |
| lcdtestset o | displays a snaps | shot of the LCD tests for an ALT test |
| | | -continued- |

status (continued)

| Examples of the status command (continued) | | | |
|--|--|--|---|
| Example | Task, respo | nse, and explanation | |
| | Task: | Check the status of the p Display the status in an l | posted TESTID, which is LNMTCFRED. |
| | Response: | | |
| | TESTID : L Start LEN HOST 00 0 HOST 00 1 HOST 00 1 HOST 50 1 HOST 51 0 DLM1 60 0 RCT1 00 0 RCT1 00 1 RCT1 00 2 | INMTCFRED Test type End LEN 00 00 HOST 00 0 9 10 00 HOST 00 0 19 00 00 HOST 00 1 19 00 00 HOST 00 1 19 00 10 HOST 50 1 00 00 09 HOST 50 1 00 00 09 HOST 51 0 00 00 09 DLM1 60 0 09 00 00 RCT1 00 0 44 00 00 RCT1 00 1 03 | <pre>DIAG Stream Vert Testing Status 31 0 0 HOST 00 0 09 10 31 1 1 Done 31 1 2 Suspended 31 1 3 WAITING 20 2 600 Done 10 2 601 HOST 51 0 00 09 31 3 DLM1 60 0 09 02 20 4 10 RCT1 00 0 16 00 10 4 10 WAITING 20 4 10 WAITING</pre> |
| | | Icdtesteset format. The linformation : | cdtestset format provides the following |
| | | the start LEN and er | nd LEN range |
| | | which stream is to preserve a stream is t | rocess the test set |
| | | the vertical on the M | TA (if applicable) |
| | | the status | |
| | | Here is a list of the p meanings: | possible testing status conditions and their |
| | | - <len></len> | the last LEN tested |
| | | - done | the lcd test set have been completely run |
| | | - suspended | the LCD test set cannot be completed because the test equipment is suspected as being faulty. The test equipment passes diagnostics but line cards continue to fail. |
| | | - held | test equipment or the LCD PM is unavailable |
| | | - WAITING | the stream did not get to this LCD test set and the LCD test set is waiting to be run |
| | | -end- | |

status (end)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the status command.

| Responses for the status command | | |
|----------------------------------|----------|---|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action |
| NO STREAM O | R LCD TE | ST SET CALCULATION HAS BEEN DONE |
| | Meaning | The data cannot be displayed because the system has not performed the calculations. |
| | Action: | Use the define command for manual TESTIDs. Or, use the submit command for scheduled TESTIDs. This action will force the system to perform the calculations. |
| NOTHING POSTED | | |
| | Meaning | : No TESTID is posted. |
| | Action: | Post the required TESTID. |

stop

Function

Use the stop command to halt a test and change the TESTID status.

| stop command parameters and variables | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| stop | There are no parameters or variables. | |

Qualifications

Not currently available

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the stop command.

| Responses for the stop command | | |
|--|----------|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action |
| ASKING FOR M | IANUAL T | ESTID TO BE STOPPED |
| | Meaning | The stop request for a manual TESTID has been queued. Since ALT may be busy with other tests, the request may not be executed until the other tests are completed. |
| | Action: | None |
| FAILED TO SEND TO ALT DRIVER PROCESS. WAIT 15 SECONDS, TRY AGAIN. | | |
| _ | Meaning: | The system has a problem executing the stop command. |
| | Action: | Wait 15 seconds, then reenter the command. If the same response appears, contact the support group. |
| | | -continued- |

stop (end)

| Responses for the stop command (continued) | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action | |
| FAILED TO S WAIT 15 SEC | FAILED TO SEND TO ALT TESTER PROCESS. WAIT 15 SECONDS, TRY AGAIN. | | |
| | Meaning | The system has a problem executing the stop command. | |
| | Action: | Wait 15 seconds, then reenter the command. If the same response appears, contact the support group. | |
| NOTHING POS | TED | | |
| | Meaning | : No TESTID is posted. | |
| | Action: | Post the required TESTID. | |
| TEST STATUS | IS NOT | VALID FOR STOP COMMAND | |
| | Meaning | : The status of the manual TESTID is one of defined, deleted, or undefined. The stop command has no effect and is ignored. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| TESTID IS A | LREADY " | STOPPED" | |
| | Meaning | : The TESTID status is already stopped. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| -end- | | | |

submit

Function

Use the submit command to send the defined test data for the posted TESTID into memory table ALTSCHED.

| submit command parameters and variables | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| submit | There are no parameters or variables. | |

Qualifications

None

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the submit command.

| Responses for the submit command | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | |
| COMMAND NOT | VALID FOR MANUAL TESTID | | |
| | Meaning: The submit command does not work with a manual testid. | | |
| | Action: None | | |
| NOT ENOUGH F ENSURE ENOUG | NOT ENOUGH FIELDS DEFINED. ENSURE ENOUGH FIELDS ARE ENTERED. | | |
| | Meaning: You entered the submit command without enough data defined for the TESTID. The TESTID status must either be defined or deleted before the data can be submitted. | | |
| | Action: Define more data for the TESTID. Reenter the submit command. | | |
| NOTHING POST | ED | | |
| | Meaning: No testid is posted. | | |
| | Action: None | | |
| -continued- | | | |

submit (continued)

| Responses for the submit command (continued) | | |
|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| <reason> CANNOT CONVERT ALT MAP TIMES TO ALTSCHED DATA TIMES. PROBLEM CONVERTING MAP DATA TO ALTSCHED DATA FORMAT FOR ENTRY. QUIT THE MAP, TRY AGAIN.</reason> | | |
| Meaning: The system was unable to store the time data. The reason is given in the beginning of the response. | | |
| Action: Contact the system support group. | | |
| <reason> INTERNAL DATA BAD. PROBLEM CONVERTING MAP DATA TO ALTSCHED DATA FORMAT FOR ENTRY. QUIT THE MAP, TRY AGAIN.</reason> | | |
| Meaning: The system is unable to store the startlen and endlen data. The reason is given at the beginning of the response. | | |
| Action: Contact the system support group. | | |
| TABLE ALTSCHED ALREADY CONTAINS THIS TESTID | | |
| Meaning: The TESTID you entered is already in memory (table ALTSCHED). | | |
| Action: Define the data against a different TESTID. | | |
| THE DATA HAS FAILED TO BE ADDED INTO TABLE ALTSCHED. | | |
| Meaning: The system was unable to submit the data. The table control reason is given at the beginning of the response. | | |
| Action: Check the test data. Reenter the command. | | |
| THE DATA HAS FAILED TO VERIFY REQUIREMENTS OF TABLE ALTSCHED. | | |
| Meaning: The system was unable to verify the data. The table control reason is given at the beginning of the response. | | |
| Action: Check the test data. Reenter the command. | | |
| -continued- | | |

submit (end)

Responses for the submit command (continued)

MAP output Meaning and action

THE DATA HAS BEEN ADDED INTO TABLE ALTSCHED

Meaning: The data has been successfully stored in memory (table ALTSCHED).

Action: None

-end-

ALTDIAG level commands

Use the ALTDIAG level of the MAP to perform the extended diagnostic test (DIAG) on the ALT.

Accessing the ALTDIAG level

To access the ALTDIAG level, enter the following from the CI level: mapci;mtc;lns;alt;diag ↓

ALTDIAG commands

The commands available at the ALTDIAG MAP level are described in this chapter and arranged in alphabetical order. The page number for each command is listed in the following table.

| Command | Page |
|---------|-------|
| define | A-139 |
| defman | A-149 |
| defschd | A-151 |
| ovrride | A-153 |
| post | A-157 |
| quit | A-159 |
| remove | A-163 |
| start | A-165 |
| status | A-169 |
| stop | A-173 |
| submit | A-175 |

ALTDIAG menu

The following figure shows the ALTDIAG menu and status display.

CM MS IOD Net PM CCS LNS Trks Ext APPL CM FLT SysB 210COS 2PAIR 1LCM 2 RSC . 48CC. . ACBLNK M M M *C* *C* *C* *C* ALTDIAG TESTID: 0 Quit Status: STARTLEN ENDLEN 2 Post_ Linetype: 3 4 Start 4 Start 5 Stop 6 Remove 7 Define_ TOTAL 8 Submit CURRENT 9 PASS FAIL N/A TOTAL 9 11 DefMAN cont 12 Cont MON TUE WED THU FRI SAT SUN 13 DefSCHD_ stop 14 15 Status_ 16 17 OVRride 18

Common responses

The following table provides explanations of the common responses to the ALTDIAG commands. These responses will be produced by many of the commands under the ALTDIAG level. This table will be referred to from the individual command descriptions to which it pertains.

| Common responses for the ALTDIAG commands | | |
|---|---|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| "MANUAL" IS | NOT ALLOWED AS PART OF TESTID | |
| | Meaning: The word manual is not allowed as the test identifier (TESTID). | |
| | Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | |
| | -continued- | |
| | | |

| Common responses for the ALTDIAG commands (continued) | | | |
|--|-------------------------|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action | |
| TABLE ALTSC | TABLE ALTSCHED IS EMPTY | | |
| | Meaning | There are no TESTIDs stored in memory. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| TESTID IS 6 | TO 12 C | HARACTERS | |
| | Meaning | You have entered a TESTID that is too short or too long. | |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID. Reenter the command. | |
| THE COMMAND QUIT THE <a< td=""><td>ENTERED</td><td>CAN ONLY BE USED IN THE ALT LEVEL. evel> LEVEL FIRST.</td></a<> | ENTERED | CAN ONLY BE USED IN THE ALT LEVEL. evel> LEVEL FIRST. | |
| | Meaning | : You can use the command only from the main ALT level. | |
| | Action: | Quit from the ALT sublevel indicated by <alt sublevel="">. Reenter the command.</alt> | |
| THE TEST TY | PE OF TH | E GIVEN TESTID IS NOT VALID FOR THIS LEVEL | |
| | Meaning | The TESTID you entered does not correspond to a test. | |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID and reenter the command. Or, use the post command to post the TESTID. Posting the TESTID will bring you to the appropriate ALT sublevel associated with the TESTID. | |
| THE TESTID | IS NOT I | N TABLE ALTSCHED | |
| | Meaning | The TESTID you entered is not stored in memory. | |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID. Reenter the command. | |
| THIS MAP HA USE <alt le<="" td=""><td>S MANUAL vel> TO</td><td>ALT DEFINED OR RUNNING. POST THE MANUAL TESTID FOR THIS MAP.</td></alt> | S MANUAL vel> TO | ALT DEFINED OR RUNNING. POST THE MANUAL TESTID FOR THIS MAP. | |
| | Meaning | : You entered the command while a manual alt is set up. Nothing can be posted until the manual TESTID is removed. | |
| | Action: | Go to the ALT level indicated by <alt level=""> and remove the manual TESTID data.</alt> | |
| | | -end- | |

define

Function

Use the define command to specify test data for the specified TESTID.

| define comma | nd parameters and variables |
|--------------------------|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables |
| define | extensiontestidstartlenstringendlenstringtimestartemf $\begin{bmatrix} emfdcv \\ emfacv \end{bmatrix}$ tgrgtrtr |
| | resvalue $\begin{bmatrix} tg \\ rg \\ tr \end{bmatrix}$ mct lct |
| | linetype standard isdn all |
| | cap thresh nummsg number service voice data all |
| | location terminal linecard comm |
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| all | This variable represents all line types to be tested in the automatic line testing keyset line circuit test (ALTCKTTST) and automatic line testing line insulation test (ALTLIT) levels. |
| сар | This parameter specifies that the capacitance test is to be performed (default threshold = 0.1 microfarad). |
| | -continued- |

define (continued)

| define command parameters and variables (continued) | | |
|---|---|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| comm | This parameter requests the commissioning test to be performed. This test can only be performed if the ALTNOPT module is in the software load. Entering this parameter performs a ring test and performs a dial tone test for line cards that have a directory number assigned. | |
| emf | This parameter specifies that the electromotive force test is to be performed at the default values (EMFACV = 2 volts; EMFDCV = 2 volts). | |
| emfacv | This parameter prepares to change the default value for the EMFAC voltage. | |
| emfdcv | This parameter prepares to change the default value for the EMFDC voltage. | |
| endlen | This parameter prepares to identify the last line in the block of lines to be tested. | |
| extension | This parameter prepares to specify the TESTID of a previously defined test. | |
| isdn | This variable represents Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) line types to be tested in the ALTCKTTST and ALTLIT levels. | |
| lct | This variable specifies the least critical resistance threshold in increments of 100 ohms from 1-7500 increments. | |
| linetype | This parameter is the type of line to be tested. The parameter is available for the four-level pulse amplitude modulation (PAM) code with 2 binary to 1 quaternary symbol coding (2B1Q) Integrated Services Digital Network line card (ISLC) and the associated line. Alternate mark inversion (AMI) lines are skipped. This parameter represents the standard line type to be tested in the ALTCKTTST and ALTLIT levels. | |
| location | This parameter prepares to specify where the test is to run, either at the terminal or linecard, where the following occurs: | |
| | linecard-the keyset line circuit test (CKTTST) is run at the linecard. | |
| | terminal-(default) the CKTTST is run at the terminal unless the line is an AIM or an integrated bit error rate test (IBERT). If an AIM or an IBERT, the test is run at the linecard. | |
| mct | This variable specifies the most critical resistance threshold in increments of 100 ohms from 1-7500 increments. | |
| number | This variable specifies the number of messages, from 1-50, to send during the CKTTST. The default is the value contained in office parameter circuit_test_number_messages. | |
| -continued- | | |

define (continued)

| define command parameters and variables (continued) | | |
|---|---|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| nummsg | This parameter prepares to specify the number of messages to be sent during the test. | |
| resvalue | This parameter prepares to change the most and least critical resistance value for the rg, tg, or tr test. | |
| rg | This parameter specifies that a ring to ground resistance test is to be performed at the default values [most critical threshold (mct) = 40k ohms; least critical threshold (lct) = 200k ohms]. | |
| service | This parameter prepares to specify the type of keyset lines on which to run the test either all, data, or voice. The keyset lines are the following: | |
| | all-(default) all types of keyset lines are tested | |
| | data-data lines, aim lines, and ibert lines are tested | |
| | Voice-electronic business set lines are tested | |
| standard | This variable represents the standard line type to be tested in the ALTCKTTST an ALTLIT levels. | |
| start | This variable specifies the day and time when the test will start. The <i>start</i> format is day hh mm where | |
| | day-is the day of the week: mon, tue, wed, thu, fri, sat, or sun | |
| | hh-is the hour of the day from 00-23 | |
| | mm-is the minute of the hour from 00-59 | |
| startlen | This parameter prepares to identify the first line in the block of lines to be tested. | |
| stop | This variable specifies the day and time when the test will stop. The <i>stop</i> format is the same as the <i>start</i> format. | |
| string | This variable is the line equipment number in the following form: site ff u dd cc where | |
| | cc-is the circuit number from 00 to 31 | |
| | dd-is the drawer number from 00 to 31 | |
| | ff-is the frame number from 00 to 99 | |
| | site-is the site of the equipment | |
| | u-is the unit number from 0 to 9 | |
| | -continued- | |

define (continued)

| define command parameters and variables (continued) | | |
|---|--|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| testid | This variable specifies the test identifier consisting of a 6-12 character alphanumeric string used to identify manual and scheduled automatic line tests (ALT). | |
| tg | This parameter specifies that a tip to ground resistance test is to be performed at the default values [most critical threshold (mct) = 40k ohms; least critical threshold (lct) = 200k ohms]. | |
| thresh | This variable specifies the capacitance threshold in increments of 0.001 microfarads from 1-5000 increments. | |
| time | This parameter prepares to identify the schedule for the test. | |
| tr | This parameter specifies that a tip to ring resistance test is to be performed at the default values [most critical threshold (mct) = 40k ohms; least critical threshold (lct) = 200k ohms]. | |
| volts | This variable specifies the voltage limit, from 1-300 volts for EMFDCV and EFMACV. | |
| -end- | | |

Qualifications

The define command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions, and limitations:

- The LIT parameters are valid only at the ALTLIT sublevel.
- The comm option is only available when the ALTNOPT module is loaded in the switch.
- The CKTTST option is only available when the ALTNOPT module is loaded in the switch.
- The comm option applies only to manual TESTIDs and diag TESTIDs.
Example

The following table provides an example of the define command.

| Example of the define command | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|---|
| Example | Task, respon | se, and explanation |
| define linetyp | oe isdn | |
| | Task: | Define the linetype for a posted ISDN bus which connects the network termination 1 (NT1) to the terminal equipment for access to the ISDN (S/T) loop or a 2B1Q loop in the ALTCKTTST and ALTLIT sublevels of ALT. |
| | Response: | The LINETYPE will be updated to ISDN. The location will change to LINECARD. |
| | Explanation: | The linetype is updated to ISDN and the location is changed to linecard. |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the define command.

| Responses for the define command | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action |
| COMMISSIONI | NG OPTIC | N IS ONLY ALLOWED ON MANUAL AND DIAG TESTIDS |
| | Meaning | : You entered the define command with the comm parameter for a TESTID that was not associated with a diag or manual test. |
| | Action: | None |
| CONVERSION | OF <data< th=""><th>> PROBLEM</th></data<> | > PROBLEM |
| | Meaning | The system cannot process the startlen and endlen data (indicated by <a href="https://catasystem.cannot.catasystem.catasyste</th> |
| | Action: | Contact the system support group. |
| | | -continued- |

| Responses for the define command (continued) |
|---|
| IAP output Meaning and action |
| FAILED TO READ FROM ALTSCHED, <testid></testid> |
| Meaning: The system has a problem reading the data for the TESTID indicated in the response. |
| Action: Contact the system support group. |
| <le>> INTERNAL DATA BAD</le> |
| Meaning: The startlen and endlen data cannot be displayed. |
| Action: Contact the system support group. |
| MANUAL" IS NOT ALLOWED AS PART OF TESTID |
| Meaning: The word manual is not allowed as the TESTID. |
| Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. |
| NO STORE HAS BEEN ALLOCATED FOR MANUAL TEST |
| Meaning: If this system response is not accompanied by another response, there is insufficient temporary storage for ALT |
| Action: Contact the system support group. |
| NOTHING IS POSTED FOR DEFINING |
| Meaning: No TESTID is posted. |
| Action: Use the defman or defschd command to create a TESTID. Then post the required TESTID. |
| THER FIELDS HAVE BEEN DEFINED AND THEY ARE NOT COMPATIBLE |
| Meaning: The command string define extension is not compatible with existing data. |
| Action: Check the data. Reenter the command. |
| -continued- |

| Responses for the define | e command (continued) |
|---|--|
| MAP output Meaning | and action |
| PARAMETER <paramete< td=""><td>r> NOT VALID FOR EXTENSION TESTS</td></paramete<> | r> NOT VALID FOR EXTENSION TESTS |
| Meaning: | The define command could not be entered for an extension test with the parameter indicated by <parameter> (for example, startlen, endlen, or lit).</parameter> |
| Action: | None |
| PARAMETER <paramete< td=""><td>r> NOT VALID FOR MANUAL TESTS</td></paramete<> | r> NOT VALID FOR MANUAL TESTS |
| Meaning: | The define command could not be entered for a manual TESTID with the parameter indicated by <parameter> (for example, extension or time).</parameter> |
| Action: | None |
| PARAMETER <paramete< td=""><td>r> NOT VALID FOR TEST TYPE OF POSTED MAP</td></paramete<> | r> NOT VALID FOR TEST TYPE OF POSTED MAP |
| Meaning: | The parameters you entered do not apply to the current ALT sublevel. |
| Action: | Enter the data that corresponds to the current sublevel. |
| POSTED TESTID IS SU | BMITTED OR STARTED ALREADY |
| Meaning: | The test data for the specified TESTID is already defined. |
| Action: | None |
| <reason> NO STORE HAS BEEN A</reason> | LLOCATED FOR MANUAL TEST. |
| Meaning: | There is insufficient store allocation for the manual test definition. The reason is indicated by <reason>.</reason> |
| Action: | Change the define parameters as indicated by the system response. |
| TABLE ALTSCHED IS E | МРТҮ |
| Meaning: | There are no TESTIDs stored in memory. |
| Action: | None |
| | -continued- |

| Responses for the define command (continued) |
|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action |
| TERMINAL INVALID FOR ISDN LOOPS LOCATION CHANGED TO LINECARD |
| Meaning: An attempt to specify terminal as the location parameter. The system has changed the location parameter to linecard. |
| Action: |
| TEST TYPE OF EXTENSION TESTID NOT SAME AS SUB-LEVEL |
| Meaning: The TESTID you entered does not correspond to the current ALT sublevel. |
| Action: Check the TESTID, then reenter the command. |
| TESTID DATA CANNOT BE FOUND IN ALTSCHED |
| Meaning: The TESTID you entered cannot be found in memory (table ALTSCHED). |
| Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. |
| TESTID GIVEN WITH "EXTENSION" IS NOT PRIMARY TESTID |
| Meaning: The TESTID you entered is incorrect. The TESTID must be for a test that is already defined. |
| Action: Check the TESTID, then reenter the command. |
| TESTID IS 6 TO 12 CHARACTERS |
| Meaning: The TESTID entered was too short or too long. |
| Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. |
| The LINETYPE will be updated to ISDN. The location will change to LINECARD. |
| Meaning: The linetype is updated to ISDN and the location is changed to linecard. |
| Action: None |
| -continued- |

define (end)

| Responses for the define command (continued) | |
|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning | and action |
| THE <parameter> OPI</parameter> | ION HAS TO BE ENTERED FIRST |
| Meaning | The parameter indicated in the response must be entered before other parameters can be defined. |
| Action: | Check the data. Enter the parameter indicated in the response before defining the values for the LIT test. |
| THE STARTLEN HAS TO | BE DEFINED FIRST |
| Meaning | You entered the command string define endlen before the startlen was defined. |
| Action: | Enter the command string define startlen before entering the define endlen command string. |
| THE TIMES GIVEN WRA | P AROUND THE WHOLE WEEK |
| Meaning | Using the command string define time, the stop time you entered was earlier than the start time on the same day. |
| Action: | Select different times. Reenter the command. |
| | -end- |

Function

Use the defman command to assign a TESTID to the test that corresponds to the current ALT sublevel.

| defman command parameters and variables | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Command | Parameters and variables |
| defman | There are no parameters or variables. |

Qualification

Only one manual TESTID is allowed per MAP.

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the defman command.

Responses for the defman command

MAP output Meaning and action

THIS MAP HAS A MANUAL ALT SET UP. IT MUST BE REMOVED FIRST.

Meaning: A manual TESTID is already defined.

Action: Use the remove command to remove the manual TESTID.

defschd

Function

Use the defschd command to assign a TESTID to the scheduled test that corresponds to the current ALT sublevel.

| defschd command parameters and variables | | |
|--|---|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| defschd | defschd testid | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| testid | This variable specifies the test identifier consisting of a 6-12 character alphanumeric string. | |

Qualifications

The defschd command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions, and limitations:

- The first character of the TESTID must be a letter, not a number.
- Do not use the word manual as the TESTID.

Example

The following table provides an example of the defschd command.

| Example of th | ne defschd comr | nand |
|-----------------------|-------------------|--|
| Example | Task, respon | se, and explanation |
| defschd lcmt where | tests .⊣ | |
| lcmtests is | s a TESTID that o | corresponds to the LIT sublevel |
| | Task: | Assign a TESTID for the LIT test. |
| | Response: | Not currently available |
| | Explanation: | The TESTID lcmtests is assigned to the LIT test. |

defschd (end)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the defschd command.

| Responses for | the defschd command |
|------------------------------|---|
| MAP output | Meaning and action |
| "MANUAL" IS | NOT ALLOWED AS PART OF TESTID |
| | Meaning: The word manual is not allowed as the TESTID. |
| | Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. |
| TABLE ALTSCH | HED ALREADY CONTAINS THIS TESTID |
| | Meaning: The TESTID you tried to create already exists. |
| | Action: Use a different TESTID. |
| TABLE ALTSCH | HED IS EMPTY |
| | Meaning: There are no TESTIDs stored in memory. |
| | Action: None |
| TESTID IS 6 | TO 12 CHARACTERS |
| | Meaning: The TESTID entered was too short or too long. |
| | Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. |
| THE TESTID | IS NOT IN TABLE ALTSCHED |
| | Meaning: The TESTID you entered is not stored in memory. |
| | Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. |
| THIS MAP HAS IT MUST BE H | S A MANUAL ALT SET UP. REMOVED FIRST. |
| | Meaning: A manual TESTID is already defined. |
| | Action: Use the remove command to remove the manual TESTID. |

ovrride

Function

Use the ovrride command to postpone a scheduled test so that testing will not start until a specified day and time has passed.

| ovrride comma | nd parameters and variables |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Command F | Parameters and variables |
| ovrride | untilafter <i>day hh mm</i> all <i>all</i> query |
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| all | This parameter specifies that the override action includes all TESTIDs at all sublevels of ALT. |
| clear | This parameter cancels the request to override the test schedule for the posted TESTID or all TESTIDs. |
| day | This variable specifies the day of the week: mon, tue, wed, thu, fri, sat, or sun. |
| hh | This variable specifies the hour of the day, from 00-23. |
| mm | This variable specifies the minute of the hour, from 00-59. |
| query | This parameter displays the actual date after which testing will resume. |
| untilafter | This parameter specifies that testing will resume after a specified day and time. |

Qualifications

The ovrride command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions, and limitations:

- TESTIDs in a stopped status cannot be overridden.
- Data and time changes at the switch do not change the date and time after which testing will resume.

Examples

Not currently available

ovrride (continued)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the ovrride command.

| Responses for the ovrride command |
|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action |
| ACTION TO BE DONE TO ALL TESTIDS. PLEASE CONFIRM YES/NO? |
| Meaning: You entered the ovrrride command with the all parameter and the system requires confirmation before performing the action. |
| Action: To continue with the override request, enter yes. To cancel the override request, enter no. |
| ACTIVE TESTING CAN RESUME AFTER SWITCH TIME <day><date><time></time></date></day> |
| Meaning: The query request has been performed. The display shows the switch time when testing can resume. |
| Action: None |
| COMMAND NOT VALID FOR MANUAL TESTID |
| Meaning: The ovrride command cannot be used with a manual TESTID. |
| Action: None |
| NOTHING POSTED |
| Meaning: No TESTID is posted. |
| Action: Post the required TESTID. |
| STATUS OF THE TESTID IS NOT OVERRIDDEN |
| Meaning: The query request cannot be performed because the TESTID you entered is not overridden. |
| Action: None |
| -continued- |

ovrride (end)

| Responses for the ovrride command (continued) | | |
|--|---|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| TESTID STATUS IS NOT VALID FOR OVRRIDE COMMAND | | |
| | Meaning: The TESTID status (stopped) cannot be overridden. | |
| | Action: None | |
| THERE IS NO | ALTSCHED DATA | |
| | Meaning: There is no data in memory (table ALTSCHED). The posted data was only a private copy. | |
| | Action: None | |
| | -end- | |

post

Function

Use the post command to select for action the scheduled ALT TESTID that is stored in memory.

| post command parameters and variables | | |
|---|---|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| post | testid | |
| Parameters and variables Description | | |
| testid | This variable specifies the test identifier consisting of a 6-12 character alphanumeric string. | |

Qualifications

If the post command is entered while a TESTID is posted, the data for the posted TESTID will be replaced by the new TESTID.

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

Refer to the common responses table in the beginning of this section for responses common to ALT commands.

| Responses for the post command | | |
|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| TEST TYPE NOT THE SAME AS ALT SUB-LEVEL | | |
| Meaning: The TESTID you entered does not correspond to the current sublevel. | | |
| Action: Use the altinfo command to determine the test type of the TESTID. | | |

quit

Function

Use the quit command to exit from the current menu level and return to a previous menu level.

| quit command parameters and variables | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| quit | <u>1</u> all incrname n | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| 1 | This default parameter causes the system to display the next higher MAP level. | |
| all | This parameter causes the system to display the CI level from any level. | |
| incrname | This variable causes the system to exit the specified level and all sublevels. The system displays the next level higher than the one specified. Values for <i>incrname</i> are menu level names, such as lns, mtc, or mapci. | |
| n | This variable identifies a specified number of retreat levels from the current level. The range of retreat levels is 0-6. However, the system cannot accept a level number higher than the number of the current level. | |

Qualifications

None

Examples

The following table provides examples of the quit command.

| Examples of the quit command | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | |
| quit ₊ | | | |
| | Task: | Exit from the ALTDIAG level to the previous menu level. | |
| | Response: | The display changes to the display of a higher level menu. | |
| | Explanation: | The ALTDIAG level has changed to the previous menu level. | |
| -continued- | | | |

quit (continued)

| Examples of the quit command (continued) | | |
|--|---------------------------------|---|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | |
| quit mtc where | ل | |
| mtc specifies the level higher than the ALTDIAG level to be exited | | |
| | Task: | Return to the MAPCI level (one menu level higher than MTC). |
| | Response: | The display changes to the MAPCI menu display: |
| | | MAPCI: |
| | Explanation: | The ALTDIAG level has returned to the MAPCI level. |
| -end- | | |

Responses

The following table provides an explanation of the responses to the quit command.

| Responses for the quit command | | |
|---|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| CI: | | |
| | Meaning: The system exited all MAP menu levels and returned to the CI level. | |
| | Action: None | |
| QUIT Unable to quit requested number of levels Last parameter evaluated was: 1 | | |
| | Meaning: You entered an invalid level number. The number you entered exceeds the number of MAP levels from which to quit. | |
| | Action: Reenter the command using an appropriate level number. | |
| The system replaces the ALTDIAG level menu with a menu that is two or more levels higher. | | |
| | Meaning: You entered the quit command with an <i>n</i> variable value of 2 or more or an <i>incrname</i> variable value corresponding to two or more levels higher. | |
| | Action: None | |
| -continued- | | |

quit (end)

Responses for the quit command (continued)

MAP output Meaning and action

The system replaces the display of the ALTDIAG level with the display of the next higher MAP level.

Meaning: The system exited to the next higher MAP level.

Action: None

-end-

remove

Function

Use the remove command to remove the data associated with the posted TESTID from memory table ALTSCHED.

| remove command parameters and variables | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| remove | There are no parameters or variables. | |

Qualifications

If the TESTID is for a scheduled test, the system prompts for a yes or no confirmation.

Examples

To be supplied

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the remove command.

| Responses for the remove command | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | | |
| DATA IS TO BE REMOVED FROM TABLE ALTSCHED. PLEASE CONFIRM YES/NO? | | | |
| Meaning | The system requires confirmation before removing the data from table ALTSCHED. | | |
| Action: | To confirm the removal, enter yes. To cancel the removal request, enter no. | | |
| <failure> FAILED TO DELETE THE DATA FROM TABLE ALTSCHED</failure> | | | |
| Meaning | The system failed to remove the data from memory. The reason for the failure is indicated by <failure>.</failure> | | |
| Action: | None | | |
| -continued- | | | |

remove (end)

| Responses for the remove command (continued) | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| MAP output M | leaning and action | | |
| NOTHING POSTE | 1D | | |
| N | leaning: The TESTID is not posted. | | |
| Α | ction: Post the required TESTID. | | |
| TESTID STATUS NO ACTION TAK | TESTID STATUS MUST BE "STOPPED" OR "DEFINED" TO REMOVE. NO ACTION TAKEN. | | |
| M | leaning: The remove command could not be executed because the status of the manual TESTID is something other than stopped or defined. | | |
| А | Action: None | | |
| TESTID STATUS MUST BE "STOPPED" TO REMOVE. NO ACTION TAKEN. | | | |
| M | leaning: The remove command could not be executed because the status of the scheduled TESTID was something other than stopped. | | |
| Α | Action: None | | |
| -end- | | | |

start

Function

Use the start command to set the posted scheduled ALT test in a state such that it is ready to run at the next scheduled time.

| start command parameters and variables | | |
|--|---|--|
| Command Pa | rameters and variables | |
| start [<u>b</u> la | eginlen Istlen] [<u>full</u> summary] | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| <u>beginlen</u> | This default parameter starts testing from the beginning line equipment number in the block of lines defined for testing. | |
| <u>full</u> | This default parameter generates a detailed ALT109 log when the test is finished. | |
| lastlen | This parameter restarts testing just after the last LEN tested. | |
| summary | This parameter generates an ALT108 summary log when the test is finished. | |

Qualifications

Not currently available

Examples

Not currently available

start (continued)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the start command.

| Responses for the start command | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | | |
| ALT TESTER PROCESS CANNOT START MANUAL TEST. NOT ENOUGH FREE TEST PROCESS STREAMS. | | | |
| Meaning: There are not enough test process stre | eams to start the manual test. | | |
| Action: You may use the ovrride command to test process streams. | override another test to free up | | |
| ALT TESTER PROCESS HAS ACKNOWLEDGED THE START RE | QUEST | | |
| Meaning: You properly entered the start commar Because the test equipment is being d this action can take some time to finish | nd for the manual TESTID. iagnosed before testing begins, n. | | |
| Action: None | | | |
| FAILED TO SEND TO ALT DRIVER PROCESS. WAIT 15 SECONDS, TRY AGAIN. | | | |
| Meaning: The system has a problem executing the | ne start command. | | |
| Action: Wait 15 seconds, then reenter the com appears, contact the support group. | nmand. If the same response | | |
| FAILED TO SEND TO ALT TESTER PROCESS. WAIT 15 SECONDS, TRY AGAIN. | | | |
| Meaning: The system has a problem executing the | ne start command. | | |
| Action: Wait 15 seconds, then reenter the com appears, contact the support group. | nmand. If the same response | | |
| NOTHING POSTED | | | |
| Meaning: No TESTID is posted. | | | |
| Action: Post the required TESTID. | | | |
| -continued- | | | |

start (continued)

| Responses for the start command (continued) | | |
|---|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning | and action | |
| START LEN IS SET TO START FROM "BEGINLEN". PLEASE CONFIRM YES/NO? Or START LEN IS SET TO START FROM "LASTLEN". | | |
| PLEASE CONFIRM IES/ | | |
| Meaning: | The system requires confirmation of the parameter you entered. | |
| Action: | To confirm, enter yes. To cancel the start request, enter no. | |
| TEST STATUS NOT VAL | ID FOR START COMMAND | |
| Meaning: | The status of the manual TESTID was not stopped or defined. | |
| Action: | Change the manual TESTID status to stopped or defined before attempting to start the TESTID. | |
| TESTID IS NOT IN "S | TOPPED" STATUS | |
| Meaning: | The TESTID is not in the stopped mode. | |
| Action: | The status of the TESTID must be stopped before you can enter the start command. If the status of the TESTID is defined, use the submit command to change the status to stopped. | |
| TESTID REQUIRED TO START FROM BEGINNING, SET TO "BEGINLEN". START LEN IS SET TO START FROM "BEGINLEN". PLEASE CONFIRM YES/NO? | | |
| Meaning: | You entered the start command with the lastlen parameter, but there has been no previous testing to enable testing from the lastlen. The system has changed the parameter to beginlen and requires confirmation. | |
| Action: | To confirm, enter yes. To cancel the start request, enter no. | |
| | -continued- | |

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start (end)

| Responses for the start command (continued) | | |
|---|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning | and action | |
| YOUR REQUEST HAS BE PLEASE WAIT | EN QUEUED. THE ALT TESTER IS BUSY. | |
| Meaning: | The start request for the manual TESTID has been queued because ALT is busy with another request. When ALT is available, the queued request will be processed. | |
| Action: | Do not reenter the start command. Additional start requests for the same TESTID will be ignored. | |
| | -end- | |

status

Function

Use the status command to check the status of the posted TESTID. There are two ways that the status information can be displayed:

- in the test stream format
- in the LCD test set format

The test stream format represents the test equipment used to test the posted TESTID.

The LCD test set format represents the actual line equipment numbers (LENs) being tested by the test equipment associated with the TESTID.

| status command parameters and variables | | |
|---|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| status | stream Icdtestset | |
| Parameters and variables | s Description | |
| lcdtestset | This parameter displays the status of the TESTID in the LCD test set format. | |
| stream | This parameter displays the status of the TESTID in the stream format. | |

Qualifications

None

Examples

The following table provides examples of the status command.

status (continued)

| Examples of | e status command |
|------------------------|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation |
| status strear | L |
| stream o | splays the status of the posted TESTID in a stream format |
| | Task:Check the status of the posted TESTID, LNMTCJOHN. Display the status in a stream format. |
| | Response: |
| | TESTID : LNMTCJOHN Test type: DIAG Stream State Test equip. state Last LEN tested MAX LENS 0 Active LTU 0 SZD HOST 10 0 17 31 12000 TTU 10 SZD 1 Interrupt MTU 23 SZD OPM1 00 1 19 09 320 TTU 3 SZD 2 Held TTT 34 SB DLM1 11 1 08 20 96 3 Done SLTD RCT1 50 9 02 03 256 Explanation: The system displays the status of the posted TESTID in a stream format. The stream format provides the following information : • the state of the stream • the test equipment used • the last LEN tested by the stream • the total number of LENs the stream could test (based on the |
| | LCDs assigned to the stream) |
| status lcdtes where | set ⊣ |
| lcdtestset o | splays a snapshot of the LCD tests for an ALT test |
| | -continued- |

status (continued)

| Examples of t | the status comm | and (continued) | |
|---------------|--|--|---|
| Example | Task, respons | se, and explanation | |
| | Task: | Check the status of the po Display the status in an Ic | osted TESTID, which is LNMTCFRED. |
| | Response: | | |
| | TESTID : LNN Start LEN HOST 00 0 HOST 00 1 0 HOST 00 1 0 HOST 00 1 0 HOST 50 1 0 HOST 51 0 0 DLM1 60 0 0 RCT1 00 1 0 RCT1 00 2 0 | MTCFRED Test type: End LEN 0 00 HOST 00 0 09 1 0 00 HOST 00 0 19 1 0 00 HOST 00 1 09 1 0 00 HOST 00 1 19 1 0 10 HOST 50 1 00 1 0 09 HOST 51 0 00 1 0 09 DLM1 60 0 09 1 0 00 RCT1 00 1 04 1 0 00 RCT1 00 1 03 1 | DIAG Stream Vert Testing Status 31 0 0 HOST 00 0 09 10 31 1 1 Done 31 1 2 Suspended 31 1 3 WAITING 20 2 600 Done 10 2 601 HOST 51 0 00 09 31 3 DLM1 60 0 09 02 20 4 10 RCT1 00 0 16 00 10 4 10 WAITING 20 4 10 WAITING |
| | Explanation: | The system displays the s lcdtesteset format. The lcd information : | status of the posted TESTID in the dtestset format provides the following |
| | | the start LEN and end | d LEN range |
| | | which stream is to pro | ocess the test set |
| | | the vertical on the MT | A (if applicable) |
| | | the status | |
| | | Here is a list of the po meanings: | ossible testing status conditions and their |
| | | - <len></len> | the last LEN tested |
| | | - done | the lcd test set have been completely run |
| | | - suspended | the LCD test set cannot be completed because the test equipment is suspected as being faulty. The test equipment passes diagnostics but line cards continue to fail. |
| | | - held | test equipment or the LCD PM is unavailable |
| | | - WAITING | the stream did not get to this LCD test set and the LCD test set is waiting to be run |
| | | -end- | |

status (end)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the status command.

| Responses for the status command | | |
|----------------------------------|----------|---|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action |
| NO STREAM O | R LCD TE | ST SET CALCULATION HAS BEEN DONE |
| | Meaning | The data cannot be displayed because the system has not performed the calculations. |
| | Action: | Use the define command for manual TESTIDs. Or, use the submit command for scheduled TESTIDs. This action will force the system to perform the calculations. |
| NOTHING POS | TED | |
| | Meaning | No TESTID is posted. |
| | Action: | Post the required TESTID. |

stop

Function

Use the stop command to halt a test and change the TESTID status.

| stop command parameters and variables | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Command | Parameters and variables |
| stop | There are no parameters or variables. |

Qualifications

Not currently available

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the stop command.

| Responses for the stop command | | |
|--|----------|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action |
| ASKING FOR M | IANUAL T | ESTID TO BE STOPPED |
| | Meaning | The stop request for a manual TESTID has been queued. Since ALT may be busy with other tests, the request may not be executed until the other tests are completed. |
| | Action: | None |
| FAILED TO SEND TO ALT DRIVER PROCESS. WAIT 15 SECONDS, TRY AGAIN. | | |
| _ | Meaning | The system has a problem executing the stop command. |
| | Action: | Wait 15 seconds, then reenter the command. If the same response appears, contact the support group. |
| | | -continued- |

stop (end)

| Responses for the stop command (continued) | | |
|--|----------------------|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action |
| FAILED TO S WAIT 15 SEC | end to a Onds, tr | LT TESTER PROCESS. Y AGAIN. |
| | Meaning | The system has a problem executing the stop command. |
| | Action: | Wait 15 seconds, then reenter the command. If the same response appears, contact the support group. |
| NOTHING POS | TED | |
| | Meaning | : No TESTID is posted. |
| | Action: | Post the required TESTID. |
| TEST STATUS | IS NOT | VALID FOR STOP COMMAND |
| | Meaning | : The status of the manual TESTID is one of defined, deleted, or undefined. The stop command has no effect and is ignored. |
| | Action: | None |
| TESTID IS A | LREADY " | STOPPED" |
| | Meaning | : The TESTID status is already stopped. |
| | Action: | None |
| | | -end- |

submit

Function

Use the submit command to send the defined test data for the posted TESTID into memory table ALTSCHED.

| submit command parameters and variables | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Command | Parameters and variables |
| submit | There are no parameters or variables. |

Qualifications

None

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the submit command.

| Responses for the submit command | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | |
| COMMAND NOT | VALID FOR MANUAL TESTID | | |
| | Meaning: The submit command does not work with a manual testid. | | |
| | Action: None | | |
| NOT ENOUGH F ENSURE ENOUG | NOT ENOUGH FIELDS DEFINED. ENSURE ENOUGH FIELDS ARE ENTERED. | | |
| | Meaning: You entered the submit command without enough data defined for the TESTID. The TESTID status must either be defined or deleted before the data can be submitted. | | |
| | Action: Define more data for the TESTID. Reenter the submit command. | | |
| NOTHING POST | ED | | |
| | Meaning: No testid is posted. | | |
| | Action: None | | |
| | -continued- | | |

submit (continued)

| Responses for the submit command (continued) | |
|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | |
| <reason> CANNOT CONVERT ALT MAP TIMES TO ALTSCHED DATA TIMES. PROBLEM CONVERTING MAP DATA TO ALTSCHED DATA FORMAT FOR ENTRY. QUIT THE MAP, TRY AGAIN.</reason> | |
| Meaning: The system was unable to store the time data. The reason is given in the beginning of the response. | |
| Action: Contact the system support group. | |
| <reason> INTERNAL DATA BAD. PROBLEM CONVERTING MAP DATA TO ALTSCHED DATA FORMAT FOR ENTRY. QUIT THE MAP, TRY AGAIN.</reason> | |
| Meaning: The system is unable to store the startlen and endlen data. The reason is given at the beginning of the response. | |
| Action: Contact the system support group. | |
| TABLE ALTSCHED ALREADY CONTAINS THIS TESTID | |
| Meaning: The TESTID you entered is already in memory (table ALTSCHED). | |
| Action: Define the data against a different TESTID. | |
| THE DATA HAS FAILED TO BE ADDED INTO TABLE ALTSCHED. | |
| Meaning: The system was unable to submit the data. The table control reason is given at the beginning of the response. | |
| Action: Check the test data. Reenter the command. | |
| THE DATA HAS FAILED TO VERIFY REQUIREMENTS OF TABLE ALTSCHED. | |
| Meaning: The system was unable to verify the data. The table control reason is given at the beginning of the response. | |
| Action: Check the test data. Reenter the command. | |
| -continued- | |

submit (end)

Responses for the submit command (continued)

MAP output Meaning and action

THE DATA HAS BEEN ADDED INTO TABLE ALTSCHED

Meaning: The data has been successfully stored in memory (table ALTSCHED).

Action: None

-end-
ALTLIT level commands

Use the ALTLIT level of the MAP to perform line insulation tests (LIT) on the ALT.

Accessing the ALTLIT level

To access the ALTLIT level, enter the following from the CI level: mapci;mtc;lns;alt;lit ↓

ALTLIT commands

The commands available at the ALTLIT MAP level are described in this chapter and arranged in alphabetical order. The page number for each command is listed in the following table.

| Command | Page |
|---------|-------|
| define | A-183 |
| defman | A-193 |
| defschd | A-195 |
| litinfo | A-197 |
| ovrride | A-199 |
| post | A-203 |
| quit | A-205 |
| remove | A-209 |
| start | A-211 |
| status | A-215 |
| stop | A-219 |
| submit | A-221 |

ALTLIT menu

The following figure shows the ALTLIT menu and status display.

CM MS IOD Net PM CCS LNS Trks Ext APPL CM FLT SysB 210COS 2PAIR 1LCM 2 RSC . 48CC. . ACBLNK M M M *C* *C* *C* *C* ALTLIT 0 Quit TESTID: 2 Post_ 3 LITInfo STARTLEN 4 Start Status: I STARTLEN ENDLEN Linetype: Test EMF o Stop 6 Remove 7 Define_ TOTAL 8 Submit CURRENT 9 ΤG PASS FAIL N/A TOTAL RG TR CAP MON TUE WED THU FRI SAT SUN 12 start 13 DefSCHD_ stop 14 15 Status_ 16 17 OVRride 18

Common responses

The following table provides explanations of the common responses to the ALTLIT commands. These responses will be produced by many of the commands under the ALTLIT level. This table will be referred to from the individual command descriptions to which it pertains.

| Common resp | onses for the ALTLIT commands | |
|-------------|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| "MANUAL" IS | NOT ALLOWED AS PART OF TESTID | |
| | Meaning: The word manual is not allowed as the test identifier (TESTID). | |
| | Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | |
| | -continued- | |
| | | |

| Common resp | onses for | the ALTLIT commands (continued) |
|--|---------------------|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| TABLE ALTSC | HED IS E | МРТҮ |
| | Meaning: | There are no TESTIDs stored in memory. |
| | Action: | None |
| TESTID IS 6 | TO 12 C | HARACTERS |
| | Meaning: | You have entered a TESTID that is too short or too long. |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID. Reenter the command. |
| THE COMMAND QUIT THE <a< td=""><td>ENTERED LT suble</td><td>CAN ONLY BE USED IN THE ALT LEVEL. vel> LEVEL FIRST.</td></a<> | ENTERED LT suble | CAN ONLY BE USED IN THE ALT LEVEL. vel> LEVEL FIRST. |
| | Meaning: | You can use the command only from the main ALT level. |
| | Action: | Quit from the ALT sublevel indicated by <alt sublevel="">. Reenter the command.</alt> |
| THE TEST TY | PE OF TH | E GIVEN TESTID IS NOT VALID FOR THIS LEVEL |
| | Meaning: | The TESTID you entered does not correspond to a test. |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID and reenter the command. Or, use the post command to post the TESTID. Posting the TESTID will bring you to the appropriate ALT sublevel associated with the TESTID. |
| THE TESTID | IS NOT I | N TABLE ALTSCHED |
| | Meaning: | The TESTID you entered is not stored in memory. |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID. Reenter the command. |
| THIS MAP HA USE <alt le<="" td=""><td>S MANUAL vel> TO</td><td>ALT DEFINED OR RUNNING. POST THE MANUAL TESTID FOR THIS MAP.</td></alt> | S MANUAL vel> TO | ALT DEFINED OR RUNNING. POST THE MANUAL TESTID FOR THIS MAP. |
| | Meaning: | You entered the command while a manual alt is set up. Nothing can be posted until the manual TESTID is removed. |
| | Action: | Go to the ALT level indicated by <alt level=""> and remove the manual TESTID data.</alt> |
| | | -end- |

define

Function

Use the define command to specify test data for the specified TESTID.

| define comma | nd parameters and variables | |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| define | extensiontestidstartlenstringendlenstringtimestartemf $\begin{bmatrix} emfdcv \\ emfacv \end{bmatrix}$ tgrgtrtr | |
| | resvalue $\begin{bmatrix} tg \\ rg \\ tr \end{bmatrix}$ mct lct | |
| | linetype standard isdn all | |
| | cap thresh nummsg number service voice data all | |
| | location terminal linecard comm | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| all | This variable represents all line types to be tested in the automatic line testing keyset line circuit test (ALTCKTTST) and automatic line testing line insulation test (ALTLIT) levels. | |
| сар | This parameter specifies that the capacitance test is to be performed (default threshold = 0.1 microfarad). | |
| | -continued- | |

| define command parameters and variables (continued) | | |
|---|---|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| comm | This parameter requests the commissioning test to be performed. This test can only be performed if the ALTNOPT module is in the software load. Entering this parameter performs a ring test and performs a dial tone test for line cards that have a directory number assigned. | |
| emf | This parameter specifies that the electromotive force test is to be performed at the default values (EMFACV = 2 volts; EMFDCV = 2 volts). | |
| emfacv | This parameter prepares to change the default value for the EMFAC voltage. | |
| emfdcv | This parameter prepares to change the default value for the EMFDC voltage. | |
| endlen | This parameter prepares to identify the last line in the block of lines to be tested. | |
| extension | This parameter prepares to specify the TESTID of a previously defined test. | |
| isdn | This variable represents Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) line types to be tested in the ALTCKTTST and ALTLIT levels. | |
| lct | This variable specifies the least critical resistance threshold in increments of 100 ohms from 1-7500 increments. | |
| linetype | This parameter is the type of line to be tested. The parameter is available for the four-level pulse amplitude modulation (PAM) code with 2 binary to 1 quaternary symbol coding (2B1Q) Integrated Services Digital Network line card (ISLC) and the associated line. Alternate mark inversion (AMI) lines are skipped. This parameter represents the standard line type to be tested in the ALTCKTTST and ALTLIT levels. | |
| location | This parameter prepares to specify where the test is to run, either at the terminal or linecard, where the following occurs: | |
| | linecard-the keyset line circuit test (CKTTST) is run at the linecard. | |
| | terminal-(default) the CKTTST is run at the terminal unless the line is an AIM or an integrated bit error rate test (IBERT). If an AIM or an IBERT, the test is run at the linecard. | |
| mct | This variable specifies the most critical resistance threshold in increments of 100 ohms from 1-7500 increments. | |
| number | This variable specifies the number of messages, from 1-50, to send during the CKTTST. The default is the value contained in office parameter circuit_test_number_messages. | |
| -continued- | | |

| define command parameters and variables (continued) | | |
|---|---|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| nummsg | This parameter prepares to specify the number of messages to be sent during the test. | |
| resvalue | This parameter prepares to change the most and least critical resistance value for the rg, tg, or tr test. | |
| rg | This parameter specifies that a ring to ground resistance test is to be performed at the default values [most critical threshold (mct) = 40k ohms; least critical threshold (lct) = 200k ohms]. | |
| service | This parameter prepares to specify the type of keyset lines on which to run the test either all, data, or voice. The keyset lines are the following: | |
| | all-(default) all types of keyset lines are tested | |
| | data-data lines, aim lines, and ibert lines are tested | |
| | voice-electronic business set lines are tested | |
| standard | This variable represents the standard line type to be tested in the ALTCKTTST an ALTLIT levels. | |
| start | This variable specifies the day and time when the test will start. The <i>start</i> format is day hh mm where | |
| | day-is the day of the week: mon, tue, wed, thu, fri, sat, or sun | |
| | hh-is the hour of the day from 00-23 | |
| | mm-is the minute of the hour from 00-59 | |
| startlen | This parameter prepares to identify the first line in the block of lines to be tested. | |
| stop | This variable specifies the day and time when the test will stop. The <i>stop</i> format is the same as the <i>start</i> format. | |
| string | This variable is the line equipment number in the following form: site ff u dd cc where | |
| | cc-is the circuit number from 00 to 31 | |
| | dd-is the drawer number from 00 to 31 | |
| | ff-is the frame number from 00 to 99 | |
| | site-is the site of the equipment | |
| | u-is the unit number from 0 to 9 | |
| | -continued- | |

| define command | I parameters and variables (continued) |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| testid | This variable specifies the test identifier consisting of a 6-12 character alphanumeric string used to identify manual and scheduled automatic line tests (ALT). |
| tg | This parameter specifies that a tip to ground resistance test is to be performed at the default values [most critical threshold (mct) = 40k ohms; least critical threshold (lct) = 200k ohms]. |
| thresh | This variable specifies the capacitance threshold in increments of 0.001 microfarads from 1-5000 increments. |
| time | This parameter prepares to identify the schedule for the test. |
| tr | This parameter specifies that a tip to ring resistance test is to be performed at the default values [most critical threshold (mct) = 40k ohms; least critical threshold (lct) = 200k ohms]. |
| volts | This variable specifies the voltage limit, from 1-300 volts for EMFDCV and EFMACV. |
| | -end- |

Qualifications

The define command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions, and limitations:

- The LIT parameters are valid only at the ALTLIT sublevel.
- The comm option is only available when the ALTNOPT module is loaded in the switch.
- The CKTTST option is only available when the ALTNOPT module is loaded in the switch.
- The comm option applies only to manual TESTIDs and diag TESTIDs.

Example

The following table provides an example of the define command.

| Example of the define command | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | |
| define linetyp | oe isdn | |
| | Task: | Define the linetype for a posted ISDN bus which connects the network termination 1 (NT1) to the terminal equipment for access to the ISDN (S/T) loop or a 2B1Q loop in the ALTCKTTST and ALTLIT sublevels of ALT. |
| | Response: | The LINETYPE will be updated to ISDN. The location will change to LINECARD. |
| | Explanation: | The linetype is updated to ISDN and the location is changed to linecard. |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the define command.

| Responses fo | r the defin | e command |
|--------------|---|---|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action |
| COMMISSIONI | NG OPTIC | N IS ONLY ALLOWED ON MANUAL AND DIAG TESTIDS |
| | Meaning | : You entered the define command with the comm parameter for a TESTID that was not associated with a diag or manual test. |
| | Action: | None |
| CONVERSION | OF <data< th=""><th>> PROBLEM</th></data<> | > PROBLEM |
| | Meaning | : The system cannot process the startlen and endlen data (indicated by <pre><data>).</data></pre> |
| | Action: | Contact the system support group. |
| -continued- | | |

| Responses for the defi | ne command (continued) |
|--------------------------|---|
| MAP output Meaning | and action |
| FAILED TO READ FRO | M ALTSCHED, <testid></testid> |
| Meaning | g: The system has a problem reading the data for the TESTID indicated in the response. |
| Action: | Contact the system support group. |
| <len> INTERNAL DAT</len> | A BAD |
| Meaning | g: The startlen and endlen data cannot be displayed. |
| Action: | Contact the system support group. |
| "MANUAL" IS NOT AL | LOWED AS PART OF TESTID |
| Meaning | g: The word manual is not allowed as the TESTID. |
| Action: | Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. |
| NO STORE HAS BEEN | ALLOCATED FOR MANUAL TEST |
| Meaning | g: If this system response is not accompanied by another response, there is insufficient temporary storage for ALT |
| Action: | Contact the system support group. |
| NOTHING IS POSTED | FOR DEFINING |
| Meaning | g: No TESTID is posted. |
| Action: | Use the defman or defschd command to create a TESTID. Then post the required TESTID. |
| OTHER FIELDS HAVE | BEEN DEFINED AND THEY ARE NOT COMPATIBLE |
| Meaning | g: The command string define extension is not compatible with existing data. |
| Action: | Check the data. Reenter the command. |
| | -continued- |

| Responses for the define | e command (continued) |
|---|--|
| MAP output Meaning | and action |
| PARAMETER <paramete< td=""><td>r> NOT VALID FOR EXTENSION TESTS</td></paramete<> | r> NOT VALID FOR EXTENSION TESTS |
| Meaning: | The define command could not be entered for an extension test with the parameter indicated by <parameter> (for example, startlen, endlen, or lit).</parameter> |
| Action: | None |
| PARAMETER <paramete< td=""><td>r> NOT VALID FOR MANUAL TESTS</td></paramete<> | r> NOT VALID FOR MANUAL TESTS |
| Meaning: | The define command could not be entered for a manual TESTID with the parameter indicated by <parameter> (for example, extension or time).</parameter> |
| Action: | None |
| PARAMETER <paramete< td=""><td>r> NOT VALID FOR TEST TYPE OF POSTED MAP</td></paramete<> | r> NOT VALID FOR TEST TYPE OF POSTED MAP |
| Meaning: | The parameters you entered do not apply to the current ALT sublevel. |
| Action: | Enter the data that corresponds to the current sublevel. |
| POSTED TESTID IS SU | BMITTED OR STARTED ALREADY |
| Meaning: | The test data for the specified TESTID is already defined. |
| Action: | None |
| <reason> NO STORE HAS BEEN A</reason> | LLOCATED FOR MANUAL TEST. |
| Meaning: | There is insufficient store allocation for the manual test definition. The reason is indicated by <reason>.</reason> |
| Action: | Change the define parameters as indicated by the system response. |
| TABLE ALTSCHED IS E | МРТҮ |
| Meaning: | There are no TESTIDs stored in memory. |
| Action: | None |
| | -continued- |

| Responses for the define command (continued) | | |
|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| TERMINAL INVALID FOR ISDN LOOPS LOCATION CHANGED TO LINECARD | | |
| Meaning: An attempt to specify terminal as the location parameter. The system has changed the location parameter to linecard. | | |
| Action: | | |
| TEST TYPE OF EXTENSION TESTID NOT SAME AS SUB-LEVEL | | |
| Meaning: The TESTID you entered does not correspond to the current ALT sublevel. | | |
| Action: Check the TESTID, then reenter the command. | | |
| TESTID DATA CANNOT BE FOUND IN ALTSCHED | | |
| Meaning: The TESTID you entered cannot be found in memory (table ALTSCHED). | | |
| Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | | |
| TESTID GIVEN WITH "EXTENSION" IS NOT PRIMARY TESTID | | |
| Meaning: The TESTID you entered is incorrect. The TESTID must be for a test that is already defined. | | |
| Action: Check the TESTID, then reenter the command. | | |
| TESTID IS 6 TO 12 CHARACTERS | | |
| Meaning: The TESTID entered was too short or too long. | | |
| Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | | |
| The LINETYPE will be updated to ISDN. The location will change to LINECARD. | | |
| Meaning: The linetype is updated to ISDN and the location is changed to linecard. | | |
| Action: None | | |
| -continued- | | |

define (end)

| Responses for the define command (continued) | | |
|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| THE <parameter> OPTION HAS TO BE ENTERED FIRST</parameter> | | |
| Meaning: The parameter indicated in the response must be entered before other parameters can be defined. | | |
| Action: Check the data. Enter the parameter indicated in the response before defining the values for the LIT test. | | |
| THE STARTLEN HAS TO BE DEFINED FIRST | | |
| Meaning: You entered the command string define endlen before the startlen was defined. | | |
| Action: Enter the command string define startlen before entering the define endlen command string. | | |
| THE TIMES GIVEN WRAP AROUND THE WHOLE WEEK | | |
| Meaning: Using the command string define time, the stop time you entered was earlier than the start time on the same day. | | |
| Action: Select different times. Reenter the command. | | |
| -end- | | |

Function

Use the defman command to assign a TESTID to the test that corresponds to the current ALT sublevel.

| defman command parameters and variables | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Command | Parameters and variables |
| defman | There are no parameters or variables. |

Qualification

Only one manual TESTID is allowed per MAP.

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the defman command.

Responses for the defman commandMAP outputMeaning and action

THIS MAP HAS A MANUAL ALT SET UP. IT MUST BE REMOVED FIRST.

Meaning: A manual TESTID is already defined.

Action: Use the remove command to remove the manual TESTID.

defschd

Function

Use the defschd command to assign a TESTID to the scheduled test that corresponds to the current ALT sublevel.

| defschd command parameters and variables | | |
|--|---|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| defschd | testid | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| testid | This variable specifies the test identifier consisting of a 6-12 character alphanumeric string. | |

Qualifications

The defschd command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions, and limitations:

- The first character of the TESTID must be a letter, not a number.
- Do not use the word manual as the TESTID.

Example

The following table provides an example of the defschd command.

| Example of the defschd command | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | |
| defschd lcmtests ↓ where | | |
| Icmtests is a TESTID that corresponds to the LIT sublevel | | |
| | Task: | Assign a TESTID for the LIT test. |
| | Response: | Not currently available |
| | Explanation: | The TESTID lcmtests is assigned to the LIT test. |

defschd (end)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the defschd command.

| Responses for the defschd command | |
|--|---|
| MAP output | Meaning and action |
| "MANUAL" IS | NOT ALLOWED AS PART OF TESTID |
| | Meaning: The word manual is not allowed as the TESTID. |
| | Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. |
| TABLE ALTSC | HED ALREADY CONTAINS THIS TESTID |
| | Meaning: The TESTID you tried to create already exists. |
| | Action: Use a different TESTID. |
| TABLE ALTSC | HED IS EMPTY |
| | Meaning: There are no TESTIDs stored in memory. |
| | Action: None |
| TESTID IS 6 | TO 12 CHARACTERS |
| | Meaning: The TESTID entered was too short or too long. |
| | Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. |
| THE TESTID | IS NOT IN TABLE ALTSCHED |
| | Meaning: The TESTID you entered is not stored in memory. |
| | Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. |
| THIS MAP HAS A MANUAL ALT SET UP. IT MUST BE REMOVED FIRST. | |
| | Meaning: A manual TESTID is already defined. |
| | Action: Use the remove command to remove the manual TESTID. |

I

litinfo

Function

Use the litinfo command to display the system default values for the LIT parameters.

| litinfo command parameters and variables | |
|--|--------------------------|
| Command | Parameters and variables |
| litinfo | Not currently available |

Qualifications

Not currently available

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

Not currently available

ovrride

Function

Use the ovrride command to postpone a scheduled test so that testing will not start until a specified day and time has passed.

| ovrride command parameters and variables | |
|--|--|
| Command P | Parameters and variables |
| ovrride | untilafter <i>day hh mm</i> all clear <i>day hh mm</i> all query |
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| all | This parameter specifies that the override action includes all TESTIDs at all sublevels of ALT. |
| clear | This parameter cancels the request to override the test schedule for the posted TESTID or all TESTIDs. |
| day | This variable specifies the day of the week: mon, tue, wed, thu, fri, sat, or sun. |
| hh | This variable specifies the hour of the day, from 00-23. |
| mm | This variable specifies the minute of the hour, from 00-59. |
| query | This parameter displays the actual date after which testing will resume. |
| untilafter | This parameter specifies that testing will resume after a specified day and time. |

Qualifications

The ovrride command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions, and limitations:

- TESTIDs in a stopped status cannot be overridden.
- Data and time changes at the switch do not change the date and time after which testing will resume.

Examples

Not currently available

ovrride (continued)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the ovrride command.

| Responses for the ovrride command | | |
|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| ACTION TO BE DONE TO ALL TESTIDS. PLEASE CONFIRM YES/NO? | | |
| Meaning: You entered the ovrrride command with the all parameter and the system requires confirmation before performing the action. | | |
| Action: To continue with the override request, enter yes. To cancel the override request, enter no. | | |
| ACTIVE TESTING CAN RESUME AFTER SWITCH TIME <day><date><time></time></date></day> | | |
| Meaning: The query request has been performed. The display shows the switch time when testing can resume. | | |
| Action: None | | |
| COMMAND NOT VALID FOR MANUAL TESTID | | |
| Meaning: The ovrride command cannot be used with a manual TESTID. | | |
| Action: None | | |
| NOTHING POSTED | | |
| Meaning: No TESTID is posted. | | |
| Action: Post the required TESTID. | | |
| STATUS OF THE TESTID IS NOT OVERRIDDEN | | |
| Meaning: The query request cannot be performed because the TESTID you entered is not overridden. | | |
| Action: None | | |
| -continued- | | |

ovrride (end)

| Responses for the ovrride command (continued) | | |
|--|---|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| TESTID STATUS IS NOT VALID FOR OVRRIDE COMMAND | | |
| | Meaning: The TESTID status (stopped) cannot be overridden. | |
| | Action: None | |
| THERE IS NO | ALTSCHED DATA | |
| | Meaning: There is no data in memory (table ALTSCHED). The posted data was only a private copy. | |
| | Action: None | |
| -end- | | |

post

Function

Use the post command to select for action the scheduled ALT TESTID that is stored in memory.

| post command parameters and variables | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| post | testid | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| testid | This variable specifies the test identifier consisting of a 6-12 character alphanumeric string. | |

Qualifications

If the post command is entered while a TESTID is posted, the data for the posted TESTID will be replaced by the new TESTID.

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

Refer to the common responses table in the beginning of this section for responses common to ALT commands.

| Responses for the post command |
|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action |
| TEST TYPE NOT THE SAME AS ALT SUB-LEVEL |
| Meaning: The TESTID you entered does not correspond to the current sublevel. |
| Action: Use the altinfo command to determine the test type of the TESTID. |

quit

Function

Use the quit command to exit from the current menu level and return to a previous menu level.

| quit command parameters and variables | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| quit | <u>1</u> all incrname n | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| 1 | This default parameter causes the system to display the next higher MAP level. | |
| all | This parameter causes the system to display the CI level from any level. | |
| incrname | This variable causes the system to exit the specified level and all sublevels. The system displays the next level higher than the one specified. Values for <i>incrname</i> are menu level names, such as lns, mtc, or mapci. | |
| n | This variable identifies a specified number of retreat levels from the current level. The range of retreat levels is 0-6. However, the system cannot accept a level number higher than the number of the current level. | |

Qualifications

None

Examples

The following table provides examples of the quit command.

| Examples of the quit command | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | |
| quit .⊣ | | |
| | Task: | Exit from the ALTLIT level to the previous menu level. |
| | Response: | The display changes to the display of a higher level menu. |
| | Explanation: | The ALTLIT level has changed to the previous menu level. |
| -continued- | | |

quit (continued)

| Examples of the quit command (continued) | | |
|---|---------------------------------|---|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | |
| quit mtc where | ل | |
| mtc specifies the level higher than the ALTLIT level to be exited | | |
| | Task: | Return to the MAPCI level (one menu level higher than MTC). |
| | Response: | The display changes to the MAPCI menu display: |
| | | MAPCI: |
| | Explanation: | The ALTLIT level has returned to the MAPCI level. |
| | | -end- |

Responses

The following table provides an explanation of the responses to the quit command.

| Responses for the quit command | | |
|--|--|----------|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| CI: | | |
| | Meaning: The system exited all MAP menu levels and returned to the CI level | - |
| | Action: None | |
| QUIT Unable to quit requested number of levels Last parameter evaluated was: 1 | | |
| | Meaning: You entered an invalid level number. The number you entered exce the number of MAP levels from which to quit. | eds |
| | Action: Reenter the command using an appropriate level number. | |
| The system replaces the ALTLIT level menu with a menu that is two or more levels higher. | | |
| | Meaning: You entered the quit command with an <i>n</i> variable value of 2 or more an <i>incrname</i> variable value corresponding to two or more levels high | er or |
| | Action: None | |
| -continued- | | |

quit (end)

Responses for the quit command (continued)

MAP output Meaning and action

The system replaces the display of the ALTLIT level with the display of the next higher MAP level.

Meaning: The system exited to the next higher MAP level.

Action: None

-end-

remove

Function

Use the remove command to remove the data associated with the posted TESTID from memory table ALTSCHED.

| remove command parameters and variables | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| remove | There are no parameters or variables. | |

Qualifications

If the TESTID is for a scheduled test, the system prompts for a yes or no confirmation.

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the remove command.

| Responses for the remove command | | |
|---|---|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| DATA IS TO BE REMOVED FROM TABLE ALTSCHED. PLEASE CONFIRM YES/NO? | | |
| Meaning | The system requires confirmation before removing the data from table ALTSCHED. | |
| Action: | To confirm the removal, enter yes. To cancel the removal request, enter no. | |
| <failure> FAILED TO DELETE THE DATA FROM TABLE ALTSCHED</failure> | | |
| Meaning | The system failed to remove the data from memory. The reason for the failure is indicated by <failure>.</failure> | |
| Action: | None | |
| -continued- | | |

remove (end)

| Responses for the remove command (continued) | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | |
| NOTHING POST | NOTHING POSTED | | |
| _ | Meaning: The TESTID is not posted. | | |
| | Action: Post the required TESTID. | | |
| TESTID STATU NO ACTION TA | S MUST BE "STOPPED" OR "DEFINED" TO REMOVE. KEN. | | |
| | Meaning: The remove command could not be executed because the status of the manual TESTID is something other than stopped or defined. | | |
| | Action: None | | |
| TESTID STATUS MUST BE "STOPPED" TO REMOVE. NO ACTION TAKEN. | | | |
| | Meaning: The remove command could not be executed because the status of the scheduled TESTID was something other than stopped. | | |
| | Action: None | | |
| -end- | | | |

start

Function

Use the start command to set the posted scheduled ALT test in a state such that it is ready to run at the next scheduled time.

| start command parameters and variables | | |
|---|---|--|
| Command Pa | rameters and variables | |
| start $beginlen$ $full$ lastlen $summary$ | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| <u>beginlen</u> | This default parameter starts testing from the beginning line equipment number in the block of lines defined for testing. | |
| <u>full</u> | This default parameter generates a detailed ALT109 log when the test is finished. | |
| lastlen | This parameter restarts testing just after the last LEN tested. | |
| summary | This parameter generates an ALT108 summary log when the test is finished. | |

Qualifications

Not currently available

Examples

Not currently available

start (continued)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the start command.

| Responses for the start command | | |
|--|--|--|
| AP output Meaning and action | | |
| LT TESTER PROCESS CANNOT START MANUAL TEST. OT ENOUGH FREE TEST PROCESS STREAMS. | | |
| Meaning: There are not enough test process streams to start the manual test. | | |
| Action: You may use the ovrride command to override another test to free up test process streams. | | |
| LT TESTER PROCESS HAS ACKNOWLEDGED THE START REQUEST | | |
| Meaning: You properly entered the start command for the manual TESTID. Because the test equipment is being diagnosed before testing begins, this action can take some time to finish. | | |
| Action: None | | |
| AILED TO SEND TO ALT DRIVER PROCESS. AIT 15 SECONDS, TRY AGAIN. | | |
| Meaning: The system has a problem executing the start command. | | |
| Action: Wait 15 seconds, then reenter the command. If the same response appears, contact the support group. | | |
| FAILED TO SEND TO ALT TESTER PROCESS. WAIT 15 SECONDS, TRY AGAIN. | | |
| Meaning: The system has a problem executing the start command. | | |
| Action: Wait 15 seconds, then reenter the command. If the same response appears, contact the support group. | | |
| NOTHING POSTED | | |
| Meaning: No TESTID is posted. | | |
| Action: Post the required TESTID. | | |
| -continued- | | |

start (continued)

| Responses for the start command (continued) | | |
|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| START LEN IS SET TO START FROM "BEGINLEN". PLEASE CONFIRM YES/NO? Or START LEN IS SET TO START FROM "LASTLEN". PLEASE CONFIRM YES/NO? | | |
| Meaning: The system requires confirmation of the parameter you entered. | | |
| Action: To confirm, enter yes. To cancel the start request, enter no. | | |
| TEST STATUS NOT VALID FOR START COMMAND | | |
| Meaning: The status of the manual TESTID was not stopped or defined. | | |
| Action: Change the manual TESTID status to stopped or defined before attempting to start the TESTID. | | |
| TESTID IS NOT IN "STOPPED" STATUS | | |
| Meaning: The TESTID is not in the stopped mode. | | |
| Action: The status of the TESTID must be stopped before you can enter the start command. If the status of the TESTID is defined, use the submit command to change the status to stopped. | | |
| TESTID REQUIRED TO START FROM BEGINNING, SET TO "BEGINLEN". START LEN IS SET TO START FROM "BEGINLEN". PLEASE CONFIRM YES/NO? | | |
| Meaning: You entered the start command with the lastlen parameter, but there has been no previous testing to enable testing from the lastlen. The system has changed the parameter to beginlen and requires confirmation. | | |
| Action: To confirm, enter yes. To cancel the start request, enter no. | | |
| -continued- | | |

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start (end)

| Responses for the start command (continued) MAP output Meaning and action | | |
|--|--|--|
| YOUR REQUEST HAS BE PLEASE WAIT | EN QUEUED. THE ALT TESTER IS BUSY. | |
| Meaning: The start request for the manual TESTID has been queued because ALT is busy with another request. When ALT is available, the queued request will be processed. | | |
| Action: | Do not reenter the start command. Additional start requests for the same TESTID will be ignored. | |
| -end- | | |
status

Function

Use the status command to check the status of the posted TESTID. There are two ways that the status information can be displayed:

- in the test stream format
- in the LCD test set format

The test stream format represents the test equipment used to test the posted TESTID.

The LCD test set format represents the actual line equipment numbers (LENs) being tested by the test equipment associated with the TESTID.

| status command parameters and variables | | |
|---|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| status | stream Icdtestset | |
| Parameters and variables | s Description | |
| lcdtestset | This parameter displays the status of the TESTID in the LCD test set format. | |
| stream | This parameter displays the status of the TESTID in the stream format. | |

Qualifications

None

Examples

The following table provides examples of the status command.

status (continued)

| Examples of | the status command |
|---------------|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation |
| status strear | n ₊ |
| stream o | displays the status of the posted TESTID in a stream format |
| | Task:Check the status of the posted TESTID, LNMTCJOHN. Display the status in a stream format. |
| | Response: |
| | TESTID : LINTCJOHN Test type: DIAG Stream State Test equip. state Last LEN tested MAX LENS 0 Active LTU 0 SZD HOST 10 0 17 31 12000 TTU 10 SZD1Interrupt MTU 23 SZD 0PM1 00 1 19 09 320 TTU 3 SZD2Held TTT 34 SB DLM1 11 1 08 20 96 3 Done SLTD RCT1 50 9 02 03 256Explanation:The system displays the status of the posted TESTID in a stream format. The stream format provides the following information :0the state of the stream0the test equipment used0the last LEN tested by the stream0the total number of LENs the stream could test (based on the LCDs assigned to the stream) |
| status Icdtes | stset ⊣ |
| lcdtestset o | displays a snapshot of the LCD tests for an ALT test |
| | -continued- |

status (continued)

| Examples of the status command (continued) | | | |
|--|---|---|---|
| Example | Task, response, | and explanation | |
| | Task: Cł Di | heck the status of the po isplay the status in an lo | osted TESTID, which is LNMTCFRED. |
| | Response: | | |
| | TESTID : LNMT(Start LEN HOST 00 0 000 HOST 00 100 HOST 00 1 000 HOST 00 1 000 HOST 50 1 000 HOST 51 0 000 DLM1 60 0 000 RCT1 00 1 000 RCT1 00 2 000 Explanation: | CFRED Test type: End LEN 00 HOST 00 0 9 3 00 HOST 00 0 19 3 00 HOST 00 1 09 3 00 HOST 00 1 09 3 00 HOST 00 1 09 3 00 HOST 50 1 00 2 09 HOST 51 0 00 3 00 RCT1 00 0 4 3 00 RCT1 00 1 03 2 he system displays the s s dtesteset format. The loc 1 | DIAG Stream Vert Testing Status 31 0 0 HOST 00 0.9 10 31 1 1 Done 31 1 2 Suspended 31 1 3 WAITING 20 2 600 Done 10 2 601 HOST 51 0.00 0.9 31 3 DLM1 60 0.9 0.2 20 4 10 RCT1 0.0 16 0.0 10 4 10 WAITING 20 4 10 WAITING |
| | inf | formation : | |
| | • | the start LEN and end | LEN range |
| | • | which stream is to pro | ocess the test set |
| | • | the vertical on the MT | A (if applicable) |
| | • | the status | |
| | | Here is a list of the po meanings: | ssible testing status conditions and their |
| | | - <len></len> | the last LEN tested |
| | | - done | the lcd test set have been completely run |
| | | - suspended | the LCD test set cannot be completed because the test equipment is suspected as being faulty. The test equipment passes diagnostics but line cards continue to fail. |
| | | - held | test equipment or the LCD PM is unavailable |
| | | - WAITING | the stream did not get to this LCD test set and the LCD test set is waiting to be run |
| | | -end- | |

status (end)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the status command.

| Responses for the status command | | |
|----------------------------------|----------|---|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action |
| NO STREAM O | R LCD TE | ST SET CALCULATION HAS BEEN DONE |
| | Meaning | The data cannot be displayed because the system has not performed the calculations. |
| | Action: | Use the define command for manual TESTIDs. Or, use the submit command for scheduled TESTIDs. This action will force the system to perform the calculations. |
| NOTHING POSTED | | |
| | Meaning | : No TESTID is posted. |
| | Action: | Post the required TESTID. |

Function

Use the stop command to halt a test and change the TESTID status.

| stop command parameters and variables | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| stop | There are no parameters or variables. | |

Qualifications

Not currently available

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the stop command.

| Responses for the stop command | | |
|--|----------|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action |
| ASKING FOR | MANUAL I | ESTID TO BE STOPPED |
| | Meaning | The stop request for a manual TESTID has been queued. Since ALT may be busy with other tests, the request may not be executed until the other tests are completed. |
| | Action: | None |
| FAILED TO SEND TO ALT DRIVER PROCESS. WAIT 15 SECONDS, TRY AGAIN. | | |
| | Meaning | The system has a problem executing the stop command. |
| | Action: | Wait 15 seconds, then reenter the command. If the same response appears, contact the support group. |
| | | -continued- |

stop

stop (end)

| Responses for the stop command (continued) | | | |
|--|----------|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action | |
| FAILED TO SEND TO ALT TESTER PROCESS. WAIT 15 SECONDS, TRY AGAIN. | | | |
| | Meaning | The system has a problem executing the stop command. | |
| | Action: | Wait 15 seconds, then reenter the command. If the same response appears, contact the support group. | |
| NOTHING POS | TED | | |
| | Meaning | : No TESTID is posted. | |
| | Action: | Post the required TESTID. | |
| TEST STATUS | IS NOT | VALID FOR STOP COMMAND | |
| | Meaning | The status of the manual TESTID is one of defined, deleted, or undefined. The stop command has no effect and is ignored. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| TESTID IS A | LREADY " | STOPPED" | |
| | Meaning | The TESTID status is already stopped. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| | | -end- | |

submit

Function

Use the submit command to send the defined test data for the posted TESTID into memory table ALTSCHED.

| submit command parameters and variables | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| submit | There are no parameters or variables. | |

Qualifications

None

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the submit command.

| Responses for the submit command | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | |
| COMMAND NOT | VALID FOR MANUAL TESTID | | |
| | Meaning: The submit command does not work with a manual testid. | | |
| | Action: None | | |
| NOT ENOUGH F ENSURE ENOUG | NOT ENOUGH FIELDS DEFINED. ENSURE ENOUGH FIELDS ARE ENTERED. | | |
| | Meaning: You entered the submit command without enough data defined for the TESTID. The TESTID status must either be defined or deleted before the data can be submitted. | | |
| | Action: Define more data for the TESTID. Reenter the submit command. | | |
| NOTHING POST | ED | | |
| | Meaning: No testid is posted. | | |
| | Action: None | | |
| | -continued- | | |

submit (continued)

| Responses for the submit command (continued) | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| IAP output Meaning and action | | | |
| <reason> CANNOT CONVERT ALT MAP TIMES TO ALTSCHED DATA TIMES. PROBLEM CONVERTING MAP DATA TO ALTSCHED DATA FORMAT FOR ENTRY. QUIT THE MAP, TRY AGAIN.</reason> | | | |
| Meaning: The system was unable to store the time data. The reason is given in the beginning of the response. | | | |
| Action: Contact the system support group. | | | |
| reason> INTERNAL DATA BAD. PROBLEM CONVERTING MAP DATA TO ALTSCHED DATA FORMAT FOR ENTRY. QUIT THE MAP, TRY AGAIN. | | | |
| Meaning: The system is unable to store the startlen and endlen data. The reason is given at the beginning of the response. | | | |
| Action: Contact the system support group. | | | |
| TABLE ALTSCHED ALREADY CONTAINS THIS TESTID | | | |
| Meaning: The TESTID you entered is already in memory (table ALTSCHED). | | | |
| Action: Define the data against a different TESTID. | | | |
| table control reason> THE DATA HAS FAILED TO BE ADDED INTO TABLE ALTSCHED. | | | |
| Meaning: The system was unable to submit the data. The table control reason is given at the beginning of the response. | | | |
| Action: Check the test data. Reenter the command. | | | |
| table control reason> THE DATA HAS FAILED TO VERIFY REQUIREMENTS OF TABLE ALTSCHED. | | | |
| Meaning: The system was unable to verify the data. The table control reason is given at the beginning of the response. | | | |
| Action: Check the test data. Reenter the command. | | | |
| -continued- | | | |

submit (end)

Responses for the submit command (continued)

MAP output Meaning and action

THE DATA HAS BEEN ADDED INTO TABLE ALTSCHED

Meaning: The data has been successfully stored in memory (table ALTSCHED).

Action: None

-end-

ALTSDIAG level commands

Use the ALTSDIAG level of the MAP to perform the short diagnostic tests (SDIAG) on the ALT.

Accessing the ALTSDIAG level

To access the ALTSDIAG level, enter the following from the CI level: mapci;mtc;lns;alt;sdiag ...

ALTSDIAG commands

The commands available at the ALTSDIAG MAP level are described in this chapter and arranged in alphabetical order. The page number for each command is listed in the following table.

| Command | Page |
|---------|-------|
| define | A-229 |
| defman | A-239 |
| defschd | A-241 |
| ovrride | A-243 |
| post | A-247 |
| quit | A-249 |
| remove | A-253 |
| start | A-255 |
| status | A-259 |
| stop | A-263 |
| submit | A-265 |

ALTSDIAG menu

The following figure shows the ALTSDIAG menu and status display.

CM MS IOD Net PM CCS LNS Trks Ext APPL CM FLT SysB 210COS 2PAIR 1LCM 2 RSC . 48CC. . ACBLNK M M M *C* *C* *C* *C* ALTSDIAG TESTID: 0 Quit Status: STARTLEN ENDLEN 2 Post_ Linetype: 3 4 Start 5 Stop 6 Remove 7 Define_ TOTAL 8 Submit CURRENT 9 PASS FAIL N/A TOTAL 10M11 DefMANcont12start13 DefSCHDstop 10 MON TUE WED THU FRI SAT SUN SDIAG: 14 15 Status_ 16 17 OVRride 18

Common responses

The following table provides explanations of the common responses to the ALTSDIAG commands. These responses will be produced by many of the commands under the ALTSDIAG level. This table will be referred to from the individual command descriptions to which it pertains.

| Common responses for the ALTSDIAG commands | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | |
| "MANUAL" IS | NOT ALLOWED AS PART OF TESTID | | |
| | Meaning: The word manual is not allowed as the test identifier (TESTID). | | |
| | Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | | |
| | -continued- | | |
| | | | |

| Common responses for the ALTSDIAG commands (continued) | | | |
|--|-------------------------|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action | |
| TABLE ALTSC | TABLE ALTSCHED IS EMPTY | | |
| | Meaning: | There are no TESTIDs stored in memory. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| TESTID IS 6 | TO 12 C | HARACTERS | |
| | Meaning: | You have entered a TESTID that is too short or too long. | |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID. Reenter the command. | |
| THE COMMAND QUIT THE <a< td=""><td>ENTERED LT suble</td><td>CAN ONLY BE USED IN THE ALT LEVEL. vel> LEVEL FIRST.</td></a<> | ENTERED LT suble | CAN ONLY BE USED IN THE ALT LEVEL. vel> LEVEL FIRST. | |
| | Meaning: | You can use the command only from the main ALT level. | |
| | Action: | Quit from the ALT sublevel indicated by <alt sublevel="">. Reenter the command.</alt> | |
| THE TEST TY | PE OF TH | E GIVEN TESTID IS NOT VALID FOR THIS LEVEL | |
| | Meaning: | The TESTID you entered does not correspond to a test. | |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID and reenter the command. Or, use the post command to post the TESTID. Posting the TESTID will bring you to the appropriate ALT sublevel associated with the TESTID. | |
| THE TESTID | IS NOT I | N TABLE ALTSCHED | |
| | Meaning: | The TESTID you entered is not stored in memory. | |
| | Action: | Check the TESTID. Reenter the command. | |
| THIS MAP HA USE <alt le<="" td=""><td>S MANUAL vel> TO</td><td>ALT DEFINED OR RUNNING. POST THE MANUAL TESTID FOR THIS MAP.</td></alt> | S MANUAL vel> TO | ALT DEFINED OR RUNNING. POST THE MANUAL TESTID FOR THIS MAP. | |
| | Meaning: | You entered the command while a manual alt is set up. Nothing can be posted until the manual TESTID is removed. | |
| | Action: | Go to the ALT level indicated by <alt level=""> and remove the manual TESTID data.</alt> | |
| | | -end- | |

define

Function

Use the define command to specify test data for the specified TESTID.

| define comma | nd parameters and variables |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables |
| define | extensiontestidstartlenstringendlenstringtimestartemf $\begin{bmatrix} emfdcv \\ emfacv \end{bmatrix}$ tgrgtrtr |
| | resvalue $\begin{bmatrix} tg \\ rg \\ tr \end{bmatrix}$ mct lct |
| | linetype standard isdn all |
| | cap thresh nummsg number service voice data all |
| | location terminal linecard comm |
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| all | This variable represents all line types to be tested in the automatic line testing keyset line circuit test (ALTCKTTST) and automatic line testing line insulation test (ALTLIT) levels. |
| cap | This parameter specifies that the capacitance test is to be performed (default threshold = 0.1 microfarad). |
| | -continued- |

| define command parameters and variables (continued) | | |
|---|---|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| comm | This parameter requests the commissioning test to be performed. This test can only be performed if the ALTNOPT module is in the software load. Entering this parameter performs a ring test and performs a dial tone test for line cards that have a directory number assigned. | |
| emf | This parameter specifies that the electromotive force test is to be performed at the default values (EMFACV = 2 volts; EMFDCV = 2 volts). | |
| emfacv | This parameter prepares to change the default value for the EMFAC voltage. | |
| emfdcv | This parameter prepares to change the default value for the EMFDC voltage. | |
| endlen | This parameter prepares to identify the last line in the block of lines to be tested. | |
| extension | This parameter prepares to specify the TESTID of a previously defined test. | |
| isdn | This variable represents Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) line types to be tested in the ALTCKTTST and ALTLIT levels. | |
| lct | This variable specifies the least critical resistance threshold in increments of 100 ohms from 1-7500 increments. | |
| linetype | This parameter is the type of line to be tested. The parameter is available for the four-level pulse amplitude modulation (PAM) code with 2 binary to 1 quaternary symbol coding (2B1Q) Integrated Services Digital Network line card (ISLC) and the associated line. Alternate mark inversion (AMI) lines are skipped. This parameter represents the standard line type to be tested in the ALTCKTTST and ALTLIT levels. | |
| location | This parameter prepares to specify where the test is to run, either at the terminal or linecard, where the following occurs: | |
| | linecard-the keyset line circuit test (CKTTST) is run at the linecard. | |
| | terminal-(default) the CKTTST is run at the terminal unless the line is an AIM or an integrated bit error rate test (IBERT). If an AIM or an IBERT, the test is run at the linecard. | |
| mct | This variable specifies the most critical resistance threshold in increments of 100 ohms from 1-7500 increments. | |
| number | This variable specifies the number of messages, from 1-50, to send during the CKTTST. The default is the value contained in office parameter circuit_test_number_messages. | |
| -continued- | | |

| define command parameters and variables (continued) | | |
|---|---|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| nummsg | This parameter prepares to specify the number of messages to be sent during the test. | |
| resvalue | This parameter prepares to change the most and least critical resistance value for the rg, tg, or tr test. | |
| rg | This parameter specifies that a ring to ground resistance test is to be performed at the default values [most critical threshold (mct) = 40k ohms; least critical threshold (lct) = 200k ohms]. | |
| service | This parameter prepares to specify the type of keyset lines on which to run the tes either all, data, or voice. The keyset lines are the following: all-(default) all types of keyset lines are tested | |
| | data-data lines, aim lines, and ibert lines are tested | |
| | voice-electronic business set lines are tested | |
| standard | This variable represents the standard line type to be tested in the ALTCKTTST an ALTLIT levels. | |
| start | This variable specifies the day and time when the test will start. The <i>start</i> format is day hh mm where | |
| | day-is the day of the week: mon, tue, wed, thu, fri, sat, or sun | |
| | hh-is the hour of the day from 00-23 | |
| | mm-is the minute of the hour from 00-59 | |
| startlen | This parameter prepares to identify the first line in the block of lines to be tested. | |
| stop | This variable specifies the day and time when the test will stop. The <i>stop</i> format is the same as the <i>start</i> format. | |
| string | This variable is the line equipment number in the following form: site ff u dd cc where | |
| | cc-is the circuit number from 00 to 31 | |
| | dd-is the drawer number from 00 to 31 | |
| | ff-is the frame number from 00 to 99 | |
| | site-is the site of the equipment | |
| | u-is the unit number from 0 to 9 | |
| | -continued- | |

| define command parameters and variables (continued) | |
|---|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| testid | This variable specifies the test identifier consisting of a 6-12 character alphanumeric string used to identify manual and scheduled automatic line tests (ALT). |
| tg | This parameter specifies that a tip to ground resistance test is to be performed at the default values [most critical threshold (mct) = 40k ohms; least critical threshold (lct) = 200k ohms]. |
| thresh | This variable specifies the capacitance threshold in increments of 0.001 microfarads from 1-5000 increments. |
| time | This parameter prepares to identify the schedule for the test. |
| tr | This parameter specifies that a tip to ring resistance test is to be performed at the default values [most critical threshold (mct) = 40k ohms; least critical threshold (lct) = 200k ohms]. |
| volts | This variable specifies the voltage limit, from 1-300 volts for EMFDCV and EFMACV. |
| -end- | |

Qualifications

The define command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions, and limitations:

- The LIT parameters are valid only at the ALTLIT sublevel.
- The comm option is only available when the ALTNOPT module is loaded in the switch.
- The CKTTST option is only available when the ALTNOPT module is loaded in the switch.
- The comm option applies only to manual TESTIDs and diag TESTIDs.

Example

The following table provides an example of the define command.

| Example of the define command | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|---|
| Example | Task, respon | se, and explanation |
| define linetyp | oe isdn | |
| | Task: | Define the linetype for a posted ISDN bus which connects the network termination 1 (NT1) to the terminal equipment for access to the ISDN (S/T) loop or a 2B1Q loop in the ALTCKTTST and ALTLIT sublevels of ALT. |
| | Response: | The LINETYPE will be updated to ISDN. The location will change to LINECARD. |
| | Explanation: | The linetype is updated to ISDN and the location is changed to linecard. |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the define command.

| Responses for the define command | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action |
| COMMISSIONI | NG OPTIC | N IS ONLY ALLOWED ON MANUAL AND DIAG TESTIDS |
| | Meaning | : You entered the define command with the comm parameter for a TESTID that was not associated with a diag or manual test. |
| | Action: | None |
| CONVERSION | OF <data< th=""><th>> PROBLEM</th></data<> | > PROBLEM |
| | Meaning | : The system cannot process the startlen and endlen data (indicated by <pre><data>).</data></pre> |
| | Action: | Contact the system support group. |
| -continued- | | |

| Responses for the define command (continued) | | |
|--|---|--|
| MAP output Meaning a | and action | |
| FAILED TO READ FROM | ALTSCHED, <testid></testid> | |
| Meaning: | The system has a problem reading the data for the TESTID indicated in the response. | |
| Action: | Contact the system support group. | |
| <len> INTERNAL DATA</len> | BAD | |
| Meaning: | The startlen and endlen data cannot be displayed. | |
| Action: | Contact the system support group. | |
| "MANUAL" IS NOT ALL | OWED AS PART OF TESTID | |
| Meaning: | The word manual is not allowed as the TESTID. | |
| Action: | Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | |
| NO STORE HAS BEEN A | LLOCATED FOR MANUAL TEST | |
| Meaning: | If this system response is not accompanied by another response, there is insufficient temporary storage for ALT | |
| Action: | Contact the system support group. | |
| NOTHING IS POSTED FOR DEFINING | | |
| Meaning: | No TESTID is posted. | |
| Action: | Use the defman or defschd command to create a TESTID. Then post the required TESTID. | |
| OTHER FIELDS HAVE B | EEN DEFINED AND THEY ARE NOT COMPATIBLE | |
| Meaning: | The command string define extension is not compatible with existing data. | |
| Action: | Check the data. Reenter the command. | |
| | -continued- | |

| Responses for the define command (continued) | |
|---|--|
| MAP output Meaning a | and action |
| PARAMETER <parameter< td=""><td>r> NOT VALID FOR EXTENSION TESTS</td></parameter<> | r> NOT VALID FOR EXTENSION TESTS |
| Meaning: | The define command could not be entered for an extension test with the parameter indicated by <parameter> (for example, startlen, endlen, or lit).</parameter> |
| Action: | None |
| PARAMETER <parameter< td=""><td>r> NOT VALID FOR MANUAL TESTS</td></parameter<> | r> NOT VALID FOR MANUAL TESTS |
| Meaning: | The define command could not be entered for a manual TESTID with the parameter indicated by <parameter> (for example, extension or time).</parameter> |
| Action: | None |
| PARAMETER <parameter< td=""><td>r> NOT VALID FOR TEST TYPE OF POSTED MAP</td></parameter<> | r> NOT VALID FOR TEST TYPE OF POSTED MAP |
| Meaning: | The parameters you entered do not apply to the current ALT sublevel. |
| Action: | Enter the data that corresponds to the current sublevel. |
| POSTED TESTID IS SUP | BMITTED OR STARTED ALREADY |
| Meaning: | The test data for the specified TESTID is already defined. |
| Action: | None |
| <reason> NO STORE HAS BEEN AI</reason> | LLOCATED FOR MANUAL TEST. |
| Meaning: | There is insufficient store allocation for the manual test definition. The reason is indicated by <reason>.</reason> |
| Action: | Change the define parameters as indicated by the system response. |
| TABLE ALTSCHED IS EN | МРТҮ |
| Meaning: | There are no TESTIDs stored in memory. |
| Action: | None |
| -continued- | |

| Responses for the define command (continued) | |
|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | |
| TERMINAL INVALID FOR ISDN LOOPS LOCATION CHANGED TO LINECARD | |
| Meaning: An attempt to specify terminal as the location parameter. The system has changed the location parameter to linecard. | |
| Action: | |
| TEST TYPE OF EXTENSION TESTID NOT SAME AS SUB-LEVEL | |
| Meaning: The TESTID you entered does not correspond to the current ALT sublevel. | |
| Action: Check the TESTID, then reenter the command. | |
| TESTID DATA CANNOT BE FOUND IN ALTSCHED | |
| Meaning: The TESTID you entered cannot be found in memory (table ALTSCHED). | |
| Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | |
| TESTID GIVEN WITH "EXTENSION" IS NOT PRIMARY TESTID | |
| Meaning: The TESTID you entered is incorrect. The TESTID must be for a test that is already defined. | |
| Action: Check the TESTID, then reenter the command. | |
| TESTID IS 6 TO 12 CHARACTERS | |
| Meaning: The TESTID entered was too short or too long. | |
| Action: Check the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. | |
| The LINETYPE will be updated to ISDN. The location will change to LINECARD. | |
| Meaning: The linetype is updated to ISDN and the location is changed to linecard. | |
| Action: None | |
| -continued- | |

define (end)

| Responses for the define command (continued) | | |
|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| THE <parameter> OPTION HAS TO BE ENTERED FIRST</parameter> | | |
| Meaning: The parameter indicated in the response must be entered before other parameters can be defined. | | |
| Action: Check the data. Enter the parameter indicated in the response before defining the values for the LIT test. | | |
| THE STARTLEN HAS TO BE DEFINED FIRST | | |
| Meaning: You entered the command string define endlen before the startlen was defined. | | |
| Action: Enter the command string define startlen before entering the define endlen command string. | | |
| THE TIMES GIVEN WRAP AROUND THE WHOLE WEEK | | |
| Meaning: Using the command string define time, the stop time you entered was earlier than the start time on the same day. | | |
| Action: Select different times. Reenter the command. | | |
| -end- | | |

Function

Use the defman command to assign a TESTID to the test that corresponds to the current ALT sublevel.

| defman command parameters and variables | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| defman | There are no parameters or variables. | |

Qualification

Only one manual TESTID is allowed per MAP.

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the defman command.

Responses for the defman command

MAP output Meaning and action

THIS MAP HAS A MANUAL ALT SET UP. IT MUST BE REMOVED FIRST.

Meaning: A manual TESTID is already defined.

Action: Use the remove command to remove the manual TESTID.

defschd

Function

Use the defschd command to assign a TESTID to the scheduled test that corresponds to the current ALT sublevel.

| defschd command parameters and variables | | |
|--|---|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| defschd | testid | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| testid | This variable specifies the test identifier consisting of a 6-12 character alphanumeric string. | |

Qualifications

The defschd command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions, and limitations:

- The first character of the TESTID must be a letter, not a number.
- Do not use the word manual as the TESTID.

Example

The following table provides an example of the defschd command.

| Example of the defschd command | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | |
| defschd lcmt where | ests .⊣ | |
| Icmtests is a TESTID that corresponds to the LIT sublevel | | |
| | Task: | Assign a TESTID for the LIT test. |
| | Response: | Not currently available |
| | Explanation: | The TESTID lcmtests is assigned to the LIT test. |

defschd (end)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the defschd command.

| Responses for the defschd command | | |
|--|--------------|---|
| MAP output | Meaning and | action |
| "MANUAL" IS | NOT ALLOWE | D AS PART OF TESTID |
| - | Meaning: The | word manual is not allowed as the TESTID. |
| | Action: Che | eck the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. |
| TABLE ALTSCH | ED ALREADY | CONTAINS THIS TESTID |
| | Meaning: The | TESTID you tried to create already exists. |
| | Action: Use | e a different TESTID. |
| TABLE ALTSCH | ED IS EMPT | Y |
| | Meaning: The | re are no TESTIDs stored in memory. |
| | Action: Nor | ne |
| TESTID IS 6 | TO 12 CHAR | ACTERS |
| - | Meaning: The | TESTID entered was too short or too long. |
| | Action: Che | eck the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. |
| THE TESTID I | S NOT IN TA | ABLE ALTSCHED |
| - | Meaning: The | TESTID you entered is not stored in memory. |
| | Action: Che | eck the TESTID. Reenter the command using a valid TESTID. |
| THIS MAP HAS A MANUAL ALT SET UP. IT MUST BE REMOVED FIRST. | | |
| Meaning: A manual TESTID is already defined. | | |
| | Action: Use | e the remove command to remove the manual TESTID. |

ovrride

Function

Use the ovrride command to postpone a scheduled test so that testing will not start until a specified day and time has passed.

| ovrride command parameters and variables | | |
|--|--|--|
| Command F | Parameters and variables | |
| ovrride | untilafter <i>day hh mm</i> all <i>all</i> query | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| all | This parameter specifies that the override action includes all TESTIDs at all sublevels of ALT. | |
| clear | This parameter cancels the request to override the test schedule for the posted TESTID or all TESTIDs. | |
| day | This variable specifies the day of the week: mon, tue, wed, thu, fri, sat, or sun. | |
| hh | This variable specifies the hour of the day, from 00-23. | |
| mm | This variable specifies the minute of the hour, from 00-59. | |
| query | This parameter displays the actual date after which testing will resume. | |
| untilafter | This parameter specifies that testing will resume after a specified day and time. | |

Qualifications

The ovrride command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions, and limitations:

- TESTIDs in a stopped status cannot be overridden.
- Data and time changes at the switch do not change the date and time after which testing will resume.

Examples

Not currently available

ovrride (continued)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the ovrride command.

| Responses for the ovrride command | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | | |
| ACTION TO BE DONE TO ALL TESTIDS. PLEASE CONFIRM YES/NO? | | | |
| Meaning: You entered the ovrrride command with the all parameter and the system requires confirmation before performing the action. | | | |
| Action: To continue with the override request, enter yes. To cancel the override request, enter no. | | | |
| ACTIVE TESTING CAN RESUME AFTER SWITCH TIME <day><date><time></time></date></day> | | | |
| Meaning: The query request has been performed. The display shows the switch time when testing can resume. | | | |
| Action: None | | | |
| COMMAND NOT VALID FOR MANUAL TESTID | | | |
| Meaning: The ovrride command cannot be used with a manual TESTID. | | | |
| Action: None | | | |
| NOTHING POSTED | | | |
| Meaning: No TESTID is posted. | | | |
| Action: Post the required TESTID. | | | |
| STATUS OF THE TESTID IS NOT OVERRIDDEN | | | |
| Meaning: The query request cannot be performed because the TESTID you entered is not overridden. | | | |
| Action: None | | | |
| -continued- | | | |

ovrride (end)

| Responses for | r the ovrride command (continued) | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | |
| TESTID STATUS IS NOT VALID FOR OVRRIDE COMMAND | | | |
| | Meaning: The TESTID status (stopped) cannot be overridden. | | |
| | Action: None | | |
| THERE IS NO | ALTSCHED DATA | | |
| | Meaning: There is no data in memory (table ALTSCHED). The posted data was only a private copy. | | |
| | Action: None | | |
| | -end- | | |

post

Function

Use the post command to select for action the scheduled ALT TESTID that is stored in memory.

| post command parameters and variables | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| post | testid | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| testid | This variable specifies the test identifier consisting of a 6-12 character alphanumeric string. | |

Qualifications

If the post command is entered while a TESTID is posted, the data for the posted TESTID will be replaced by the new TESTID.

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

Refer to the common responses table in the beginning of this section for responses common to ALT commands.

| Responses for the post command | | |
|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| TEST TYPE NOT THE SAME AS ALT SUB-LEVEL | | |
| Meaning: The TESTID you entered does not correspond to the current sublevel. | | |
| Action: Use the altinfo command to determine the test type of the TESTID. | | |

quit

Function

Use the quit command to exit from the current menu level and return to a previous menu level.

| quit command parameters and variables | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| quit | <u>1</u> all incrname n | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| <u>1</u> | This default parameter causes the system to display the next higher MAP level. | |
| all | This parameter causes the system to display the CI level from any level. | |
| incrname | This variable causes the system to exit the specified level and all sublevels. The system displays the next level higher than the one specified. Values for <i>incrname</i> are menu level names, such as lns, mtc, or mapci. | |
| n | This variable identifies a specified number of retreat levels from the current level. The range of retreat levels is 0-6. However, the system cannot accept a level number higher than the number of the current level. | |

Qualifications

None

Examples

The following table provides examples of the quit command.

| Examples of the quit command | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | |
| quit ₊ | | | |
| | Task: | Exit from the ALTSDIAG level to the previous menu level. | |
| | Response: | The display changes to the display of a higher level menu. | |
| | Explanation: | The ALTSDIAG level has changed to the previous menu level. | |
| -continued- | | | |

quit (continued)

| Examples of the quit command (continued) | | | |
|---|---------------|---|--|
| Example | Task, respons | Task, response, and explanation | |
| quit mtc where | ل | | |
| mtc specifies the level higher than the ALTSDIAG level to be exited | | | |
| | Task: | Return to the MAPCI level (one menu level higher than MTC). | |
| | Response: | The display changes to the MAPCI menu display: | |
| | | MAPCI: | |
| | Explanation: | The ALTSDIAG level has returned to the MAPCI level. | |
| -end- | | | |

Responses

The following table provides an explanation of the responses to the quit command.

| Responses for the quit command | | |
|--|--|-----------|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| CI: | | |
| | Meaning: The system exited all MAP menu levels and returned to the CI level. | |
| | Action: None | |
| QUIT Unable to quit requested number of levels Last parameter evaluated was: 1 | | |
| | Meaning: You entered an invalid level number. The number you entered exceet the number of MAP levels from which to quit. | ∍ds |
| | Action: Reenter the command using an appropriate level number. | |
| The system replaces the ALTSDIAG level menu with a menu that is two or more levels higher. | | |
| | Meaning: You entered the quit command with an <i>n</i> variable value of 2 or more an <i>incrname</i> variable value corresponding to two or more levels high | or er. |
| | Action: None | |
| -continued- | | |
quit (end)

Responses for the quit command (continued)

MAP output Meaning and action

The system replaces the display of the ALTSDIAG level with the display of the next higher MAP level.

Meaning: The system exited to the next higher MAP level.

Action: None

-end-

remove

Function

Use the remove command to remove the data associated with the posted TESTID from memory table ALTSCHED.

| remove command parameters and variables | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| remove | There are no parameters or variables. | |

Qualifications

If the TESTID is for a scheduled test, the system prompts for a yes or no confirmation.

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the remove command.

| Responses for the remove command | | |
|--|---|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| DATA IS TO BE REMOVED FROM TABLE ALTSCHED. PLEASE CONFIRM YES/NO? | | |
| Meaning: | The system requires confirmation before removing the data from table ALTSCHED. | |
| Action: | To confirm the removal, enter yes. To cancel the removal request, enter no. | |
| <failure> FAILED TO DELETE TH</failure> | E DATA FROM TABLE ALTSCHED | |
| Meaning: | The system failed to remove the data from memory. The reason for the failure is indicated by <failure>.</failure> | |
| Action: | None | |
| -continued- | | |

remove (end)

| Responses for the remove command (continued) | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action | |
| NOTHING POST | NOTHING POSTED | | |
| | Meaning: | The TESTID is not posted. | |
| | Action: | Post the required TESTID. | |
| TESTID STATE NO ACTION TA | TESTID STATUS MUST BE "STOPPED" OR "DEFINED" TO REMOVE. NO ACTION TAKEN. | | |
| | Meaning: | The remove command could not be executed because the status of the manual TESTID is something other than stopped or defined. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| TESTID STATUS MUST BE "STOPPED" TO REMOVE. NO ACTION TAKEN. | | | |
| | Meaning: | The remove command could not be executed because the status of the scheduled TESTID was something other than stopped. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| -end- | | | |

start

Function

Use the start command to set the posted scheduled ALT test in a state such that it is ready to run at the next scheduled time.

| start command parameters and variables | | |
|--|---|--|
| Command Pa | rameters and variables | |
| start [<u>b</u> la | eginlen astlen] [<u>full</u> summary] | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| <u>beginlen</u> | This default parameter starts testing from the beginning line equipment number in the block of lines defined for testing. | |
| <u>full</u> | This default parameter generates a detailed ALT109 log when the test is finished. | |
| lastlen | This parameter restarts testing just after the last LEN tested. | |
| summary | This parameter generates an ALT108 summary log when the test is finished. | |

Qualifications

Not currently available

Examples

Not currently available

start (continued)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the start command.

| Responses for the start command | | |
|--|--|--|
| AP output Meaning and action | | |
| LT TESTER PROCESS CANNOT START MANUAL TEST. OT ENOUGH FREE TEST PROCESS STREAMS. | | |
| Meaning: There are not enough test process streams to start the manual test. | | |
| Action: You may use the ovrride command to override another test to free up test process streams. | | |
| LT TESTER PROCESS HAS ACKNOWLEDGED THE START REQUEST | | |
| Meaning: You properly entered the start command for the manual TESTID. Because the test equipment is being diagnosed before testing begins, this action can take some time to finish. | | |
| Action: None | | |
| AILED TO SEND TO ALT DRIVER PROCESS. AIT 15 SECONDS, TRY AGAIN. | | |
| Meaning: The system has a problem executing the start command. | | |
| Action: Wait 15 seconds, then reenter the command. If the same response appears, contact the support group. | | |
| FAILED TO SEND TO ALT TESTER PROCESS. WAIT 15 SECONDS, TRY AGAIN. | | |
| Meaning: The system has a problem executing the start command. | | |
| Action: Wait 15 seconds, then reenter the command. If the same response appears, contact the support group. | | |
| NOTHING POSTED | | |
| Meaning: No TESTID is posted. | | |
| Action: Post the required TESTID. | | |
| -continued- | | |

start (continued)

| Responses for the start command (continued) | | |
|--|-------------------------|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| START LEN IS SET TO START FROM "BEGINLEN". PLEASE CONFIRM YES/NO? Or START LEN IS SET TO START FROM "LASTLEN". DLEASE CONFIRM YES(NO2 | | |
| Meaning: The system requires confirmation of the parameter you entered. | | |
| Action: To confirm, enter yes. To cancel the start request, enter no. | | |
| TEST STATUS NOT VALID FOR START COMMAND | | |
| Meaning: The status of the manual TESTID was not stopped or defined. | | |
| Action: Change the manual TESTID status to stopped or defined before attempting to start the TESTID. | | |
| TESTID IS NOT IN "STOPPED" STATUS | | |
| Meaning: The TESTID is not in the stopped mode. | | |
| Action: The status of the TESTID must be stopped before you can enter start command. If the status of the TESTID is defined, use the stopped. | the Jbmit | |
| TESTID REQUIRED TO START FROM BEGINNING, SET TO "BEGINLEN". START LEN IS SET TO START FROM "BEGINLEN". PLEASE CONFIRM YES/NO? | | |
| Meaning: You entered the start command with the lastlen parameter, but the been no previous testing to enable testing from the lastlen. The has changed the parameter to beginlen and requires confirmation | ere has system 1. | |
| Action: To confirm, enter yes. To cancel the start request, enter no. | | |
| -continued- | | |

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start (end)

| Responses for the start command (continued) | | |
|---|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning | and action | |
| YOUR REQUEST HAS BE PLEASE WAIT | EN QUEUED. THE ALT TESTER IS BUSY. | |
| Meaning: | The start request for the manual TESTID has been queued because ALT is busy with another request. When ALT is available, the queued request will be processed. | |
| Action: | Do not reenter the start command. Additional start requests for the same TESTID will be ignored. | |
| -end- | | |

status

Function

Use the status command to check the status of the posted TESTID. There are two ways that the status information can be displayed:

- in the test stream format
- in the LCD test set format

The test stream format represents the test equipment used to test the posted TESTID.

The LCD test set format represents the actual line equipment numbers (LENs) being tested by the test equipment associated with the TESTID.

| status command parameters and variables | | |
|---|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| status | stream Icdtestset | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| lcdtestset | This parameter displays the status of the TESTID in the LCD test set format. | |
| stream | This parameter displays the status of the TESTID in the stream format. | |

Qualifications

None

status (continued)

Examples

The following table provides examples of the status command.

| Examples of | the status command |
|------------------------|---|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation |
| status stream where | m .⊣ |
| stream | displays the status of the posted TESTID in a stream format |
| | Task:Check the status of the posted TESTID, LNMTCJOHN. Display the status in a stream format. |
| | Response: |
| | TESTID : LNMTCJOHN Test type: DIAGStream State Test equip. state LastLEN testedMAX LENS0ActiveLTU0SZDHOST1001731120000ActiveLTU0SZDOPM100119093201Interrupt MTU23SZDOPM100119093202HeldTTT34SBDLM11110820963DoneSLTDRCT15090203256Explanation: The system displays the status of the posted TESTID in a stream format. The stream format provides the following information : |
| | the stream number order the stream |
| | the test equipment used |
| | the last LEN tested by the stream |
| | the total number of LENs the stream could test (based on the LCDs assigned to the stream) |
| status Icdtes where | stset ⊣ |
| lcdtestset | displays a snapshot of the LCD tests for an ALT test |
| | -continued- |

status (continued)

| Examples of t | the status comm | and (continued) | |
|---------------|--|--|---|
| Example | Task, respons | se, and explanation | |
| | Task: | Check the status of the po Display the status in an Ic | osted TESTID, which is LNMTCFRED. |
| | Response: | | |
| | TESTID : LNN Start LEN HOST 00 0 HOST 00 1 0 HOST 00 1 0 HOST 00 1 0 HOST 50 1 0 HOST 51 0 0 DLM1 60 0 0 RCT1 00 1 0 RCT1 00 2 0 | MTCFRED Test type: End LEN 0 00 HOST 00 0 09 1 0 00 HOST 00 0 19 1 0 00 HOST 00 1 09 1 0 00 HOST 00 1 19 1 0 10 HOST 50 1 00 1 0 09 HOST 51 0 00 1 0 09 DLM1 60 0 09 1 0 00 RCT1 00 1 04 1 0 00 RCT1 00 1 03 1 | DIAG Stream Vert Testing Status 31 0 0 HOST 00 0 09 10 31 1 1 Done 31 1 2 Suspended 31 1 3 WAITING 20 2 600 Done 10 2 601 HOST 51 0 00 09 31 3 DLM1 60 0 09 02 20 4 10 RCT1 00 0 16 00 10 4 10 WAITING 20 4 10 WAITING |
| | Explanation: | The system displays the s lcdtesteset format. The lcd information : | status of the posted TESTID in the dtestset format provides the following |
| | | the start LEN and end | d LEN range |
| | | which stream is to pro | ocess the test set |
| | | the vertical on the MT | A (if applicable) |
| | | the status | |
| | | Here is a list of the po meanings: | ossible testing status conditions and their |
| | | - <len></len> | the last LEN tested |
| | | - done | the lcd test set have been completely run |
| | | - suspended | the LCD test set cannot be completed because the test equipment is suspected as being faulty. The test equipment passes diagnostics but line cards continue to fail. |
| | | - held | test equipment or the LCD PM is unavailable |
| | | - WAITING | the stream did not get to this LCD test set and the LCD test set is waiting to be run |
| | | -end- | |

status (end)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the status command.

| Responses for the status command | | |
|----------------------------------|----------|---|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action |
| NO STREAM O | R LCD TE | ST SET CALCULATION HAS BEEN DONE |
| | Meaning | The data cannot be displayed because the system has not performed the calculations. |
| | Action: | Use the define command for manual TESTIDs. Or, use the submit command for scheduled TESTIDs. This action will force the system to perform the calculations. |
| NOTHING POSTED | | |
| | Meaning | No TESTID is posted. |
| | Action: | Post the required TESTID. |

Function

Use the stop command to halt a test and change the TESTID status.

| stop command parameters and variables | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| stop | There are no parameters or variables. | |

Qualifications

Not currently available

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the stop command.

| Responses for the stop command | | |
|--|----------|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action |
| ASKING FOR N | MANUAL I | ESTID TO BE STOPPED |
| | Meaning | The stop request for a manual TESTID has been queued. Since ALT may be busy with other tests, the request may not be executed until the other tests are completed. |
| | Action: | None |
| FAILED TO SEND TO ALT DRIVER PROCESS. WAIT 15 SECONDS, TRY AGAIN. | | |
| | Meaning | The system has a problem executing the stop command. |
| | Action: | Wait 15 seconds, then reenter the command. If the same response appears, contact the support group. |
| -continued- | | |

stop

stop (end)

| Responses for the stop command (continued) | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | |
| FAILED TO S WAIT 15 SEC | FAILED TO SEND TO ALT TESTER PROCESS. WAIT 15 SECONDS, TRY AGAIN. | | |
| | Meaning | The system has a problem executing the stop command. | |
| | Action: | Wait 15 seconds, then reenter the command. If the same response appears, contact the support group. | |
| NOTHING POS | TED | | |
| | Meaning: No TESTID is posted. | | |
| | Action: | Post the required TESTID. | |
| TEST STATUS | IS NOT | VALID FOR STOP COMMAND | |
| | Meaning | The status of the manual TESTID is one of defined, deleted, or undefined. The stop command has no effect and is ignored. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| TESTID IS A | LREADY " | STOPPED" | |
| | Meaning | The TESTID status is already stopped. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| -end- | | | |

submit

Function

Use the submit command to send the defined test data for the posted TESTID into memory table ALTSCHED.

| submit command parameters and variables | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| submit | There are no parameters or variables. | |

Qualifications

None

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the submit command.

| Responses for the submit command | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | |
| COMMAND NOT | VALID FOR MANUAL TESTID | | |
| | Meaning: The submit command does not work with a manual testid. | | |
| | Action: None | | |
| NOT ENOUGH FIELDS DEFINED. ENSURE ENOUGH FIELDS ARE ENTERED. | | | |
| | Meaning: You entered the submit command without enough data defined for the TESTID. The TESTID status must either be defined or deleted before the data can be submitted. | | |
| | Action: Define more data for the TESTID. Reenter the submit command. | | |
| NOTHING POST | ED | | |
| | Meaning: No testid is posted. | | |
| | Action: None | | |
| -continued- | | | |

submit (continued)

| Responses for the submit command (continued) | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | | |
| <reason> CANNOT CONVERT ALT MAP TIMES TO ALTSCHED DATA TIMES. PROBLEM CONVERTING MAP DATA TO ALTSCHED DATA FORMAT FOR ENTRY. QUIT THE MAP, TRY AGAIN.</reason> | | | |
| Meaning: The system was unable to store the time data. The reason is given in the beginning of the response. | | | |
| Action: Contact the system support group. | | | |
| <reason> INTERNAL DATA BAD. PROBLEM CONVERTING MAP DATA TO ALTSCHED DATA FORMAT FOR ENTRY. QUIT THE MAP, TRY AGAIN.</reason> | | | |
| Meaning: The system is unable to store the startlen and endlen data. The reason is given at the beginning of the response. | | | |
| Action: Contact the system support group. | | | |
| TABLE ALTSCHED ALREADY CONTAINS THIS TESTID | | | |
| Meaning: The TESTID you entered is already in memory (table ALTSCHED). | | | |
| Action: Define the data against a different TESTID. | | | |
| THE DATA HAS FAILED TO BE ADDED INTO TABLE ALTSCHED. | | | |
| Meaning: The system was unable to submit the data. The table control reason is given at the beginning of the response. | | | |
| Action: Check the test data. Reenter the command. | | | |
| THE DATA HAS FAILED TO VERIFY REQUIREMENTS OF TABLE ALTSCHED. | | | |
| Meaning: The system was unable to verify the data. The table control reason is given at the beginning of the response. | | | |
| Action: Check the test data. Reenter the command. | | | |
| -continued- | | | |

submit (end)

Responses for the submit command (continued)

MAP output Meaning and action

THE DATA HAS BEEN ADDED INTO TABLE ALTSCHED

Meaning: The data has been successfully stored in memory (table ALTSCHED).

Action: None

-end-

AOSSsel level commands

Use the AOSSsel level of the MAP to analyze calls that originate on Auziliary Operator Services System (AOSS), Traffic Operator Position System (TOPS), Super Centralized Automatic Message Acounting (SCAMA), or Intertoll (IT) incoming trunks and require AOSS operator assistance.

Accessing the AOSSsel level

To access the AOSSsel level, enter the following from the CI (command interpreter) level:

mapci;saselect;aosssel →

AOSSsel commands

The commands available at the AOSSsel MAP level are described in this chapter and arranged in alphabetical order. The page number for each command is listed in the following table.

| AOSSsel commands | | |
|------------------|-------|--|
| Command | Page | |
| dirasst | A-273 | |
| exclct | A-275 | |
| excito | A-279 | |
| inclct | A-283 | |
| inclto | A-285 | |
| monconn | A-287 | |
| monrel | A-289 | |
| saselect | A-291 | |

AOSSsel menu

The following figure shows the AOSSsel menu and status display.

Ofc **OFFICE** Mtr **On** AOSS Traffic Offices Mode AOSSsel TO 1 TO 2 0 SASelect 0 0 2 MONREL Incl Incl 3 MONCONN 4 5 ExclTO_ 6 InclTO_ 7 8 InclCT 9 ExclCT_ 10 Call Types: DA INT 11 12 DirAsst 13 14 15 16 17 18

AOSSsel status codes

The following table describes the status codes for the AOSSsel status display.

| Status codes AOSSsel menu status display | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Code | Meaning | Description | | |
| AOSS Traffic Offi | ces | | | |
| TO 1-32 | traffic office | The AOSS traffic office is given by number. | | |
| 0- <n></n> | operators | The number of operators for the office is given. | | |
| Incl | included | The AOSS office is included in service analysis. | | |
| Excl | excluded | The AOSS office is excluded from service analysis. | | |
| QMS Services | QMS Services | | | |
| 0-62 | service number | The queue management system (QMS) service is given by number. | | |
| Call Type | | | | |
| DA | directory assistance | QMS directory assistance (DA) service is included in service analysis. | | |
| INT | intercept | QMS intercept (INT) service is included in service analysis. | | |

dirasst

Function

Use the dirasst command to advance to the service analysis (SA) level and wait for a call types in categories set by either the system or the analyst.

| dirasst command parameters and variables | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| dirasst | There are no parameters or variables. | |

Qualification

The dirasst command is qualified by the following limitation: AOSS call types SPARE 1-3 are not any of the call selection categories and are not followed for analysis.

Example

The following table provides an example of the dirasst command.

| Example of the dirasst command | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | |
| dirasst 斗 | | | |
| | Task: | Access the DirAsst level. | |
| | Response: | The menu changes to the SA level menu and the mode portion of the system status area changes to display the following: | |
| | | Mode DirAsst DA, INT | |
| | Explanation: | The system displays the DirAsst level. | |

dirasst (end)

Response

The following table provides an explanation of the response to the dirasst command.

| Response for the dirasst command | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | |
| The menu changes to the SA level menu and the mode portion of the system status area changes to display the following: | | | |
| MOUE DITASS | , DA, INI | | |
| | Meaning: The system displays the DirAsst level. | | |
| | Action: None | | |

exclct

Function

Use the exclct command to exclude an AOSS call type from service analysis.

| exclct command parameters and variables | | |
|---|---|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| exclct | da int | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| da | This parameter directs the system to exclude calls that originate on AOSS, TOPS, SCAMA, or IT trunks and complete to an AOSS position as call types 411, HOM55 FOR555, 131, or 141. | |
| int | This parameter directs the system to exclude calls that originate on AOSS, TOPS, SC, or IT trunks and complete to an AOSS position as call type intercept. | |

Qualifications

The exclct command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions, and limitations:

- Either general category can be included or excluded as required.
- When the AOSSsel level is entered, all call types shown previously are automatically included.
- Excluded services are retained until SASelect is accessed and a new call selection is made.

exclct (continued)

Example

The following table provides an example of the exclct command.

| Example of the exclct command | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | |
| exclct int ₊ | | | |
| | Task: | Exclude intercept calls from the service analysis. | |
| | Response: | The service types line of the display changes to delete the excluded service and show the remaining included services: | |
| | SrvType: DA | | |
| | Explanation: | The requested service is excluded. | |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the exclct command.

| Responses for the exclct command | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| CANNOT EXCL | UDE ALL | SERVICE TYPES |
| | Meaning | The specified service is the last service type still selected by SA and the current configuration of the system will not allow all service types to be excluded. |
| | Action: | None |
| SERVICE TYPE ALREADY EXCLUDED | | |
| | Meaning | The specified service is already excluded. |
| | Action: | None |
| -continued- | | |

exclct (end)

Responses for the exclct command (continued)

MAP output Meaning and action

The service types line of the display changes to delete the excluded service and show the remaining included services:

SrvType: INT

Meaning: The requested service or services are excluded.

Action: None

-end-

exclto

Function

Use the exclto command to exclude one or more of the traffic offices being serviced by AOSS.

| exclto command parameters and variables | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | |
| exclto | n all | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | | |
| all | This parameter indicates that all offices served by AOSS are to be excluded. | | |
| n | This variable is the number assigned to the traffic office served by AOSS that is to be excluded. Only those traffic offices being served in the switch and under analysi can be specified. | | |

Qualifications

The exclto command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions, and limitations:

- Calls to AOSS positions in excluded traffic offices are not selected.
- When the AOSSsel level is entered, all traffic offices are automatically included.
- Excluded traffic offices are retained until SASelect is accessed, at which time all traffic offices are included again.

exclto (continued)

Example

The following table provides an example of the exclto command.

| Example of the excito command | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | |
| excito 1 ₊ where | | |
| 1 is | the AOSS traffic | c office to be excluded |
| | Task: | Exclude AOSS traffic office 1. |
| | Response: | The AOSS area of the display changes to show that traffic office 1 is now excluded: |
| | AOSS Traffi | c Offices |
| | TO 1 TO 1 0 0 Excl Incl | - |
| | Explanation: | The requested AOSS traffic office is excluded. |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the exclto command.

| Responses for the excito command | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|---|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| exclto | | |
| | Meaning: | The exclto command was entered with no parameters or variables. The exclusion status of the AOSS offices does not change. |
| | Action: | Enter the exclto command with an appropriate parameter or variable. |
| -continued- | | |

exclto (end)

| Responses for the excito command (continued) | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | | |
| The AOSS area of the display will change to show that the requested traffic office or traffic offices are now excluded: | | | |
| AOSS Traffic Offices | | | |
| TO 1 TO 1 | | | |
| 0 0 Exal Incl | | | |
| | | | |
| Meaning: The requested office or offices are now excluded. | | | |
| Action: None | | | |
| -end- | | | |

inclct

Function

Use the inclct command to include AOSS call types in service analysis.

| inclct command parameters and variables | | |
|---|---|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| inclct | da int | |
| Parameters and variables | s Description | |
| da | This parameter directs the system to include calls that originate on AOSS, TOPS, SCAMA, or IT trunks and complete to an AOSS position as call types 411, HOM55 FOR555, 131, or 141. | |
| int | This parameter directs the system to include calls that originate on AOSS, TOPS, SC, or IT trunks and complete to an AOSS position as call type intercept. | |

Qualifications

None

Example

The following table provides an example of the inclct command.

| Example of the inclct command | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | |
| inclct int | | | |
| | Task: | Include intercept calls in the service analysis. | |
| | Response: | The service types line of the display changes to show the included services: | |
| | SrvType: I | DA, INT | |
| | Explanation: | The requested service is included. | |

inclct (end)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the inclct command.

| Responses for the inclct command | | |
|---|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| The service types line of the display changes to show the services that are included: | | |
| SrvType: DA, INT | | |
| Meaning: The requested service or services are included. | | |
| Action: None | | |
| SERVICE TYPE ALREADY INCLUDED | | |
| Meaning: The specified service is already included. | | |
| Action: None | | |

inclto

Function

Use the inclto command to include one or more of the traffic offices being serviced by AOSS.

| inclto command parameters and variables | | |
|---|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| inclto | n all | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| all | This parameter indicates that all offices served by AOSS are to be included. | |
| n | This variable is the number assigned to the traffic office served by AOSS that is to be included. Only those traffic offices being served in the switch and under analys can be specified. | |

Qualifications

None

Example

The following table provides an example of the inclto command.

| Example of the inclto command | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | |
| inclto 1 ₊ where | | | |
| 1 is | the AOSS traffic | c office to be included | |
| | Task: | Include AOSS traffic office 1. | |
| | Response: | The AOSS area of the display changes to show that traffic office 1 is now included: | |
| | AOSS Traffi | c Offices | |
| | TO 1 TO 1 0 0 Incl Incl | - - | |
| | Explanation: | The requested AOSS traffic office is included. | |

inclto (end)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the inclto command.

| Responses for the inclto command | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | |
| inclto | | | |
| | Meaning: | The inclto command was entered with no parameters or variables. The inclusion status of the AOSS offices does not change. | |
| | Action: | Enter the inclto command with an appropriate parameter or variable. | |
| The AOSS area now included: | The AOSS area of the display changes to show that the requested traffic office or traffic offices are now included: | | |
| AOSS Traffi | AOSS Traffic Offices | | |
| TO 1 TO 1 0 0 Incl Incl | | | |
| | Meaning: | The requested office or offices are now included. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| -end- | | | |
monconn

Function

Use the monconn command to reconnect the service analysis (SA) monitor.

| monconn command parameters and variables | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | |
| monconn | There are no parameters or variables. | | |

Qualifications

The monconn command is qualified by the following: at the start of an SA session, a voice monitor circuit is automatically connected. To disconnect the monitor circuit, enter the monrel command. To reconnect a monitor circuit, use the monconn command.

Example

The following table provides an example of the monconn command.

| Example of the monconn command | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | | | | |
| monconn ₊ | | | | | | |
| | Task: Connect the SA monitor. | | | | | |
| | Response: | Monitor link connected. | | | | |
| | Explanation: | The system connects the SA monitor link. | | | | |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the monconn command.

| Responses for the monconn command | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| MAP output | t Meaning and action | | | | | |
| Monitor link connected. | | | | | | |
| | Meaning: The system connects the monitor link. | | | | | |
| Action: None | | | | | | |
| -continued- | | | | | | |

monconn (end)

Responses for the monconn command (continued)

MAP output Meaning and action

You already have a monitor.

Meaning: The monitor link was already connected.

Action: None

-end-

Use the monrel command to release the service analysis (SA) monitor.

| monrel command parameters and variables | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | |
| monrel | There are no parameters or variables. | | |

Qualifications

The monrel command is qualified by the following: at the start of an SA session, a voice monitor circuit is automatically connected. To disconnect the monitor circuit enter monrel. To reconnect a monitor circuit, use the monconn command.

Example

The following table provides an example of the monrel command.

| Example of the monrel command | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | | | | | | |
| monrel ₊ | | | | | | | | |
| | Task: | Release the SA monitor. | | | | | | |
| | Response: | The monitor portion of the system status area changes to display the following: | | | | | | |
| | | Mtr Off | | | | | | |
| | Explanation: | The system releases the SA monitor link. | | | | | | |

monrel (end)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the monrel command.

| Responses for the monrel command | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | | | | |
| The monitor po | ortion of the system status area changes to display the following: | | | | | |
| Mtr Off | | | | | | |
| | Meaning: The system disconnects the monitor link. | | | | | |
| | Action: None | | | | | |
| You do not | have a monitor. | | | | | |
| | Meaning: The monitor link was already disconnected. | | | | | |
| | Action: None | | | | | |

Use the saselect command to return to the SASelect level.

| saselect command parameters and variables | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | |
| saselect | There are no parameters or variables. | | |

Qualifications

None

Example

The following table provides an example of the saselect command.

| Example of the saselect command | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | | | | | | | | |
| saselect .⊣ | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Task: | Return to the SASelect level. | | | | | | | | |
| | Response: | Lesponse: The menu changes to the SASelect level menu, and the following fields are added to the display: | | | | | | | | |
| | TO 1 TO 2 0 0 Incl Incl | | | | | | | | | |
| | QMS Service SrvType: TA LINE SELECT | es: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 A DA INT FION: COS NXX SITE LM-DRAWER CUST-GROUP ON OFF OFF OFF OFF | | | | | | | | |
| | Explanation: | The SASelect level is displayed. | | | | | | | | |

saselect (end)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the saselect command.

| Response for the saselect command | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | | | | | |
| The menu changes to the SASelect level menu, and the following fields are added to the display: | | | | | | |
| TO 1 TO 2 0 0 Incl Incl | | | | | | |
| QMS Services: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 SrvType: TA DA INT | | | | | | |
| LINE SELECTION: COS NXX SITE LM-DRAWER CUST-GROUP ON OFF OFF OFF OFF | | | | | | |
| Meaning: The SASelect level is displayed. | | | | | | |
| Action: None | | | | | | |

ATT level commands

Use the ATT level of the MAP to monitor and control automatic trunk testing (ATT).

Accessing the ATT level

To access the ATT level, enter the following from the CI level: mapci;mtc;trks;att →

ATT commands

The commands available at the ATT MAP level are described in this chapter and arranged in alphabetical order. The page number for each command is listed in the following table.

| Command | Page |
|-------------|-------|
| delman | A-297 |
| haltatt | A-303 |
| listman | A-305 |
| Istclli | A-307 |
| Iststop | A-313 |
| Istwait | A-315 |
| quit | A-317 |
| runatt | A-321 |
| setstst | A-323 |
| start | A-325 |
| -continued- | |

| Command | Page |
|---------|-------|
| stop | A-331 |
| testreq | A-337 |
| -end- | |

ATT menu

The following figure shows the ATT menu and status display.

| CM | MS | IOD | Net | PM | CCS | LNS | Trks | Ext | APPL |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|--------|-------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|------|
| • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| ATT 0 Quit 2 TestReq_ 3 4 LstStop 5 LstWait 6 LstCLLI_ 7 ListMan 8 DelMan_ 9 Stop_ 10 Start_ 11 12 13 14 15 HaltATT 16 RunATT 17 SetSTst 18 | ATT : ENTR: AUTOI MANU | IS RUNI IES: A(MATIC AL | NING S CTIVE 13 1 | IMULTA TESI 7 0 | ANEOUS | S TESTS: WAIT_TE 1 1 | :11 MAN : W2 | IUAL AIT_TRI 2 0 | KS |

ATT status codes

The following table describes the status codes for the ATT status display.

Status codes ATT menu status display

Description

ACTIVE

This column shows the quantity of trunk groups in the immediate test table that are either under test or waiting to be tested as soon as circuits, test equipment, or test processes are available.

AUTOMATIC

This row shows the quantities of tests being handled by the system. The system can handle up to 20 tests.

MANUAL

This row shows the quantities of tests that have been manually initiated.

TESTING

This column shows the quantity of trunk groups actively under test.

WAIT_TE

This column shows the quantity of trunk groups which have been designated a test process, but are waiting for test equipment to be available before testing can start or continue.

WAIT_TRKS

This column shows the quantity of trunk groups for which testing has been suspended while ATT waits for circuits in these groups to become available for ATT testing.

Common responses

Not currently available

Use the delman command to delete manual test entries for a specified trunk group.

| delman comm | and parameters and variables |
|--------------------------|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables |
| delman | clli [<u>nocode</u> test_code] |
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| clli | This variable is the common language location identifier (CLLI) of the trunk group. |
| DIAG | This code represents the test line circuit diagnostic test. |
| ICOT | This code represents the test line Integrated Services Digital Network user part (ISUP) continuity test. |
| ISDN | This code represents the DMS-300 Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) tes call line test. |
| N100 | This code represents the test line quiet balanced termination [new] test. |
| <u>nocode</u> | This represents the system default. |
| S100 | This code represents the test line quiet balanced termination [old] test. |
| S104 | This code represents the test line transmission loss test. |
| T100 | This code represents the test line quiet termination test. |
| T102 | This code represents the test line milliwatt test. |
| T103 | This code represents the test line supervisory and signaling tests. |
| T104 | This code represents the test line transmission noise and loss test. |
| T105 | This code represents the test line loss measurement test. |
| T108 | This code represents the test line echo suppression test. |
| T165 | This code represents the test line loss and noise test. |
| | -continued- |

delman (continued)

| delman command parameters and variables (continued) | |
|---|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| T50L | This code represents the test line loss and return loss test. |
| T56N | This code represents the test line loss, noise, and return loss test. |
| T5AS | This code represents the test line loss, noise, return loss and self-check test. |
| T5AT | This code represents the test line loss, noise, and return loss test. |
| T5BS | This code represents the test line return loss and return loss self-check test. |
| T5LB | This code represents the test line loss and return loss test. |
| T5LH | This code represents the test line return loss low and high test. |
| T5SB | This code represents the test line return loss self-check test. |
| TA01 | This code represents the test line loss measurement test. |
| TA02 | This code represents the test line loss and frequency test. |
| TA03 | This code represents the test line noise (C-msg) test. |
| TA04 | This code represents the test line loss, noise test. |
| TA05 | This code represents the test line loss, frequency-deviation, noise (C-notch) test. |
| TA06 | This code represents the test line supervision test. |
| TA07 | This code represents the test line loss, supervision test. |
| TA08 | This code represents the test line loss, frequency-deviation, supervision test. |
| TA09 | This code represents the test line noise, supervision test. |
| TA10 | This code represents the test line loss, noise, supervision test. |
| TA11 | This code represents the test line loss, noise, frequency-deviation, supervision tes |
| TA12 | This code represents the test line supervision test. |
| TA13 | This code represents the test line supervision test. |
| | -continued- |

delman (continued)

| delman command parameters and variables (continued) | |
|---|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| TA14 | This code represents the test line busy flash, loss test. |
| TA15 | This code represents the test line busy flash, loss, frequency-deviation test. |
| TA16 | This code represents the test line busy flash, noise test. |
| TA17 | This code represents the test line busy flash, loss, noise test. |
| TA18 | This code represents the test line busy flash, loss, frequency-deviation, noise test. |
| TA19 | This code represents the test line supervision test. |
| TA20 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash, loss test. |
| TA21 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash, loss, frequency-deviatio test. |
| TA22 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash, noise test. |
| TA23 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash, loss, noise test. |
| TA24 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash, frequency-deviation, noise test. |
| TA25 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash test. |
| TART | This code represents the test line loss and noise [Turkey] test. |
| TCLC | This code represents the test line short circuit test. |
| TCON | This code represents the test line CCIS6 continuity test. |
| TE_M | This code represents the test line E & M lead test. |
| TERL | This code represents the test line echo return loss test. |
| test_code | This variable represents a test line test code from this table or data table ATTSCHED. When the <i>test_code</i> variable is entered, only the test data associate with the specified test is deleted. |
| TISS | This code represents the test line synchronous test. |
| | -continued- |

delman (continued)

| delman command parameters and variables (continued) | | |
|---|--|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| TL01 | This code represents the test line DMS-300 looparound test. | |
| TL65 | This code represents the test line loss measurement test. | |
| TL6N | This code represents the test line loss and noise test. | |
| TL6S | This code represents the test line loss measurement test. | |
| TLO5 | This code represents the test line loss measurement test. | |
| TLON | This code represents the test line loss and noise test. | |
| TLOS | This code represents the test line loss measurements test. | |
| TLPA | This code represents the test line looparound test. | |
| ТОРС | This code represents the test line open-circuit test. | |
| TNSS | This code represents the test line non-synchronous test. | |
| TR2L | This code represents the test line repeat 2 [long delay] test. | |
| TR2S | This code represents the test line repeat 2 [short delay] test. | |
| TS65 | This code represents the test line equipment check test. | |
| TS6N | This code represents the test line equipment check test. | |
| TSBS | This code represents the test line loss, noise, return loss self-check test. | |
| тѕвт | This code represents the test line return loss test. | |
| TSO5 | This code represents the test line equipment check test. | |
| TSYN | This code represents the test line synchronous test. | |
| X75E | This code represents the test line external continuity for X75 trunks test. | |
| X75I | This code represents the test line internal continuity for X75 trunks test. | |
| | -end- | |

delman (end)

Qualification

When the *test_code* variable is entered, only the test data associated with the specified test is deleted.

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

Not currently available

Use the haltatt command to stop all ATT testing.

| haltatt command parameters and variables | | |
|--|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| haltatt | y n | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| n | This parameter represents no. Enter n to prevent the command from being invoked. | |
| у | This parameter represents yes. Enter y to confirm the command. | |

Qualification

When the command string haltatt y is invoked, all tests that are running are halted and no new tests are initiated. Testing is halted within one minute.

Example

The following table provides an example of the haltatt command.

| Example of the haltatt command | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | |
| haltatt | _ | |
| | Task: | Halt all ATT testing. Confirm the action by typing Y when prompted. |
| | Response: | ATT IS HALTED |
| | Explanation: | The system halted all ATT testing. |

haltatt (end)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the haltatt command.

| Responses for the haltatt command | | |
|---|--------------------|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| ATT IS HALT | ED | |
| | Meaning | The command string haltatt y has been entered and all ATT testing has been halted. |
| | Action: | None |
| ATT IS RUNN | ING | |
| | Meaning | The command string haltatt n has been entered and all ATT testing is continuing to run. |
| | Action: | None |
| STOP ALL ATT TESTING? Next par is: <y n="" or=""> {Y, N} Enter: <y n="" or=""></y></y> | | |
| | Meaning | The command haltatt has been entered without the parameter n or y. |
| | Action: | Enter n to prevent the command from being invoked or enter y to confirm the haltatt command. |

Use the listman command to display data about manual tests.

| listman command parameters and variables | |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| Command | Parameters and variables |
| listman | There are no parameters or variables. |

Qualifications

None

Example

The following table provides an example of the listman command.

| Example of the listman command | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | |
| listman | | |
| | Task: | Display data about manual tests. |
| | Response: | MANUAL TABLE IS EMPTY |
| | Explanation: | No manual tests are active. |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the listman command.

| Responses for the listman command | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| MANUAL TABLE IS EMPTY | | |
| | Meaning: The command has been entered and no manual tests are active. | |
| | Action: None | |

Istclli

Function

Use the lstclli command to display all scheduled automatic circuit tests and associated data for a trunk group.

| Istclli commar | nd parameters and variables |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables |
| lstclli | clli [<u>nocode</u> test_code] |
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| clli | This variable is the common language location identifier (CLLI) of the trunk group. |
| DIAG | This code represents the test line circuit diagnostic test. |
| ICOT | This code represents the test line Integrated Services Digital Network user part (ISUP) continuity test. |
| ISDN | This code represents the DMS-300 Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) tes call line test. |
| N100 | This code represents the test line quiet balanced termination [new] test. |
| <u>nocode</u> | This represents the system default. |
| S100 | This code represents the test line quiet balanced termination [old] test. |
| S104 | This code represents the test line transmission loss test. |
| T100 | This code represents the test line quiet termination test. |
| T102 | This code represents the test line milliwatt test. |
| T103 | This code represents the test line supervisory and signaling tests. |
| T104 | This code represents the test line transmission noise and loss test. |
| T105 | This code represents the test line loss measurement test. |
| T108 | This code represents the test line echo suppression test. |
| T165 | This code represents the test line loss and noise test. |
| | -continued- |

Istclli (continued)

| Istclli command parameters and variables (continued) | |
|--|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| T50L | This code represents the test line loss and return loss test. |
| T56N | This code represents the test line loss, noise, and return loss test. |
| T5AS | This code represents the test line loss, noise, return loss and self-check test. |
| T5AT | This code represents the test line loss, noise, and return loss test. |
| T5BS | This code represents the test line return loss and return loss self-check test. |
| T5LB | This code represents the test line loss and return loss test. |
| T5LH | This code represents the test line return loss low and high test. |
| T5SB | This code represents the test line return loss self-check test. |
| TA01 | This code represents the test line loss measurement test. |
| TA02 | This code represents the test line loss and frequency test. |
| TA03 | This code represents the test line noise (C-msg) test. |
| TA04 | This code represents the test line loss, noise test. |
| TA05 | This code represents the test line loss, frequency-deviation, noise (C-notch) test. |
| TA06 | This code represents the test line supervision test. |
| TA07 | This code represents the test line loss, supervision test. |
| TA08 | This code represents the test line loss, frequency-deviation, supervision test. |
| TA09 | This code represents the test line noise, supervision test. |
| TA10 | This code represents the test line loss, noise, supervision test. |
| TA11 | This code represents the test line loss, noise, frequency-deviation, supervision tes |
| TA12 | This code represents the test line supervision test. |
| TA13 | This code represents the test line supervision test. |
| | -continued- |

Istclli (continued)

| Istclli command | parameters and variables (continued) |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| TA14 | This code represents the test line busy flash, loss test. |
| TA15 | This code represents the test line busy flash, loss, frequency-deviation test. |
| TA16 | This code represents the test line busy flash, noise test. |
| TA17 | This code represents the test line busy flash, loss, noise test. |
| TA18 | This code represents the test line busy flash, loss, frequency-deviation, noise test. |
| TA19 | This code represents the test line supervision test. |
| TA20 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash, loss test. |
| TA21 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash, loss, frequency-deviation test. |
| TA22 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash, noise test. |
| TA23 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash, loss, noise test. |
| TA24 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash, frequency-deviation, noise test. |
| TA25 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash test. |
| TART | This code represents the test line loss and noise [Turkey] test. |
| TCLC | This code represents the test line short circuit test. |
| TCON | This code represents the test line CCIS6 continuity test. |
| TE_M | This code represents the test line E & M lead test. |
| TERL | This code represents the test line echo return loss test. |
| test_code | This variable represents a test line test code from this table or data table ATTSCHED. When the <i>test_code</i> variable is entered, only the test data associated with the specified test is deleted. |
| TISS | This code represents the test line synchronous test. |
| | -continued- |

Istclli (continued)

| Istclli command parameters and variables (continued) | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | | |
| TL01 | This code represents the test line DMS-300 looparound test. | | |
| TL65 | This code represents the test line loss measurement test. | | |
| TL6N | This code represents the test line loss and noise test. | | |
| TL6S | This code represents the test line loss measurement test. | | |
| TLO5 | This code represents the test line loss measurement test. | | |
| TLON | This code represents the test line loss and noise test. | | |
| TLOS | This code represents the test line loss measurements test. | | |
| TLPA | This code represents the test line looparound test. | | |
| ТОРС | This code represents the test line open-circuit test. | | |
| TNSS | This code represents the test line non-synchronous test. | | |
| TR2L | This code represents the test line repeat 2 [long delay] test. | | |
| TR2S | This code represents the test line repeat 2 [short delay] test. | | |
| TS65 | This code represents the test line equipment check test. | | |
| TS6N | This code represents the test line equipment check test. | | |
| TSBS | This code represents the test line loss, noise, return loss self-check test. | | |
| тѕвт | This code represents the test line return loss test. | | |
| TSO5 | This code represents the test line equipment check test. | | |
| TSYN | This code represents the test line synchronous test. | | |
| X75E | This code represents the test line external continuity for X75 trunks test. | | |
| X75I | This code represents the test line internal continuity for X75 trunks test. | | |
| | -end- | | |

Istclli (end)

Qualifications

The lstclli command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions, and limitations:

- When the variable *test_code* is entered, only the test data for the specified test is displayed.
- The variable *test_code* does not include the following test code values: ICOT, TCON, and TCOT

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

Not currently available

Use the lststop command to list all inactive entries in scheduling table ATTSCHED.

| Iststop command parameters and variables | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| Iststop | There are no parameters or variables. | |

Qualifications

The lststop command scans the data table ATTSCHED for automatic testing and displays the following for all trunk groups whose tests have been stopped by the command stop:

- common language location identifier (CLLI)
- maximum time allowed for testing
- scheduled time
- state of test
- test type

Example

The following table provides an example of the lststop command.

| Example of the Iststop command | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | |
| lststop | | | |
| | Task: | List all inactive entries in scheduling table ATTSCHED. | |
| | Response: | ITEM NOT FOUND IN TABLE | |
| | Explanation: | No inactive entries were found in scheduling table ATTSCHED. | |

Iststop (end)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the lststop command.

| Responses for the Iststop command | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | |
| ITEM NOT FO | ITEM NOT FOUND IN TABLE | | |
| | Meaning: | The command was entered and no inactive entries were found in scheduling table ATTSCHED. | |
| | Action: | None | |

Use the lstwait command to list the active and waiting tests.

| Istwait command parameters and variables | | |
|--|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| Istwait | <u>all</u> waiting testing wait_trks wait_te | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| <u>all</u> | When no parameter is entered, the system displays information for all test conditions. | |
| testing | This parameter displays information for trunk groups currently under test. | |
| waiting | This parameter displays information for trunk groups waiting to be tested. | |
| wait_te | This parameter displays information on trunk groups waiting for trunks to become available. | |
| wait_trks | This parameter displays information for trunk groups waiting for test equipment to become available. | |

Qualifications

None

Example

The following table provides an example of the lstwait command.

| Example of the Istwait command | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | |
| lstwait ₊ | | | |
| | Task: | List the active and waiting tests. | |
| | Response: | ITEM NOT FOUND IN TABLE | |
| | Explanation: | No entries were found in scheduling table ATTSCHED. | |

Istwait (end)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the lstwait command.

| Responses for the Istwait command | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action | |
| ITEM NOT FO | ITEM NOT FOUND IN TABLE | | |
| | Meaning: | The command was entered and no inactive entries were found in scheduling table ATTSCHED. | |
| | Action: | None | |

quit

Function

Use the quit command to exit from the current menu level and return to a previous menu level.

| quit command parameters and variables | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| quit | <u>1</u> all incrname n | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| <u>1</u> | This default parameter causes the system to display the next higher MAP level. | |
| all | This parameter causes the system to display the CI level from any MAP level. | |
| incrname | This variable causes the system to exit the specified level and all sublevels. The system displays the next level higher than the one specified. Values for <i>incrname</i> are menu level names, such as lns, mapci, or mtc. | |
| n | This variable identifies a specified number of retreat levels from the current level. The range of retreat levels is 0-6. However, the system cannot accept a level number higher than the number of the current level. | |

Qualifications

None

Examples

The following table provides examples of the quit command.

| Examples of the quit command | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | |
| quit .⊣ | Ц | | |
| | Task: | Exit from the ATT level to the previous menu level. | |
| | Response: | The display changes to the display of a higher level menu. | |
| | Explanation: | The ATT level has changed to the previous menu level. | |
| | | -continued- | |

quit (continued)

| Examples of the quit command (continued) | | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | |
| quit mtc . where | Ц | | |
| mtc | mtc specifies the level higher than the ATT level to be exited | | |
| | Task: | Return to the MAPCI level (one menu level higher than MTC). | |
| | Response: | The display changes to the MAPCI menu display: | |
| | | MAPCI: | |
| | Explanation: | The ATT level has returned to the MAPCI level. | |
| | | -end- | |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the quit command.

| Responses for the quit command | | |
|---|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| CI: | | |
| | Meaning: The system exited all MAP menu levels and returned to the CI level. | |
| | Action: None | |
| QUIT Una Last parame | ble to quit requested number of levels ter evaluated was: 1 | |
| | Meaning: You entered an invalid level number. The number you entered exceeds the number of MAP levels from which to quit. | |
| | Action: Reenter the command using an appropriate level number. | |
| The system replaces the display of the ATT level with the display of the next higher MAP level. | | |
| | Meaning: The system exited to the next higher MAP level. | |
| | Action: None | |
| -continued- | | |

quit (end)

Responses for the quit command (continued)

MAP output Meaning and action

The system replaces the ATT level menu with a menu that is two or more MAP levels higher.

Meaning: You entered the quit command with an *n* variable value of 2 or more or an *incrname* variable value corresponding to two or more levels higher.

Action: None

-end-

runatt

Function

Use the runatt command to restart all scheduled ATT tests or restart all automatic tests that were stopped by the haltatt command.

| runatt command parameters and variables | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| runatt | There are no parameters or variables. | |

Qualifications

None

Example

The following table provides an example of the runatt command.

| Example of the runatt command | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|---|--|--|--|
| Example | Task, respon | ponse, and explanation | | | |
| runatt ₊ | | | | | |
| | Task: | Restart all automatic tests that were stopped by the haltatt command. | | | |
| | Response: | ATT IS RUNNING | | | |
| | Explanation: | The automatic tests have been restarted. | | | |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the runatt command.

| Responses for the runatt command | |
|----------------------------------|--|
|----------------------------------|--|

MAP output Meaning and action

ATT IS RUNNING

Meaning: The automatic tests have been restarted.

Action: None
setstst

Function

Use the setstst command to set the maximum quantity of tests that can be run simultaneously.

| setstst command parameters and variables | | |
|--|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| setstst | max | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| max | This variable sets the maximum quantity of simultaneous tests. The range is 0-15 | |

Qualifications

None

Examples

The following table provides an example of the setstst command.

| Example of the setstst command | | |
|--------------------------------|--|---|
| Example | Task, respon | se, and explanation |
| setstst 2 | | |
| 2 | represents the maximum quantity of tests that can be run simultaneously. | |
| | Task: | Set 2 as the maximum quantity of tests that can be run simultaneously. |
| | Response: | 2 SIMULTANEOUS TESTS WILL BE CHANGED TO: 2 |
| | Explanation: | The maximum quantity of tests that can be run simultaneously is set at 2. |

setstst (end)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the setstst command.

| Responses for the setstst command | | |
|---|----------|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action |
| <nn> SIMULTANEOU</nn> | S TESTS | WILL BE CHANGED TO: <nn></nn> |
| | Meaning: | The maximum quantity of tests that can be run simultaneously is set at <nn>, where <nn> represents a number ranging from 0-15.</nn></nn> |
| | Action: | None |
| SetSTst Next par is: <simultaneous tests=""> {0 TO 15} Enter <simultaneous tests=""></simultaneous></simultaneous> | | |
| | Meaning: | The command has been entered without a parameter ranging from 0-15 that specifies the number of simultaneous tests to be run. |
| | Action: | Enter a parameter ranging from 0-15 that specifies the number of simultaneous tests to be run. |

start

Function

Use the start command to start a test sequence on a specified trunk group or restart only those tests that were stopped with the stop command. A test is always restarted from the beginning, regardless of where in the test sequence it was stopped.

| start command parameters and variables | | |
|--|--|--|
| Command P | arameters and variables | |
| start | clli [<u>nocode</u> test_code] | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| clli | This variable is the common language location identifier (CLLI) of the trunk group. | |
| DIAG | This code represents the test line circuit diagnostic test. | |
| ICOT | This code represents the test line Integrated Services Digital Network user part (ISUP) continuity test. | |
| ISDN | This code represents the DMS-300 Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) tes call line test. | |
| N100 | This code represents the test line quiet balanced termination [new] test. | |
| <u>nocode</u> | This represents the system default. | |
| S100 | This code represents the test line quiet balanced termination [old] test. | |
| S104 | This code represents the test line transmission loss test. | |
| T100 | This code represents the test line quiet termination test. | |
| T102 | This code represents the test line milliwatt test. | |
| T103 | This code represents the test line supervisory and signaling tests. | |
| T104 | This code represents the test line transmission noise and loss test. | |
| T105 | This code represents the test line loss measurement test. | |
| T108 | This code represents the test line echo suppression test. | |
| -continued- | | |

start (continued)

| start command parameters and variables (continued) | | |
|--|--|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| T165 | This code represents the test line loss and noise test. | |
| T50L | This code represents the test line loss and return loss test. | |
| T56N | This code represents the test line loss, noise, and return loss test. | |
| T5AS | This code represents the test line loss, noise, return loss and self-check test. | |
| T5AT | This code represents the test line loss, noise, and return loss test. | |
| T5BS | This code represents the test line return loss and return loss self-check test. | |
| T5LB | This code represents the test line loss and return loss test. | |
| T5LH | This code represents the test line return loss low and high test. | |
| T5SB | This code represents the test line return loss self-check test. | |
| TA01 | This code represents the test line loss measurement test. | |
| TA02 | This code represents the test line loss and frequency test. | |
| TA03 | This code represents the test line noise (C-msg) test. | |
| TA04 | This code represents the test line loss, noise test. | |
| TA05 | This code represents the test line loss, frequency-deviation, noise (C-notch) test. | |
| TA06 | This code represents the test line supervision test. | |
| TA07 | This code represents the test line loss, supervision test. | |
| TA08 | This code represents the test line loss, frequency-deviation, supervision test. | |
| TA09 | This code represents the test line noise, supervision test. | |
| TA10 | This code represents the test line loss, noise, supervision test. | |
| TA11 | This code represents the test line loss, noise, frequency-deviation, supervision tes | |
| TA12 | This code represents the test line supervision test. | |
| -continued- | | |

start (continued)

| start command parameters and variables (continued) | |
|--|---|
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| TA13 | This code represents the test line supervision test. |
| TA14 | This code represents the test line busy flash, loss test. |
| TA15 | This code represents the test line busy flash, loss, frequency-deviation test. |
| TA16 | This code represents the test line busy flash, noise test. |
| TA17 | This code represents the test line busy flash, loss, noise test. |
| TA18 | This code represents the test line busy flash, loss, frequency-deviation, noise test. |
| TA19 | This code represents the test line supervision test. |
| TA20 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash, loss test. |
| TA21 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash, loss, frequency-deviation test. |
| TA22 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash, noise test. |
| TA23 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash, loss, noise test. |
| TA24 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash, frequency-deviation, noise test. |
| TA25 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash test. |
| TART | This code represents the test line loss and noise [Turkey] test. |
| TCLC | This code represents the test line short circuit test. |
| TCON | This code represents the test line CCIS6 continuity test. |
| TE_M | This code represents the test line E & M lead test. |
| TERL | This code represents the test line echo return loss test. |
| test_code | This variable represents a test line test code from this table or data table ATTSCHED. When the <i>test_code</i> variable is entered, only the test data associated with the specified test is deleted. |
| | -continued- |

start (continued)

| start command parameters and variables (continued) | | |
|--|--|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| TISS | This code represents the test line synchronous test. | |
| TL01 | This code represents the test line DMS-300 looparound test. | |
| TL65 | This code represents the test line loss measurement test. | |
| TL6N | This code represents the test line loss and noise test. | |
| TL6S | This code represents the test line loss measurement test. | |
| TLO5 | This code represents the test line loss measurement test. | |
| TLON | This code represents the test line loss and noise test. | |
| TLOS | This code represents the test line loss measurements test. | |
| TLPA | This code represents the test line looparound test. | |
| ТОРС | This code represents the test line open-circuit test. | |
| TNSS | This code represents the test line non-synchronous test. | |
| TR2L | This code represents the test line repeat 2 [long delay] test. | |
| TR2S | This code represents the test line repeat 2 [short delay] test. | |
| TS65 | This code represents the test line equipment check test. | |
| TS6N | This code represents the test line equipment check test. | |
| TSBS | This code represents the test line loss, noise, return loss self-check test. | |
| тѕвт | This code represents the test line return loss test. | |
| TSO5 | This code represents the test line equipment check test. | |
| TSYN | This code represents the test line synchronous test. | |
| -continued- | | |

start (end)

| start command parameters and variables (continued) | |
|--|---|
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| X75E | This code represents the test line external continuity for X75 trunks test. |
| X75I | This code represents the test line internal continuity for X75 trunks test. |
| -end- | |

Qualifications

The variable *test_code* does not include the following test code values: ICOT, TCON, and TCOT.

Example

Not currently available

Responses

Not currently available

stop

Function

Use the stop command to stop a test sequence on a specified trunk.

| stop comman | stop command parameters and variables | | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | |
| stop | clli $\left[\begin{array}{c} \underline{nocode} \\ test_code \end{array} ight]$ | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | | |
| clli | This variable is the common language location identifier (CLLI) of the trunk group. | | |
| DIAG | This code represents the test line circuit diagnostic test. | | |
| ICOT | This code represents the test line Integrated Services Digital Network user part (ISUP) continuity test. | | |
| ISDN | This code represents the DMS-300 Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) tes call line test. | | |
| N100 | This code represents the test line quiet balanced termination [new] test. | | |
| <u>nocode</u> | This represents the system default. | | |
| S100 | This code represents the test line quiet balanced termination [old] test. | | |
| S104 | This code represents the test line transmission loss test. | | |
| T100 | This code represents the test line quiet termination test. | | |
| T102 | This code represents the test line milliwatt test. | | |
| T103 | This code represents the test line supervisory and signaling tests. | | |
| T104 | This code represents the test line transmission noise and loss test. | | |
| T105 | This code represents the test line loss measurement test. | | |
| T108 | This code represents the test line echo suppression test. | | |
| T165 | This code represents the test line loss and noise test. | | |
| | -continued- | | |

stop (continued)

| stop command parameters and variables (continued) | |
|---|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| T50L | This code represents the test line loss and return loss test. |
| T56N | This code represents the test line loss, noise, and return loss test. |
| T5AS | This code represents the test line loss, noise, return loss and self-check test. |
| T5AT | This code represents the test line loss, noise, and return loss test. |
| T5BS | This code represents the test line return loss and return loss self-check test. |
| T5LB | This code represents the test line loss and return loss test. |
| T5LH | This code represents the test line return loss low and high test. |
| T5SB | This code represents the test line return loss self-check test. |
| TA01 | This code represents the test line loss measurement test. |
| TA02 | This code represents the test line loss and frequency test. |
| TA03 | This code represents the test line noise (C-msg) test. |
| TA04 | This code represents the test line loss, noise test. |
| TA05 | This code represents the test line loss, frequency-deviation, noise (C-notch) test. |
| TA06 | This code represents the test line supervision test. |
| TA07 | This code represents the test line loss, supervision test. |
| TA08 | This code represents the test line loss, frequency-deviation, supervision test. |
| TA09 | This code represents the test line noise, supervision test. |
| TA10 | This code represents the test line loss, noise, supervision test. |
| TA11 | This code represents the test line loss, noise, frequency-deviation, supervision tes |
| TA12 | This code represents the test line supervision test. |
| TA13 | This code represents the test line supervision test. |
| | -continued- |

stop (continued)

| stop command parameters and variables (continued) | | |
|---|--|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| TA14 | This code represents the test line busy flash, loss test. | |
| TA15 | This code represents the test line busy flash, loss, frequency-deviation test. | |
| TA16 | This code represents the test line busy flash, noise test. | |
| TA17 | This code represents the test line busy flash, loss, noise test. | |
| TA18 | This code represents the test line busy flash, loss, frequency-deviation, noise test. | |
| TA19 | This code represents the test line supervision test. | |
| TA20 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash, loss test. | |
| TA21 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash, loss, frequency-deviatio test. | |
| TA22 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash, noise test. | |
| TA23 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash, loss, noise test. | |
| TA24 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash, frequency-deviation, noise test. | |
| TA25 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash test. | |
| TART | This code represents the test line loss and noise [Turkey] test. | |
| TCLC | This code represents the test line short circuit test. | |
| TCON | This code represents the test line CCIS6 continuity test. | |
| TE_M | This code represents the test line E & M lead test. | |
| TERL | This code represents the test line echo return loss test. | |
| test_code | This variable represents a test line test code from this table or data table ATTSCHED. When the <i>test_code</i> variable is entered, only the test data associate with the specified test is deleted. | |
| TISS | This code represents the test line synchronous test. | |
| -continued- | | |

stop (continued)

| stop command parameters and variables (continued) | | |
|---|--|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| TL01 | This code represents the test line DMS-300 looparound test. | |
| TL65 | This code represents the test line loss measurement test. | |
| TL6N | This code represents the test line loss and noise test. | |
| TL6S | This code represents the test line loss measurement test. | |
| TLO5 | This code represents the test line loss measurement test. | |
| TLON | This code represents the test line loss and noise test. | |
| TLOS | This code represents the test line loss measurements test. | |
| TLPA | This code represents the test line looparound test. | |
| ТОРС | This code represents the test line open-circuit test. | |
| TNSS | This code represents the test line non-synchronous test. | |
| TR2L | This code represents the test line repeat 2 [long delay] test. | |
| TR2S | This code represents the test line repeat 2 [short delay] test. | |
| TS65 | This code represents the test line equipment check test. | |
| TS6N | This code represents the test line equipment check test. | |
| TSBS | This code represents the test line loss, noise, return loss self-check test. | |
| тѕвт | This code represents the test line return loss test. | |
| TSO5 | This code represents the test line equipment check test. | |
| TSYN | This code represents the test line synchronous test. | |
| X75E | This code represents the test line external continuity for X75 trunks test. | |
| X75I | This code represents the test line internal continuity for X75 trunks test. | |
| | -end- | |

stop (end)

Qualifications

If the *test_code* parameter is entered, only the specified test is stopped. A test currently in progress is permitted to complete.

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

Not currently available

testreq

Function

Use the testreq command to request a manual test.

| testreq comma | testreq command parameters and variables | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--|----------------|------------------------|------------|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | | | |
| testreq | <i>clli</i> [y] 1st_ckt last_ckt | y n | hr (| (1) (2) | |
| testreq (continued) | $ \begin{array}{c} (1) \\ (2) & min \end{array} \right] \left[\begin{array}{c} t_code \\ bqindex & i \end{array} \right] \qquad qt $ | y n | (end) | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | | | | |
| 1st_ckt | This parameter specifies the first circuit numbe | r of the ran | ge. | Î | |
| bqindex | This parameter specifies that the Q limits of date for the bit error ratio test (BERT) L test. | ta table MC | LIMITS are to be u | used | |
| clli | This variable is the common language location to be tested. | identifier ((| CLLI) of the trunk g | Iroup | |
| DIAG | This code represents the test line circuit diagno | ostic test. | | | |
| hr | This variable, ranging from 1-23, specifies the hour at which the test is to be started. | | | | |
| i | This variable, ranging from 0-9, specifies the in of table MQLIMITS. | dex numbe | r of the BERTL Q I | limits | |
| ICOT | This code represents the test line Integrated Separt (ISUP) continuity test. | ervices Dig | tal Network (ISDN) |) user | |
| ISDN | This code represents the DMS-300 ISDN test of | call line test | | | |
| last_ckt | This parameter specifies the last circuit numbe | r of the ran | ge. | | |
| min | This variable, ranging from 0-59, specifies the started. | minute at w | which the test is to b | be | |
| | -continued- | | | | |

| testreq command parameters and variables (continued) | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | | | | |
| n | This parameter performs the following: when preceded by the parameter last_ckt-logs only the circuits that have been tested | | | | |
| | when preceded by the parameter qt-specifies that the test is to be run at a specified time | | | | |
| | when preceded by the variable <i>clli</i>-specifies that all circuits in the group are to be tested | | | | |
| N100 | This code represents the test line quiet balanced termination [new] test. | | | | |
| qt | This variable, ranging from 0-99 specifies the quantity of times the group is to be stepped through and tested. If 0 is entered, testing continues until manually stopped. | | | | |
| S100 | This code represents the test line quiet balanced termination [old] test. | | | | |
| S104 | This code represents the test line transmission loss test. | | | | |
| T100 | This code represents the test line quiet termination test. | | | | |
| T102 | This code represents the test line milliwatt test. | | | | |
| T103 | This code represents the test line supervisory and signaling tests. | | | | |
| T104 | This code represents the test line transmission noise and loss test. | | | | |
| T105 | This code represents the test line loss measurement test. | | | | |
| T108 | This code represents the test line echo suppression test. | | | | |
| T165 | This code represents the test line loss and noise test. | | | | |
| T50L | This code represents the test line loss and return loss test. | | | | |
| T56N | This code represents the test line loss, noise, and return loss test. | | | | |
| T5AS | This code represents the test line loss, noise, return loss and self-check test. | | | | |
| T5AT | This code represents the test line loss, noise, and return loss test. | | | | |
| | -continued- | | | | |

| testreq command parameters and variables (continued) | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | | | |
| T5BS | This code represents the test line return loss and return loss self-check test. | | | |
| T5LB | This code represents the test line loss and return loss test. | | | |
| T5LH | This code represents the test line return loss low and high test. | | | |
| T5SB | This code represents the test line return loss self-check test. | | | |
| TA01 | This code represents the test line loss measurement test. | | | |
| TA02 | This code represents the test line loss and frequency test. | | | |
| TA03 | This code represents the test line noise (C-msg) test. | | | |
| TA04 | This code represents the test line loss, noise test. | | | |
| TA05 | This code represents the test line loss, frequency-deviation, noise (C-notch) test. | | | |
| TA06 | This code represents the test line supervision test. | | | |
| TA07 | This code represents the test line loss, supervision test. | | | |
| TA08 | This code represents the test line loss, frequency-deviation, supervision test. | | | |
| TA09 | This code represents the test line noise, supervision test. | | | |
| TA10 | This code represents the test line loss, noise, supervision test. | | | |
| TA11 | This code represents the test line loss, noise, frequency-deviation, supervision tes | | | |
| TA12 | This code represents the test line supervision test. | | | |
| TA13 | This code represents the test line supervision test. | | | |
| TA14 | This code represents the test line busy flash, loss test. | | | |
| TA15 | This code represents the test line busy flash, loss, frequency-deviation test. | | | |
| TA16 | This code represents the test line busy flash, noise test. | | | |
| TA17 | This code represents the test line busy flash, loss, noise test. | | | |
| | -continued- | | | |

| testreq command parameters and variables (continued) | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| and variables | Description | | | |
| TA18 | This code represents the test line busy flash, loss, frequency-deviation, noise test. | | | |
| TA19 | This code represents the test line supervision test. | | | |
| TA20 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash, loss test. | | | |
| TA21 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash, loss, frequency-deviation test. | | | |
| TA22 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash, noise test. | | | |
| TA23 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash, loss, noise test. | | | |
| TA24 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash, frequency-deviation, noise test. | | | |
| TA25 | This code represents the test line supervision, busy flash test. | | | |
| TART | This code represents the test line loss and noise [Turkey] test. | | | |
| TCLC | This code represents the test line short circuit test. | | | |
| TCON | This code represents the test line CCIS6 continuity test. | | | |
| TE_M | This code represents the test line E & M lead test. | | | |
| TERL | This code represents the test line echo return loss test. | | | |
| t_code | This variable represents a test line test code from this table or data table ATTOPTNS. The t_{code} variable can be entered with the test options of data table ATTOPTNS. | | | |
| TISS | This code represents the test line synchronous test. | | | |
| TL01 | This code represents the test line DMS-300 looparound test. | | | |
| TL65 | This code represents the test line loss measurement test. | | | |
| TL6N | This code represents the test line loss and noise test. | | | |
| TL6S | This code represents the test line loss measurement test. | | | |
| | -continued- | | | |

| testreq command parameters and variables (continued) | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | | | | |
| TLO5 | This code represents the test line loss measurement test. | | | | |
| TLON | This code represents the test line loss and noise test. | | | | |
| TLOS | This code represents the test line loss measurements test. | | | | |
| TLPA | This code represents the test line looparound test. | | | | |
| ТОРС | This code represents the test line open-circuit test. | | | | |
| TNSS | This code represents the test line non-synchronous test. | | | | |
| TR2L | This code represents the test line repeat 2 [long delay] test. | | | | |
| TR2S | This code represents the test line repeat 2 [short delay] test. | | | | |
| TS65 | This code represents the test line equipment check test. | | | | |
| TS6N | This code represents the test line equipment check test. | | | | |
| TSBS | This code represents the test line loss, noise, return loss self-check test. | | | | |
| тѕвт | This code represents the test line return loss test. | | | | |
| TSO5 | This code represents the test line equipment check test. | | | | |
| TSYN | This code represents the test line synchronous test. | | | | |
| X75E | This code represents the test line external continuity for X75 trunks test. | | | | |
| -continued- | | | | | |

testreq (end)

| testreq command parameters and variables (continued) | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | | | |
| X75I | This code represents the test line internal continuity for X75 trunks test. | | | |
| у | This parameter performs the following: when preceded by the parameter last_ckt-logs the circuits that ATT has skipped | | | |
| | when preceded by the parameter qt-specifies that the test is to be run immediately | | | |
| | when preceded by the variable <i>clli</i>-specifies that a range of circuits is to be tested | | | |
| -end- | | | | |

Qualifications

The testreq command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions, and limitations:

- The variable *t_code* does not include the following test code values: ICOT, TCON, and TCOT.
- When the ATT runs a BERTL test (TB08 or TB18) on a trunk:
 - log A TT109 is generated at the start of the test
 - log A TT121 is generated if the test fails or passes
 - log A TT122 is generated if the test encounters a connection failure.

Examples

Not currently available

Responses

Not currently available

AutoCtrl level commands

Use the AutoCtrl level of the MAP to list, apply, remove, disable or enable automatic network management (NWM) controls.

Accessing the AutoCtrl level

To access the AutoCtrl level, enter the following from the CI level: mapci;nwm;autoctrl →

AutoCtrl commands

The commands available at the AutoCtrl MAP level are described in this chapter and arranged in alphabetical order. The page number for each command is listed in the following table.

| AutoCtrl commands | |
|-------------------|-------|
| Command | Page |
| apply | A-347 |
| disable | A-349 |
| enable | A-351 |
| list | A-353 |
| page | A-357 |
| quit | A-359 |
| remove | A-363 |

AutoCtrl menu

The following figure shows the AutoCtrl menu and status display.

| Ctrl | ITS 0 | RADR 0% | CPU 2% | Init • | IDC • | C CS | DCR FHR TLCM | | Fs 0 | |
|---|---|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| Auto 0 Q 2 3 4 L 5 A 6 R 7 D 8 E 9 _ 10 _ 11 _ 12 1 13 14 15 16 17 18 P | otrl uit_ pply_ emove_ isable isable DOC_ PPln_ AOCR_ | - | AutoCtrl Active Disabled | | IDOC 0 0 | PPln 0 0 | AOCR 0 0 | SDOC 0 0 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

AutoCtrl status codes

The following table describes the status codes for the AutoCtrl status display.

| Status codes AutoCtrl menu status display | | | | | |
|---|---------------|---------------------|---|--|--|
| Field name | Range | Description | | | |
| IDOC | 3, 2, 1, 0, . | Active le | evels of internal dynamic overload control (IDOC), where: | | |
| | | • 3 | indicates office loses processing ability | | |
| | | • 2 | indicates percentage of time devoted to CPU call processing is greater than the set threshold | | |
| | | • 1 | indicates the number of incoming MF calls waiting for a receiver exceeds the on-threshold value | | |
| | | • 0 | indidates the level is currently inactive | | |
| | | • . | indicates the level is inactive because there is no IDOC congestion | | |
| PPIn | 0-255 | Preplan be disat | for remote dynamic overload control from table PREPLANS is to bled. | | |
| AOCR | 0-63 | Automa | tic out-of-chain reroute to be disabled. | | |
| SDOC | 3, 2, 1, 0 | Active le | evels of selective dynamic overload control (SDOC), where: | | |
| | | • 3 | indicates office loses processing ability | | |
| | | • 2 | indicates percentage of time devoted to CPU call processing is greater than the set threshold | | |
| | | • 1 | indicates the number of incoming MF calls waiting for a receiver exceeds the on-threshold value | | |
| | | • 0 | indicates the level is currently inactive | | |

apply

Function

Use the apply command to manually activate specified automatic controls.

| apply command parameters and variables | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | | | |
| apply | ctrl index | | | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | | | | |
| ctrl | This variable is o idoc ppln aocr sdoc | ne of the following automatic controls internal dynamic overload control (IDOC) preplan number control (PPLN) automatic out-of-chain reroute (AOCR) selective dynamic overload control (SDOC) | | | |
| index | This variable is a • 0-255 • 0-255 • 0-255 • 1-3 | value for the type of automatic control where: for IDOC for incoming PPLN signals from other switches for AOCR based on the percentage overflow for SDOC | | | |

Qualifications

The apply command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions, and limitations:

- For CCIS6 trunks, the apply and remove commands control the trunk group or groups specified in table CCSDOC.
- Until an IDOC level is deactivated by the remove command, the level number (0, 1, 2, or 3) remains in the continuous system status display for all menu levels of NWM.

apply (end)

Example

The following table provides an example of the apply command.

| Example of | the apply comma | nd | | |
|---------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Example | Task, respon | se, and explanation | | |
| apply aocr where | 23 ⊣ | | | |
| aocr 23 | is the automatic control to be applied is the index of the AOCR control | | | |
| | Task: | Apply AOCR 23. | | |
| | Response: | ОК | | |
| | Explanation: | Automatic control AOCR 23 is applied. | | |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the apply command.

| Responses for | Responses for the apply command | | | | | |
|---------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | | | | |
| CONTROL NOT | POSSIBLE | | | | | |
| | Meaning: | The specified control cannot be activated. For PPLN and AOCR only one may be applied at a time. | | | | |
| | Action: | Ensure that valid values are set in table PREPLANS before another PPLN is activated. If you still cannot apply the control, another active control is preventing its activation. Use the list command to display the active controls to determine which control has priority by activating or deactivating others. | | | | |
| OK | | | | | | |
| | Meaning: | The specified control is activated. The system updates the display fields as each control is applied or activated. | | | | |
| | Action: | None | | | | |

disable

Function

Use the disable command to prevent specified controls from being automatically activated.

| disable comm | disable command parameters and variables | | | |
|--------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | | |
| disable | ctrl all index | | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | | | |
| all | This parameter specifies all controls indicated by the ctrl variable. | | | |
| ctrl | This variable is one of the following automatic controls idoc internal dynamic overload control (IDOC) ppln preplan number control (PPLN) aocr automatic out-of-chain reroute (AOCR) sdoc selective dynamic overload control (SDOC) | | | |
| index | This variable is a value for the type of automatic control where: 0-255 for IDOC 0-255 for incoming PPLN signals from other switches 0-255 for AOCR based on the percentage overflow 1-3 for SDOC | | | |

Qualifications

Although only one PPLN may be activated at a time, more than one may be listed in table PREPLANS and more than one can be disabled. This does not apply to AOCR; only the active AOCR may be disabled.

disable (end)

Example

The following table provides an example of the disable command.

| Example of | Example of the disable command | | |
|---------------------|---|--|--|
| Example | Task, respon | se, and explanation | |
| disable ao where | cr 23 .⊣ | | |
| aocr 23 | is the automatic control to be disabled is the index of the AOCR control | | |
| | Task: | Disable AOCR 23. | |
| | Response: | ОК | |
| | Explanation: | Automatic control AOCR 23 is disabled. | |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the disable command.

| Responses for | sponses for the disable command | | |
|---------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | |
| CONTROL NOT | POSSIBL | E | |
| | Meaning: | The specified control cannot be disabled. | |
| | Action: | Ensure that valid values are selected for the parameters. If you still cannot disable the control, another active control is preventing its activation. Use the list command to display the active controls to determine which control is to have priority by activating or deactivating others. | |
| OK | | | |
| | Meaning: | The specified control is disabled. The display fields are updated after each ctrl is disabled. When the list command is used the display shows which controls are currently disabled. | |
| | Action: | None | |

enable

Function

Use the enable command to return automatic operation to specified controls which were previously disabled.

| enable comma | enable command parameters and variables | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | |
| enable | ctrl all index | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | | |
| all | This parameter specifies all controls indicated by the ctrl variable. | | |
| ctrl | This variable is one of the following automatic controls idoc internal dynamic overload control (IDOC) ppIn preplan number control (PPLN) aocr automatic out-of-chain reroute (AOCR) sdoc selective dynamic overload control (SDOC) | | |
| index | This variable is a value for the type of automatic control where: 0-255 for IDOC 0-255 for incoming PPLN signals from other switches 0-255 for AOCR based on the percentage overflow 1-3 for SDOC | | |

Qualifications

None

enable (end)

Example

The following table provides an example of the enable command.

| Example o | Example of the enable command | | | |
|---------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Example | Task, respons | se, and explanation | | |
| enable aod where | cr 23 ₊ | | | |
| aocr 23 | is the automatic co is the index of the | is the automatic contrtol to be enabled is the index of the AOCR control | | |
| | Task: | Enable AOCR 23. | | |
| | Response: | OK | | |
| | Explanation: | Automatic control AOCR 23 is enabled. | | |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the enable command.

| Responses for | onses for the enable command | | |
|---------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action | |
| CONTROL NOT | POSSIBL | E | |
| | Meaning: | An invalid value has been selected, or the control of the specified index is not disabled. | |
| | Action: | Select valid values for the parameters. Use the list command to display the active controls to determine which control has priority. | |
| OK | | | |
| | Meaning: | The selected controls are enabled. There is no header field for enable since the number in the disabled data field is reduced accordingly. If the enabled controls are not currently active, the disabled AOCR data field of the display shows a zero and GDCRA appears under Ctrl for an active autoctrl command. | |
| | Action: | None | |

Function

Use the list command to to display the active and disabled automatic controls for a specified type of control.

| list command parameters and variables | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | | | |
| list | ctrl all index | | | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | | | | |
| all | This parameter specifies all controls indicated by the ctrl variable. | | | | |
| ctrl | This variable is one of the following automatic controls idoc internal dynamic overload control (IDOC) ppln preplan number control (PPLN) aocr automatic out-of-chain reroute (AOCR) sdoc selective dynamic overload control (SDOC) | | | | |
| index | This variable is a value for the type of automatic control where: 0-255 for IDOC 0-255 for incoming PPLN signals from other switches 0-255 for AOCR based on the percentage overflow 1-3 for SDOC | | | | |

Qualification

The SDOC automatic control applies to CCIS6 trunks only.

list

list (continued)

Example

The following table provides an example of the list command.

| Example of the list command | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|-----|
| Example Task, respon | se, and expl | lanation | | | | |
| list idoc all .⊣ where | | | | | | |
| idoc is the auto contro | selected | | | | | |
| Task: | List all activ | ve and dis | abled idoo | c automatic co | ontrols. | |
| Response: | IDOC Index D 1 2 3 | isable N Y N | State On Off On | Source AUTO MANUAL AUTO | Page 1 of | 5 1 |
| Explanation: | The above manually a | display as s indicated | sumes th d by the fo | e IDOC2 has blowing displa | been turned ay: | off |
| | | IDOC | PPln | AOCR | SDOC | |
| | Act Disabled | 321 2 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the list command.

| Responses for the list command | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | |
| CONTROL NOT | ACTIVE | | |
| | Meaning: | The specified control is not active. A control may be shown as disabled before it is actually activated. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| | | -continued- | |

list (continued)

| Responses for the list command (continued) | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action | |
| IDOC Index Disa 1 N 2 Y 3 N | ble Sta On Of Meaning : | Page 1 of 1 te Source AUTO f MANUAL AUTO The above display assumes the IDOC2 has been turned off manually as indicated by the following display: | |
| | Action: | IDOC PPln AOCR SDOC Active 321 0 0 0 Disabled 2 0 0 0 None | |
| INDEX DISAB | LE STATE | SOURCE | |
| | Meaning | These headers have data fields under them as follows: | |
| | Action: | INDEX is the index number to the type of automatic control that is specified DISABLE is Y (yes) or N (no) if the particular automatic control has been disabled STATE indicates whether the control is presently on or off gives the origin of the trunk group control as: AUTO automatically applied MANUAL applied by a control command CCIS for the CCIS6 trunks of table CCISTNWM | |
| INVALID SHO | RT CLLI | | |
| | Meaning | For CCIS6 trunks, the common language location identifier (CLLI) is entered in table CLLIMTCE | |
| | Action: | None | |
| NO CONTROLS | ACTIVE | | |
| | Meaning | For CCIS6 trunks, SDOC is not active. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| | | -continued- | |

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list (end)

| Responses for the list command (continued) | | | |
|--|-------------------------|---|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action | |
| NO MORE CON | TROLS | | |
| | Meaning | No controls are active. The list command has been repeated or the list all command string is entered when no control is active. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| NO TRUNK GR | NO TRUNK GROUP SELECTED | | |
| | Meaning | Selecting a trunk group is not optional for SDOC. | |
| | Action: | Retry the command with appropriate parameters. | |
| | | -end- | |

page

Function

Use the page command to display the next page of data.

| page command parameters and variables | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Command | Parameters and variables |
| page | There are no parameters or variables. |

Qualifications

The page command may be entered from any submenu of network management (NWM).

Example

The following table provides an example of the page command.

| Example of the page command | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | | | |
| page .⊣ | | | | | |
| | Task: Display the next page of data. | | | | |
| | Response: | INDEX DISABLE STATE SOURCE | | | |
| | Explanation: | The next screen of list command data is displayed with values under these display headers. | | | |

Response

The following table provides an explanation of the response to the page command.

| Response for the page command | | | | | |
|--|------|-------|-------|--------|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | | | | |
| INDEX | DISA | BLE | STATE | SOURCE | |
| Meaning: The next screen of list command data is displayed with values under these display headers. | | | | | |
| | | Actio | n: No | one | |
quit

Function

Use the quit command to exit from the current menu level and return to a previous menu level.

| quit command parameters and variables | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | | |
| quit | <u>1</u> all incrname n | | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | | | |
| 1 | This default parameter causes the system to display the next higher MAP level. | | | |
| all | This parameter causes the system to display the CI level from any MAP level. | | | |
| incrname | This variable causes the system to exit the specified level and all sublevels. The system displays the next level higher than the one specified. Values for <i>incrname</i> are menu level names, such as lns, mtc, or mapci. | | | |
| n | This variable identifies a specified number of retreat levels from the current level. The range of retreat levels is 0-6. However, the system cannot accept a level number higher than the number of the current level. | | | |

Qualifications

None

Examples

The following table provides examples of the quit command.

| Examples of the quit command | | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | | |
| quit ₊ | | | | |
| | Task: | Exit from the AutoCtrl level to the previous menu level. | | |
| | Response: | The display changes to the display of a higher level menu. | | |
| | Explanation: | The AutoCtrl level has changed to the previous menu level. | | |
| | | -continued- | | |

quit (continued)

| Examples of the quit command (continued) | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Example | Task, respon | Task, response, and explanation | | |
| quit mapc | i . | | | |
| mapci | specifies the level higher than the AutoCtrl level to be exited | | | |
| | Task: | Return to the CI level (one menu level higher than MAPCI). | | |
| | Response: | The display changes to the CI display: | | |
| | | CI: | | |
| | Explanation: | The AutoCtrl level has returned to the CI level. | | |
| -end- | | | | |

Responses

The following table provides an explanation of the responses to the quit command.

| Responses for the quit command | | | | |
|--|--|---------|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | | |
| CI: | | | | |
| | Meaning: The system exited all MAP menu levels and returned to the CI level. | | | |
| | Action: None | | | |
| QUIT Una Last parame | le to quit requested number of levels er evaluated was: 1 | | | |
| | Meaning: You entered an invalid level number. The number you entered exceed the number of MAP levels from which to quit. | sc | | |
| | Action: Reenter the command using an appropriate level number. | | | |
| The system replaces the AutoCtrl level menu with a menu that is two or more MAP levels higher. | | | | |
| | Meaning: You entered the quit command with an <i>n</i> variable value of 2 or more of an <i>incrname</i> variable value corresponding to two or more levels higher | r r. | | |
| | Action: None | | | |
| | -continued- | | | |

quit (end)

Responses for the quit command (continued)

MAP output Meaning and action

The system replaces the display of the AutoCtrl level with the display of the next higher MAP level.

Meaning: The system exited to the next higher MAP level.

Action: None

-end-

remove

Function

Use the remove command to manually deactivate a specified control or all controls. The remove command releases the manual control or controls to allow automatic reactivation.

| remove command parameters and variables | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Command F | Parameters and variables | | | | | |
| remove | ctrl [all index] | | | | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | | | | | |
| all | This parameter specifies all controls indicated by the ctrl variable. | | | | | |
| ctrl | This variable is one of the following automatic controls idoc internal dynamic overload control (IDOC) ppln preplan number control (PPLN) aocr automatic out-of-chain reroute (AOCR) sdoc selective dynamic overload control (SDOC) | | | | | |
| index | This variable is a value for the type of automatic control where: 0-255 for IDOC 0-255 for incoming PPLN signals from other switches 0-255 for AOCR based on the percentage overflow 1-3 for SDOC | | | | | |

Qualifications

For CCIS6 trunks the apply and remove commands control the trunk groups specified in table CCSDOC.

remove (end)

Example

The following table provides an example of the remove command.

| Example of | the remove comm | nand | |
|--------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| Example | Task, respon | se, and explanation | |
| remove ao where | cr 23 | | |
| aocr 23 | is the contrtol to be removed is the index of the AOCR control | | |
| | Task: | Remove AOCR 23. | |
| | Response: | OK | |
| | Explanation: | Automatic control AOCR 23 is removed. | |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the remove command.

| Responses for the remove command | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | | | |
| CONTROL NOT | POSSIBLE | | | | |
| | Meaning: | A control must be applied before it can be removed. | | | |
| | Action: | Ensure that a control has been applied before attempting to remove it. | | | |
| OK | | | | | |
| | Meaning: | The specified control is deactivated. The ststem updates the display fields as each or all controls are removed. | | | |
| | Action: | None | | | |

APUX level commands

Use the APUX level of the MAP to perform maintenance for an application processing unit with UNIX (APUX).

Accessing the APUX level

To access the APUX level, enter the following from the CI level:

mapci;mtc;pm;post apux apux_num -

where

apux_num is the number of the APUX

APUX commands

The commands available at the APUX MAP level are described in this chapter and arranged in alphabetical order. The page number for each command is listed in the following table.

| APUX commands | | |
|---------------|-------|--|
| Command | Page | |
| bsy | A-367 | |
| disp | A-371 | |
| listset | A-373 | |
| loadpm | A-375 | |
| next | A-379 | |
| offl | A-381 | |
| post | A-383 | |
| querypm | A-387 | |
| quit | A-389 | |
| -continued- | | |

| APUX commands (continued) | |
|---------------------------|-------|
| Command | Page |
| rts | A-393 |
| tst | A-397 |
| -end- | |

APUX menu

The following figure shows the APUX menu and status display.

| CM CM Flt M | MS IO Istb NO | DD N DAMA *C* | Net PM 1 Jctr . | ccs | LNS | Trks 6 GC *C* | Ext APPL 1 Maj . M |
|---|------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------|---------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| APUX | | SysB | ManB O | ffl Cl | bsy IS | Tb InS [,] | v |
| 0 Quit | PM | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 2 | 0 |
| 2 Post_ 3 ListSet | APUX | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 0 | |
| 4 5 6 Tst_ 7 Bsy_ 8 RTS_ 9 OffL_ 10 LoadPM_ 11 Disp_ 12 Next 13 14 QueryPM_ 15 | APUX | 207 M | lanB(NA) | Mtce | /Openi: | ng msg (| channel |
| 16 17 18 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Function

Use the bsy command to place the posted or all APUXs in the ManB state.

| bsy command parameters and variables | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| bsy | $\begin{array}{c} \underline{\textit{posted}}\\ \text{all} & \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\textit{noforce}}\\ \text{force} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\textit{wait}}\\ \text{nowait} \end{bmatrix}$ | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| all | This parameter causes all posted APUXs to be busied. | |
| force | This parameter causes APUX inaccessibility to be ignored. | |
| <u>noforce</u> | This default parameter, which is never entered, indicates that APUXs that are not accessible will not be busied because the force parameter was not entered. | |
| nowait | This parameter allows other commands to be entered at a MAP before the bsy command has completed executing. | |
| <u>posted</u> | This default parameter, which is never entered, indicates that only the posted APU in the control position will be busied because the all parameter was not entered. | |
| <u>wait</u> | This default parameter, which is never entered, indicates that other commands cannot be entered at a MAP until the bsy command has completed executing because the nowait parameter was not entered. | |

Qualifications

None

bsy

bsy (continued)

Example

The following table provides an example of the bsy command.

| Example of the bsy command | | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | | |
| bsy | | | | |
| | Task: | Busy the posted APUX currently in the control position. | | |
| | Response: | LIU 18 BSY Passed | | |
| | Explanation: | The posted APUX currently in the control position is liu18 has been busied. | | |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the bsy command.

| Responses for the bsy command | | |
|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| Request Invalid - APUX liu# is <state> No Action Taken</state> | | |
| Meaning: The LIU is in the incorrect state for the bsy command to be executed. It must be in one of the following states: | | |
| Offl SysB Insv | | |
| Istb Action: None | | |
| Busty APUX liu# will take a link out of service PLEASE CONFIRM (YES or NO). | | |
| Meaning: The APUX is currently reserved by linkset management, and confirmation is required. | | |
| Action: Response by entering yes or no. | | |
| -continued- | | |

bsy (end)

| Responses fo | the bsy command (continued) |
|--------------|---|
| MAP output | Meaning and action |
| APUX liu# B | SY Passed |
| | Meaning: The command passed. |
| | Action: None |
| APUX liu# B | SY Rejected |
| | Meaning: The command was rejected by APUX resident maintnance. This is an indication of a serious problem. |
| | Action: Escalate to the next level of maintenance. |
| | -end- |

disp

Function

Use the disp command to display a list of all APUX in a specified PM state.

| disp command parameters and variables | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and va | ariables |
| disp | state pm_ | <i>state</i> apux |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| apux | This parameter | is the PM node-type parameter for the APUX. |
| pm_state | This variable is CBsy Idl InSv ISTb ManB NEQ Offl SysB | one of the following PM codes. central-side-busy idle in-service in-service trouble manual busy not equipped offline system busy |
| state | This parameter | is required before the PM state code. |

Qualifications

None

A-372 APUX level commands

disp (end)

Examples

The following table provides an example of the disp command.

| Examples of the disp command | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | |
| disp state ist | te istb ⊣ | |
| | Task: | Display all in-service trouble APUXs. |
| | Response: | ISTD APUX: NONE |
| | Explanation | There are no APUXs in the ISTb state. |

Responses

The following table describes the meaning and significance of responses to the disp command.

| Responses for the disp command |
|---|
| MAP output Meaning and action |
| pm_state APUX: NONE or pm_state APUX n, n |
| Meaning: There are no PMs in the specified state. |
| Action: None |

listset

Function

Use the listset command to list the contents of the posted set.

| listset command parameters and variables | | |
|--|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| listset | all pm_type | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| all | This parameter causes all PMs in the posted set to be listed. | |
| pm_type | This variable indicates a type of PM and only PMs of that type will be listed. Fot th APUX this variable should be apux. | |

Qualifications

None

Example

The following table provides an example of the listset command.

| Example of the listset command | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|
| Example | Task, respon | se, and explanation |
| listset liu7 | | |
| | Task: | List all the posted APUXs. |
| | Response: | APUX 0, 6, 12, 18, 24, 30 |
| | Explanation: | All the posted APUXs as listed. |

listset (end)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the listset command.

| Responses for the listset command | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| APUX 0, 6, | 12, 18, 24, 30 | |
| | Meaning: All posted APUXs are listed. | |
| | Action: None | |
| No PM posted Post set is empty | | |
| | Meaning: There are no posted APUXs. | |
| | Action: None | |
| -end- | | |

loadpm

Function

Use the loadpm command to load the APUXs with the software load specified in the inventory table, or an optional file.

| loadpm command parameters and variables | |
|---|---|
| Command | Parameters and variables |
| loadpm | $\begin{array}{c} \underline{\textit{posted}}\\ all \end{array} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\textit{inven}}\\ file \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\textit{wait}}\\ nowait \end{bmatrix}$ |
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| all | This parameter causes all posted APUX's to be loaded. |
| <u>inven</u> | This default parameter, which is never entered, indicates that the software will be loaded from that specified in the inventory table because not <i>file</i> variable was specified. |
| file | This variable specifies the file where the software is to be loaded and is a string. |
| nowait | This parameter allows other commands to be entered at a MAP before the loadpm command has completed executing. |
| <u>posted</u> | This default parameter, which is never entered, indicates that only the posted APU in the control position will be loaded because the all parameter was not entered. |
| <u>wait</u> | This default parameter, which is never entered, indicates that other commands cannot be entered at a MAP until the loadpm command has completed executing because the nowait parameter was not entered. |

Qualifications

All the APUXs must have the same loadfile datafilled and must have the same processor or type.

loadpm (continued)

Example

The following table provides an example of the loadpm command.

| Example of the loadpm command | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | |
| loadpm | | |
| | Task: | Load the posted APUX in the control position with software from the source specified in the inventory table. |
| | Response: | APUX liu12 LOADPM Passed. |
| | Explanation: | The loadpm command was successful. |
| | | -end- |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the loadpm command.

| Responses for the load | om command |
|--|---|
| MAP output Meaning | and action |
| Request Invalid - Z No Action Taken | APUX liu# is <status></status> |
| Meaning | : The APUX is in the incorrect state for the loadpm command to be executed. The APUX must be in the ManB state. |
| Action: | Use the bsy command to busy the APUX and enter the command again. |
| APUX liu# LOADPM Fa | ailed |
| Meaning | : The loadpm command was not successful. A failure reason will be displayed. |
| Action: | None |
| | -continued- |

loadpm (end)

| Responses fo MAP output | r the loadpm command (continued) Meaning and action | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| APUX liu12 | LOADPM Passed. | | |
| | Meaning: The loadpm command was successful. | | |
| | Action: None | | |
| | -end- | | |

next

Function

Use the next command to place the next higher PM of the set of posted APUXs into the control position.

| next command parameters and variables | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| next | <u>next</u> pmtype | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| <u>next</u> | This default parameter, which is never entered, indicates the next post PM, regard less of PM type will be placed in the control position becasue no <i>pmtype</i> variable is specified. | |
| pmtype | This variable enables the system to select one of the PM types. Use the disp com mand to display the list of PM types in the posted set. The system selects the PM in the sequence displayed by this list. | |

Qualifications

None

Example

The following table provides an example of the next command.

| Example of the next command | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|---|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | |
| next | | | |
| | Task: | Place the next higher PM of the posted set in the control position. | |
| | Response: | (Display of MAP screen for next PM) | |
| | Explanation: The next higher PM of the posted set is in the control position. | | |

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next (end)

Response

The following table describes the response to the next command.

| Response for the next command | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|---|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | |
| END OF POST | SET | | |
| | Meaning: | The currently displayed PM is the last in the posted set of PMs, or if only one PM number has been posted. The display returns to the next higher menu level. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| | | -end- | |

Function

Use the offl command to put APUXs in the offline state.

| offl command parameters and variables | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| offl | <u>posted</u> [<u>wait</u> all nowait] | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| all | This parameter causes all posted APUXs to be made offline. | |
| nowait | This parameter allows other commands to be entered at a MAP before the offl command has completed executing. | |
| <u>posted</u> | This default parameter, which is never entered, indicates that only the posted APU in the control position will be made offline because the all parameter was not entered. | |
| <u>wait</u> | This default parameter, which is never entered, indicates that other commands cannot be entered at a MAP until the offl command has completed executing because the nowait parameter was not entered. | |

Qualifications

The APUX must be in the MBsy state before the offl command can be executed.

offl

offl (end)

Example

The following table provides an example of the offl command.

| Examples of the offl command | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | |
| offl ₊ | | | |
| | Task: | Place the posted APUX currently in the control position offline. | |
| | Response: | APUX 12 OFFL Passed | |
| | Explanation: | APUX is now offline. | |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the offl command.

| Responses for the offl command | | |
|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning | and action | |
| Request Invalid - APUX liu# is <status> No Action Taken</status> | | |
| Meaning | The APUX is in the incorrect state for the offl command to be executed. The APUX must be in the ManB state. | |
| Action: | None | |
| APUX liu# OFFL Pass | ed | |
| Meaning | : The offl command was successful. | |
| Action: | None | |
| APUX liu# OFFL Rejected | | |
| Meaning | The command was rejected by APUX resident maintenance. This should never occur. | |
| Action: | The cause of the command rejection must be determined. Escalate to the next higher level of maintenance. | |
| | | |

post

Function

Use the post command to select a specific APUX upon which action is to be performed by other commands.

| post command parameters and variables | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| post | posted nnn pm_type | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| nnn | This variable identifies the discrimination number of the APUX to be posted. The range is 0 to 24. More than one APUX may be specified by entering more than one discrimination number separated by spaces as in the follwoing example: | |
| | 8 12 16↓ | |
| <u>posted</u> | This default parameter, which is never entered, indicates that only the currently posted PM will be acted on becasue no <i>pm_type</i> is specified,. | |
| pm_type | This variable identifies a PM type. For an APUX the correct value is apux. If a leve of the node-type is already accessed, the <i>pm_type</i> may be omitted from the command entry. A PM in the control postion of the posted set is the default. | |

Qualifications

The post command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions, and limitations.

- The post command must be used before using the commands trnsl, tst, bsy, rts, offl, loadpm, querypm, or abtk.
- When the command string help post is entered to query the parameters of post, not all of the displayed parameters apply to an office or office network. The applicability of the parameters depends on the types of PMs present in the office configuration. For parameters that do not apply, one of several responses indicates it is ignored.

post

Examples

The following table provides an example of the post command.

| Examples of the post command | | | |
|------------------------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| Example | Task, respo | onse, and explanation | |
| post apux 8. where | L | | |
| 8 is | 8 is the discrimination number of the APUX to be posted. | | |
| | Task: | Post APUX 8. | |
| | Response: | ОК | |
| | Explanation: APUX 8 is posted. | | |

Responses

The following table describes the responses to the post command.

| Responses for the post command | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | |
| NO PM POSTED | | | |
| | Meaning: A PM level is accessed without posting a specific PM. | | |
| | Action: None | | |
| -continued- | | | |

post (end)

| Perpension for the part command (continued) | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | | |
| pm pm_number n_state LINK UNIT 0: activity u_state MT UNIT 1: activity u_state MC | S OOS: CSIDE nn PSIDE nn CE /LOADING: nnnn TE /LOADING: nnnn | | |
| Meaning: When a PM i | s posted, its status is displayed, where: | | |
| pm pm_numb n_state LINKS_O activity u_state MTCE /LOADING | is one of the types of PMs. er is the discrimination number of the PM type. is the state of the PM node. The displayed state depends on the state of one or both units. OSindicates the quantity of equipped C-side and P-side links that are out-of-service because they are either system busy or manually busy. indicates which unit is available for call processing and which unit is on standby. ACT means the unit is active and able to handle call processing, INACT means the unit is on standby (inactive). is the status of a unit. indicates the unit is undergoing maintenance invoked manually or by the system (displayed with u_states ManB and SysB, respectively). MTCE is present only while maintenance is occurring. G: indicates the unit is being updated with datafill, where nnnn is an increment of the load. | | |
| Action: None | | | |
| ОК | | | |
| Meaning: The specified | PM is posted. | | |
| Action: None | | | |
| | -end- | | |

querypm

Function

Use the querypm command to display information about the posted APUX, its host LIM and its two FBUS PFI taps. The information displayed reflects the state of the host LMSs, message channels, PFI taps, APUX locations, ISTB conditions, PFI taps, and linkset information.

| querypm command parameters and variables | | |
|--|---|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| querypm | <u>disp</u> flt | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| <u>disp</u> | This default parameter, which is never entered, indicates a normal querypm displa is presented becasue the flt parameter was not entered. | |
| flt | This parameter causes fault information for the APUX to be displayed. | |

Qualifications

None

Example

The following table provides an example of the querypm command.

| Examples of the querypm command | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | |
| querypm | | | |
| | Task: | Display information about the posted APUX. | |
| | Response: | PM type: APUX PM no.: 2 States: Offl LIM 0 Shelf 1 Sote: 10 LIU FTA 4244 1000 Default Load: LIU25 Running Load LIU25RTM ISTB(typical response) | |
| | Explanation: | Typical response for querypm command for APUX. | |

querypm (end)

Response

The following table provides an explanation of the response to the querypm command.

Response for the querypm command MAP output Meaning and action PM type: APUX PM no.: 2 States: Offl LIM 0 Shelf 1 Sote: 10 LIU FTA 4244 1000 Default Load: LIU25 Running Load LIU25RTM ISTB conditions: Loadname Mismatch Msg Channel #0 NA Msg Channel #1 NA TAP #0 00S/NA TAP #1 00S/NA LMS Slots : Offl Auditing : No Offl No Host Unit 0 is not in service Host Unit 1 is not in service Msg Channels : NA Acc Tap 1 B(NA) B(NA) LIU is not registered with Channelized Access Reserved APUX forms part of CCS7Linkset: SCP_LKS SLC:0 LIU is not allocated **Meaning:** Typical response to querypm command for APUX. Action: None

quit

Function

Use the quit command to exit from the current menu level and return to a previous menu level.

| quit command parameters and variables | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| quit | <u>1</u> all incrname n | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| 1 | This default parameter causes the system to display the next higher MAP level. | |
| all | This parameter causes the system to display the CI level from any level. | |
| incrname | This variable causes the system to exit the specified level and all sublevels. The system displays the next level higher than the one specified. Values for <i>incrname</i> are menu level names, such as lns, mtc, or mapci. | |
| n | This variable identifies a specified number of retreat levels from the current level. The range of retreat levels is 0-6. However, the system cannot accept a level number higher than the number of the current level. | |

Qualifications

None

Examples

The following table provides examples of the quit command.

| Examples of the quit command | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | |
| quit ₊ | | |
| | Task: | Exit from the APUX level to the previous menu level. |
| | Response: | The display changes to the display of a higher level menu. |
| | Explanation: | The APUX level has changed to the previous menu level. |
| | | -continued- |

quit (continued)

| Examples of the quit command (continued) | | |
|--|---------------------|---|
| Example | Task, respons | se, and explanation |
| quit mtc . where | Ц | |
| mtc | specifies the level | higher than the APUX level to be exited |
| | Task: | Return to the MAPCI level (one menu level higher than MTC). |
| | Response: | The display changes to the MAPCI menu display: |
| | | MAPCI: |
| | Explanation: | The APUX level has returned to the MAPCI level. |
| | | -end- |

Responses

The following table provides an explanation of the responses to the quit command.

| Responses for the quit command | | |
|--|----------|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action |
| CI: | | |
| | Meaning: | The system exited all MAP menu levels and returned to the CI level. |
| | Action: | None |
| QUIT Unable to quit requested number of levels Last parameter evaluated was: 1 | | |
| | Meaning: | You entered an invalid level number. The number you entered exceeds the number of MAP levels from which to quit. |
| | Action: | Reenter the command using an appropriate level number. |
| The system replaces the APUX level menu with a menu that is two or more levels higher. | | |
| | Meaning: | You entered the quit command with an <i>n</i> variable value of 2 or more or an <i>incrname</i> variable value corresponding to two or more levels higher. |
| | Action: | None |
| -continued- | | |

quit (end)

Responses for the quit command (continued)

MAP output Meaning and action

The system replaces the display of the APUX level with the display of the next higher MAP level.

Meaning: The system exited to the next higher MAP level.

Action: None

-end-

rts

Function

Use the rts command to run diagnostics and return to service an out-of-service APUX.

| rts command parameters and variables | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| rts | $\begin{array}{c} \underline{posted} \\ all \end{array} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{noforce} \\ force \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{wait} \\ nowait \end{bmatrix}$ | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| all | This parameter causes all posted APUXs to be returned-to-service. | |
| force | This parameter causes APUX inaccessibility to be ignored. | |
| <u>noforce</u> | This default parameter, which is never entered, indicates that APUXs that are not accessible will not be returned-to-service because the force parameter was not entered. | |
| nowait | This parameter allows other commands to be entered at a MAP before the rts command has completed executing. | |
| <u>posted</u> | This default parameter, which is never entered, indicates that only the posted APU in the control position will be returned-t- service because the all parameter was not entered. | |
| wait | This default parameter, which is never entered, indicates that other commands cannot be entered at a MAP until the rts command has completed executing because the nowait parameter was not entered. | |

Qualifications

The APUX will not be returned-to-service if the out-of-service diagnostices do not pass.

rts (continued)

Example

The following table provides an example of the rts command.

| Examples of the rts command | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | |
| rts | | |
| | Task: | Return the posted APUX now in the control position to service. |
| | Response: | APUX 12 RTS passed |
| | Explanation: | The APUX is returned to service. |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the rts command.

| Responses for the rts command | | |
|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning | g and action | |
| Request Invalid - APUX liu# is status No Action Taken | | |
| Meaning | 1: The APUX is in the incorrect state for the RTS command to be executed. The APUX must be in one of the following states: | |
| | Manb | |
| | • SysB | |
| Action: | None | |
| APUX liu# Failed <failure reason=""> <circuit display="" location=""></circuit></failure> | | |
| Meaning | g: The command failed. A card list may be produced. | |
| Action: | Go to the appropriate alarm clearing or card replacement procedure to troubleshoot the failure. | |
| -continued- | | |
rts (end)

| Responses for | the rts co | mmand (continued) |
|---------------|------------|---|
| | wearing | |
| APUX liu# R' | TS passe | d |
| | Meaning: | The APUX is returned-to-service. |
| | Action: | None |
| APUX liu# R' | TS Rejec | ted |
| | Meaning: | The RTS was rejected by LIU resident maintenance. This should never occur. |
| | Action: | The cause for the rejection must be determined. Escalate to the next higher level of maintenance. |
| | | -end- |

Function

Use the tst command to run diagnostics on the posted APUXs.

| tst command parameters and variables | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | |
| tst | <u>posted</u> all | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | | |
| all | This parameter causes all posted APUXs to be tested. | | |
| <u>posted</u> | This default parameter, which is never entered, indicates that only the posted APU in the control position will be tested because the all parameter was not entered. | | |

Qualifications

The specific diagnostics run will be determined by the state of the APUX, that is in-service tests, or out-of-service tests.

Example

The following table provides an example of the tst command.

| Example of the | Example of the tst command | | | |
|----------------|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | | |
| tst ₊l | | | | |
| | Task: | Test the posted APUX currently in the control position. | | |
| | Response: | APUX 12 TST passed | | |
| | Explanation: | The test of the posted APUX currently in the control position passed. | | |

tst (end)

Response

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the tst command.

| Response for the tst command | | |
|--|---|--|
| MAP output Meaning | and action | |
| Request Invalid - A No Action Taken | PUX liu# is status | |
| Meaning Action: | The APUX is in the incorrect state for the tst command to be executed. The APUX must be in one of the following states: ManB Insv Istb None | |
| LIU liu# fialed - f | ailure reason - circuit location display | |
| Meaning | The APUX failed the test and the details of the failure are displayed. A card list may be displayed. | |
| Action: | Go to the appropriate alarm clearing or card replacement procedure to correct the indicated problem. | |
| APUX liu# TST passe | ed | |
| Meaning | : The APUX is tested and passes all tests. | |
| Action: | None | |

BERP level commands

Use the bit error rate (BER) performance (BERP) level of the MAP to set up BERP tests and to perform bit error rate tests (BERT).

Accessing the BERP level

To access the BERP level, enter the following from the CI level: mapci;mtc;berp →

BERP commands

The commands available at the BERP MAP level are described in this chapter and arranged in alphabetical order. The page number for each command is listed in the following table.

| BERP commands | |
|---------------|------|
| Command | Page |
| callset | B-5 |
| check | B-9 |
| define | B-19 |
| deftime | B-31 |
| loopbk | B-35 |
| output | B-39 |
| parmset | B-43 |
| process | B-45 |
| quit | B-51 |
| reset | B-55 |
| review | B-59 |
| select | B-63 |
| -continued- | |

| BERP commands (continued) | |
|---------------------------|------|
| Command | Page |
| sortkey | B-69 |
| start | B-75 |
| stop | B-79 |
| summary | B-81 |
| -6 | nd- |

BERP menu

The following figure shows the BERP menu and status display.

| СМ . | MS | IOD | Net | PM | ccs | LNS | Trks | Ext | APPL |
|--|-------|---|--|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| | • | • | • | • | | | • | • | |
| BERP 0 Quit 2 3 Review 4 Summary 5 Select 6 Define 7 Callset 8 Deftime 9 Check 10 Start 11 Stop 12 Output 13 Reset 14 Parmset 15 Sortket 16 Procest 17 Loopbk 18 | Y | Test Sta Calls : Calls w: Calls w: | atus : T O ith BER ith > 3 | Uncheck Errore > 10e- error | ced - 7 ced se | ls conds | : 0 : 0 : 0 | Ratio Ratio Ratio | 0/0 0/0 0/0 |

Common responses

The following table provides explanations of the common responses to the BERP commands. These responses will be produced by many of the commands under the BERP level. This table will be referred to from the individual command descriptions to which it pertains.

| Responses for | Responses for the <command/> command | | |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action | |
| This is not | valid a | t this point. You must issue the STOP command first. | |
| | Meaning | The test status is waiting. You cannot change the test data until the system has received a stop command. | |
| | Action: | Use the stop command to stop the tests, then proceed with the action you were attempting. | |
| Tests are r | unning, | you must issue the STOP command first. | |
| | Meaning | The test status is running. You cannot change the test data until the system has received a stop command. | |
| | Action: | Use the stop command to stop the tests, or wait for them to finish, then proceed with the action you were attempting. | |
| Tests are s | topping, | please wait until they have completely stopped. | |
| | Meaning | The test status is stopping. You will be able to change the test data when the test has fully stopped. | |
| | Action: | Wait for the test to stop, then retry the command. | |

callset

Function

Use the callset command to set the call parameters for a test. The parameters set by this command are the length of each test call, the delay between calls, the number of calls to be made in the test, and whether to trace errored calls or all calls.

| callset comma | and parameters and variables |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Command | Parameters and variables |
| callset | length length unit delay length unit calls [number cont] errored allcalls |
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| allcalls | This parameter directs the system to trace all calls. |
| calls | This parameter directs the system to set the number-of-calls test parameter. |
| cont | This parameter directs the system to set the number-of-calls test parameter to continuous. |
| delay | This parameter directs the system to set the delay-between-calls test parameter. |
| errored | This parameter directs the system to trace errored calls. |
| length | This parameter directs the system to set the length-of-calls test parameter. |
| number | This variable is the number of calls. Valid entries are 1-32767. |
| length | This variable is the length of the call or the delay. Valid entries for this variable are 1-255 for the length of the call and 0-255 for the length of the delay. |
| unit | This variable is the unit of time. Valid entries are hours or mins for the the length of the call and hours, mins, secs for the length of the delay. |

Qualifications

None

callset (continued)

Example

The following table provides an example of the callset command.

| Example of | f the callset comma | and | |
|-------------|--|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | |
| callset len | gth 2 mins ⊣ | | |
| 2 mins | is the length of the test in numbers is the unit of time of the length of the test | | |
| | Task: | Set the length of the call to 2 minutes. | |
| | Response: | The call length for each test is 2 minutes | |
| | Explanation: | The system set the call length to 2 minutes. | |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the callset command.

| Responses for | Responses for the callset command | | | |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | | |
| All calls w | ill be t | raced. | | |
| | Meaning: | The system is now set to trace all calls in the test. | | |
| | Action: | None | | |
| Errored cal | ls will : | be traced. | | |
| | Meaning: | The system is now set to trace errored calls in the test. | | |
| | Action: | None | | |
| The call le | ngth for | each test is 2 minutes | | |
| | Meaning: | The system set the call length according to the specifications you entered. | | |
| | Action: | None | | |
| | | -continued- | | |

callset (end)

| Responses for the callset command (continued) |
|---|
| MAP output Meaning and action |
| The delay between each test call will be 30 seconds |
| Meaning: The system set the delay between calls according to the specifications you entered. |
| Action: None |
| The test will consist of 3 calls |
| Meaning: The system set the number of calls in the test according to the specifications you entered. |
| Action: None |
| The test will consist of continuous calls. |
| Meaning: The system set the test to continuous calls. |
| Action: None |
| -end- |

Function

Use the check command to check the test parameters in the test set up for consistency and validity. This command makes the following checks:

- the start time has not already passed
- the stop time has not already passed; the stop time is later than the start time
- the number of IBERT cards is not zero and that all IBERT cards are properly datafilled
- the number of data line cards is equal to or greater than the number of IBERT cards and that the data line cards are properly datafilled
- either a number of calls or a stop time is specified but not both
- an output file has been specified
- all peripheral modules (PM) defined must be datafilled
- the lines defined to which the IBERTs connect must be datafilled
- no trunks must be present in the circuits to which the IBERTs connect
- each defined line must be on a PM that was entered with the define command
- the number of lines defined on each PM to which the IBERTs connect cannot exceed the maximum number of IBERTs to be used in the test
- for tests other than the line subgroup (LSG) the loop back specified must be valid for all the circuits to be connected to
- for each p-side link defined, the corresponding RDT that subtends the DS1 has at least one line defined on it
- for each RDT that has lines defined on them, at least one corresponding p-side link has been defined for that RDT for p-side link testing
- for SMA p-side testing, the number of lines defined per RDT is equal to the number of IBERTSs selected
- for SMA c-side link testing, the total number of lines defined on all IDTs on the SMA is equal number of IBERTs selected
- that a valid loopback setting has been chosen for link testing
- that an incorrect type of line is not specified for SMA c-side and p-side testing. The only valid types of lines that may be defined for SMA c-side and p-side testing are POTS and EBS lines.

| check command parameters and variables | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| check | There are no parameters or variables. | |

Qualifications

None

Example

The following table provides an example of the check command.

| Example of the check command | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | |
| check | | |
| | Task: | Check the test parameters. |
| | Response: | All data verified, tests may now be STARTed. |
| | Explanation: | All data was verified as being consistent and valid. Test status is now set to checked. |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the check command.

| Responses for the check command | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| MAP output Meanin | g and action | |
| All data verified | tests may now be STARTed. | |
| Meanin | g: All data was verified as being consistent and valid. Test status is now set to checked. | |
| Action | None | |
| -continued- | | |

| Responses for the check command (continued) | | |
|---|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning | g and action | |
| DLC found with imp | roper card code at : HOST 00 01 08 08 | |
| Meanin | g: The system found a data line card whose card code was changed since it was entered in the list of data line cards to which to connect. | |
| Action: | Use the define remove command string to delete the data line card. | |
| DLC with no card c | ode found at : HOST 00 01 08 08 | |
| Meanin | g: The system found a data line card whose datafill had been removed since it was entered in the list of data line cards to which to connect. | |
| Action: | Use the define remove command string to delete the data line card. | |
| ERROR-Extraneous l <circuit id=""></circuit> | ine DEFINEd for testing, must be removed. | |
| Meanin | g: A line was defined for testing but its PM was not defined as being part of the test. The circuit id replaces <circuit id="">.</circuit> | |
| Action: | Remove the line or add its PM to the test. | |
| ERROR-Incompatible stop criteria. Cannot define both a stop time and a number of calls to be made. | | |
| Meanin | g: The check failed because the system cannot accept both a stop time and a number of calls to be made as test parameters. | |
| Action: | Use the callset calls cont command string to make the calls continuous or use the deftime stop clear command string to clear the stop time. | |
| ERROR-No lines DEF | INEd on LCM HOST 00 1 | |
| Meanin | g: A PM was defined for an LSG test but no lines were defined on it to which the IBERTS connect. | |
| Action: | Define a line on the PM to which the IBERTS connect, or remove the PM from the test. | |
| ERROR-No output fi | le has been defined. | |
| Meanin | g: The check failed because no output file has been defined. | |
| Action: | Use the output define command string to define the output file. | |
| | -continued- | |

| Responses for the check command (continued) | | |
|---|------------------|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action |
| ERROR-Start | time ha | s already passed. |
| | Meaning: | The check failed because the start time has already passed. |
| | Action: | Use the deftime command to set a new start time. |
| ERROR-Start | time mu | st be earlier than stop time. |
| | Meaning: | The check failed because the start time was not earlier than the stop time. |
| | Action: | Use the deftime command to set a new stop time. |
| ERROR-Stop t | ime has | already passed. |
| | Meaning: | The check failed because the stop time has passed. |
| | Action: | Use the deftime command to set a new stop time. |
| ERROR-Stop t | ime mus | t be later than start time. |
| | Meaning: | The check failed because the stop time was not later than the start time. |
| | Action: | Use the deftime command to set a new stop time. |
| ERROR-Too ma | ny circ | uits on LCM HOST 00 1, maximum of 2 allowed. |
| | Meaning: | The PM identified has too many circuits defined on it to which the IBERTS connect. |
| | Action: | Delete some of the circuits on the PM or add more IBERTs. |
| ERROR-Invalidefined with | d test no cor | configuration defined. SMA p-side link or links responding RDT line or lines defined. |
| | Meaning: | A p-side link was specified on an SMA but no line or lines were defined. |
| | Action: | Define a Line or lines on the appropriate RDT or remove the p-side link or links defined for that RDT. |
| | | -continued- |

| Responses for the check command (continued) | | |
|---|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| ERROR-No line or lines defined on <x> where X is the RDT name.</x> | | |
| Meaning: A p-side link was specified on an SMA and a line was defined on an RDT that does not subtend the p-side link defined. | | |
| Action: Define a line or lines on the appropriate RDT or remove the p-side link or links defined for that RDT. | | |
| ERROR-Invalid test configuration defined. RDT line(s) are defined with no corresponding DMA c-side or p-side link defined. | | |
| Meaning: Line or lines have been defined on RDT X but corresponding link or links have not been defined for the RDT. | | |
| Action: Define a link or links for the RDT or remove the line or lines from the test. | | |
| ERROR-The circuits DEFINEd on <x> are not equal to the IBERTS SELECTEd: Number of lines for SMA equals <y> Number of IBERTs equals <z> where X is the SMA number, Y and Z are the numbers of lines and IBERTS respectively.</z></y></x> | | |
| Meaning: The RDT identified by RDT X has an incorrect number of lines defined on it for the IBERTs to connect to. The number of lines defined per RDT has to be equal to the number of IBERTs selected for p-side link testing. | | |
| Action: Add or remove lines on the specified RDT using the <i>DEFINE</i> command. | | |
| ERROR-Invalid loopback setting for SMA p-side link testing | | |
| Meaning: An invalid loopback setting was chosen for SMA p-side link testing. The only valid loopbacks for SMA p-side testing are <i>DS1</i> and <i>NONE</i> . | | |
| Action: Choose a correct loopback setting for SMA p-side link testing | | |
| -continued- | | |

| Responses for the check command (continued) | | |
|---|---|--|
| MAP output Meaning | MAP output Meaning and action | |
| ERROR-The lines DEFINEd for SMA <x> are not equal to the IBERTS SELECTEd: Number of lines for SMA equals <y> Number of IBERTs equals <z> where X is the SMA number, Y and Z are the numbers of lines and IBERTs respectively.</z></y></x> | | |
| Meaning | The SMA identified by X has an incorrect number of lines defined on corresponding IDTs for the IBERTs to connect to. The number of lines defined on all IDTs on an SMA has to equal to the number of IBERTs selected for c-side link testing. | |
| Action: | Add or remove lines using the <i>DEFINE</i> command. | |
| ERROR-Invalid loopb | ack setting for SMA c-side link testing | |
| Meaning | An invalid loopback setting was chosen for SMA c-side link testing. | |
| Action: | Choose a correct loopback setting for SMA c-side link testing. | |
| ERROR-The following command in order to | circuit(s) must be removed using the DEFINE REMOVE do an SMA p-side or c-side link test. | |
| Meaning | An invalid type of line was defined for SMA c-side or p-side testing. | |
| Action: | remove the invalid line and choose POTS or EBS lines for SMA c-side or p-side testing. | |
| ERROR-Link <x><y><z> where X is the pm n</z></y></x> | is not acceptable. Reason: Link Man Busy. ame, Y is the pm number, and Z is the link number. | |
| Meaning | The c-side link pair corresponding to the link identified is not acceptable for testing because it is busy. | |
| Action: | Return to service the link identified prior to starting the test. | |
| ERROR-Links on <x>< where X is the pm n</x> | Y> are not acceptable. Reason: PM Busy. ame and Y is the pm number. | |
| Meaning | The PM identified is busy and therefore, the c-side links defined on it cannot be tested. | |
| Action: | Return to service the PM identified prior to the test. | |
| | -continued- | |
| | | |

| Responses for the check command (continued) | | |
|---|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| ERROR-RDT <x> is not InSv or IsTb where X is the RDT name.</x> | | |
| Meaning: RDT identified is not in-service | | |
| Action: Bring into service the identified RDT prior to attempting the test. | | |
| ERROR-You have not SELECTed any IBERTS for use. | | |
| Meaning: The check failed because no IBERT cards had been selected. | | |
| Action: Use the select command to select one or more IBERT cards. | | |
| ERROR-You must datafill at least as many Data Line Cards as you have selected IBERT cards. | | |
| Meaning: You have not selected enough data line cards to match the IBERTs you have selected. | | |
| Action: Use the define command to specify more data line cards. | | |
| IBERT with an improper card code found at : HOST 00 01 08 08 | | |
| Meaning: An IBERT whose card code was changed since it was entered was found in the list of IBERTs to use. | | |
| Action: Use the select remove command string to delete the IBERT. | | |
| IBERT with no card code found at : HOST 00 01 08 08 | | |
| Meaning: And IBERT whose datafill had been removed since it was entered was found in the list of IBERTs. | | |
| Action: Use the select remove command to delete it. | | |
| Invalid loop back setting for circuit test. | | |
| Meaning: The type of loopback set was not valid for a circuit test. | | |
| Action: Use command loopbk to set the loopback to be default, dlc, or lsg. | | |
| -continued- | | |

| Responses for the check command (continued) | | |
|---|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| Loop back setting i | s not valid for this type of testing. | |
| Meaning: | A set of non-line module (LM) links was defined to be tested, but the loop back was set at dlc, lsg, or default. | |
| Action: | Use the loopbk command to set the loop back to be DS1, DS30, or none. | |
| LOOPBK setting not | valid for <circuit id=""></circuit> | |
| Meaning: | The type of loop back set was not valid for the circuit identified by circuit id. The circuit id is given in place of <circuit id="">.</circuit> | |
| Action: | Use the define remove command string to remove the circuit, or use the loopbk command to set a different type of loop back. | |
| LOOPBK setting will | be ignored for LM test. | |
| Meaning: | The loopbk command was used to set the loop back to be used at something other than default when an line module (LM) test was defined. The check command output this response to indicate that the loop back is being ignored. | |
| Action: | None | |
| LOOPBK setting will | be ignored for LSG test. | |
| Meaning: | The loopbk command was used to set the loop back to be used at something other than default when an LSG test was defined. The check command output this response to indicate that the loop back is being ignored. | |
| Action: | None | |
| No LOOPBK found for | <pre><circuit id=""></circuit></pre> | |
| Meaning: | When the check command tried to fill in the circuit's default loop back, it was unable to determine the default loop back for that type of circuit. The circuit id is given in place of <circuit id="">.</circuit> | |
| Action: | Use the define remove command string to remove the circuit. | |
| | -continued- | |

| Responses for the check command (continued) | |
|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | |
| Non LCM type node found in table, deleted. | |
| Meaning: A PM which was no longer a line concentrating module (LCM) type is deleted from the list of PMs to be tested. | |
| Action: Retry the check command. | |
| Output file exists on the output device. Please specify a unique output file name or a different output device. | |
| Meaning: The check failed because a file with the same name exists on the output device. The output file name specified must be unique to the file device. | |
| Action: Use the output clear and the output define command strings to define a new output file name. | |
| The following circuit(s) must be removed using the DEFINE REMOVE command in order to do an LSG test. <circuit id=""></circuit> | |
| Meaning: The circuits the IBERTs were defined to connect to during an LSG test were nonline circuits. A list of circuit ids replaces <circuit id="">.</circuit> | |
| Action: Use the define remove command string to remove the circuits. | |
| Unknown PM found, entry being deleted. | |
| Meaning: A PM the system could not identify is deleted from the list of PMs to be tested. | |
| Action: Retry the check command. | |
| WARNING no output file has been defined. No errored path file will be created. | |
| Meaning: No output file has been defined. | |
| Action: None | |
| -continued- | |

B-18 BERP level commands

check (end)

 Responses for the check command (continued)

 MAP output
 Meaning and action

 WARNING-No start time defined, tests will begin immediately after the START command.

 Meaning: The checks have passed. The tests will begin when a start command is given.

 Action: None

define

Function

Use the define command to define the data line cards, peripheral modules (PM), links, line concentrating devices (LCD), and line modules (LM) to connect with the IBERTs.

| define command parameters and variables | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | |
| define | add $\begin{bmatrix} trk & pm_type & pm_no & link_no & ckt_no & (1) \\ I & site & frame & unit & drawer & (2) \\ Pslink & pm_type & pm_no & link_no & (3) \\ Cslink & pm_type & pm_no & link_no & (4) \\ Icd & site & frame & unit & drawer & (5) \\ Im & site & frame & unit & link & (6) \\ trk & pm_type & pm_no & link_no & ckt_no & (7) \\ I & site & frame & unit & drawer & (8) \\ Pslink & pm_type & pm_no & link_no & (9) \\ Cslink & pm_type & pm_no & link_no & (10) \\ Icd & site & frame & unit & drawer & (11) \\ Im & site & frame & unit & link & (12) \\ clear & (13) \\ query & (14) \end{bmatrix}$ | | |
| | (14) (15) | | |
| define (continued) | $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | | |
| add | This parameter directs the system to add the specified item. | | |
| circuit | This variable is the circuit number. Valid entries are 0-99. | | |
| | -continued- | | |

| define command parameters and variables (continued) | | |
|---|--|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| ckt_no | This variable is the circuit number. Valid entries are 1-31. | |
| clear | This parameter directs the system to clear all the previously defined data line cards. | |
| CsLink | This parameter directs the system to add or remove the specified C-side link. | |
| drawer | This variable is the drawer number. Valid entries are 0-31. | |
| frame | This variable is the frame number. Valid entries are 0-511. | |
| 1 | This parameter directs the system to define one data line card identified its site, frame, unit, drawer, and circuit numbers. | |
| lcd | This parameter directs the system to add or remove the specified LCD | |
| link | This variable is the link. Valid entries are 0-3. | |
| link_no | This variable is the link number. Valid entries are 0-63. | |
| Im | This parameter directs the system to add or remove the specified LM. | |
| loopbk | This variable is the loop back. Valid entries are lsg, dlc, and isdn. | |
| pm_no | This variable is the PM number. Valid entries are 0-255. | |
| pm_type | This variable is the PM type. Valid entries are dtc, ltc, rcc, dcm, iac, rcci, adtc, algc, arcc, dca, dtci, pdtc, plgc, prcc, rcc2, srcc, prcc, rco2, smsr, and sma. | |
| Pslink | This parameter directs the system to add or remove the specified P-side link. | |
| query | This parameter directs the system to query the defined data line cards. | |
| remove | This parameter directs the system to remove the specified item. | |
| site | This variable is the site name. | |
| -continued- | | |

| define command parameters and variables (continued) | | |
|---|---|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| trk | This parameter indicates that a PM is to be added or removed. | |
| unit | This variable is the unit number. Valid entries are 0-9. | |
| -end- | | |

Qualifications

None

Example

The following table provides an example of the define command.

| Example of | the define comma | Ind |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| Example | Task, respon | se, and explanation |
| define add where | I host 0 1 8 8 | |
| host 0 1 8 8 | is the site name is the frame numb is the unit number is the drawer num is the circuit numb | er ber ber |
| | Task: | Define the HOST 00 01 08 08 data line card for use by BERP. |
| | Response: | Data line card has been reserved for later use by BERP. |
| | Explanation: | The system added the data line card to the internal table for use by BERP. |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the define command.

| Responses for the define command | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------|---|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action |
| All links | on the LM | will be tested. |
| | Meaning: | You defined an LM for testing, but did not specify a link. The system will test all datafilled links on the LM except the messaging link. |
| | Action: | None |
| -continued- | | |

| Responses for the define command (continued) | | |
|--|--|--|
| IAP output Meaning and action | | |
| Circuit is not supported by BERP. Circuit not added. | | |
| Meaning: You entered a type of line that is not supported by BERP. | | |
| Action: Try the command again using a line type that is supported for BERP testing. | | |
| Data line card has been reserved for later use by BERP. | | |
| Meaning: The command successfully added the data line card to the table for use by BERP. | | |
| Action: None | | |
| Data line card not found, no entry deleted. | | |
| Meaning: You entered the define remove command string. The data line card was not found in the internal table and could not be removed. | | |
| Action: None | | |
| Data line card removed from use by BERP. | | |
| Meaning: The command successfully removed the data line card from the table. | | |
| Action: None | | |
| Data line card table has been cleared. | | |
| Meaning: You entered the define clear command string, and the system cleared the internal table. | | |
| Action: None | | |
| Input LEN is not for a data line card. | | |
| Meaning: You entered an invalid variable. | | |
| Action: Check the line equipment number (LEN), and retry the command. | | |
| -continued- | | |

define (continued) Responses for the define command (continued) MAP output Meaning and action Input LM link will be tested. Meaning: The system accepted the define add command string. Action: None Input LSG will be tested. **Meaning:** The system accepted the define add command string. Action: None Input PM is not an LM. Meaning: The variable following an LM in a command string was not an LM. The system did not add the PM. Action: Enter the command again with valid variables. Invalid data line card Line Equipment number entered HOST 00 01 21 08 Meaning: You entered an invalid variable. Action: Check the LEN, and retry the command. Invalid loop back for this line. Circuit not added. **Meaning:** You entered a loop back point that is not appropriate for the type of line. Action: Retry the command with the proper loop back value. Invalid PM entered, PM not added for testing. Meaning: You entered a PM that the system did not recognize. Action: Retry the command with a correct PM type. -continued-

| Responses for the define command (continued) MAP output Meaning and action | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Last link on LM r | Last link on LM removed from testing. | | | | |
| LM has been compl | etely removed from testing. | | | | |
| Meani | ng: You removed the last link on an LM. The entire LM is deleted from the test. | | | | |
| Actior | : None | | | | |
| Last LSG on this PM has bee comple | PM removed from testing. tely removed from testing. | | | | |
| Meani | ng: You specified the removal of the last line subgroup (LSG) for a PM. Since there are no more LSGs on the defined PM to be tested, the PM itself is removed from the test. | | | | |
| Actior | : None | | | | |
| Link 1 is out of | range, not added for testing. | | | | |
| Meani | ng: The specified link is not datafilled for the input LM. | | | | |
| Actior | : Retry the define command specifying a datafilled link on the LM. | | | | |
| Link removed from | testing. | | | | |
| Meani | ng: The specified link is removed from the test. | | | | |
| Actior | : None | | | | |
| Link was not defi | ned for to be tested. | | | | |
| Meani | ng: You tried to remove a link that had not been defined for testing. | | | | |
| Actior | : Use the define query command string to verify which links have been defined for the test. | | | | |
| LM has been compl | etely removed from testing. | | | | |
| Meani | ng: You specified an LM to be removed from the test without specifying any links. The entire LM is removed from the test. | | | | |
| Actior | : None | | | | |
| | -continued- | | | | |

| Responses for the define command (continued) | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | | | |
| LM not found | LM not found, no entry removed from testing. | | | |
| | Meaning: | You specified an LM to be removed from the test, but the LM had not been defined for testing. | | |
| | Action: | Use the define query command string to see the links to be tested. | | |
| LSG 1 is une | equipped | , not added for testing. | | |
| | Meaning: | The LSG is in the unequipped state. | | |
| | Action: | None | | |
| LSG has been | n remove | d from testing. | | |
| | Meaning: | The system removed the LSG from the test set. | | |
| | Action: | None | | |
| LSG out of : PM not addee | range, m d for te | ust be between 0 and <n>. sting.</n> | | |
| | Meaning: | You entered an LCD and specified an LSG that is out-of-range for the type of LCD. An <n> is replaced by the maximum allowable LSG for the type of input LCD.</n> | | |
| | Action: | Retry the command with an LSG in the appropriate range. | | |
| No data line | e cards | have been defined for use. | | |
| | Meaning: | You entered the define query command strings, and no data line cards have been reserved for use. | | |
| | Action: | None | | |
| No equipped | LSGs on | this LCD to test. LCD not added. | | |
| | Meaning: | All of the LSGs on the LCD are unequipped. | | |
| | Action: | None | | |
| | | -continued- | | |

| Responses for the define command (continued) | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | | | | |
| No more room to sto | No more room to store this data line card. | | | | |
| Meaning: | The internal table is full. | | | | |
| Action: | Use the define remove or the define clear command strings to make room in the table then define the data line card again, or run the test using the currently defined data line cards. | | | | |
| No more room to sto | re this PM for an LM test. | | | | |
| Meaning: | You tried to define an LM when the maximum (20) allowed had already been defined. The system was unable to record the new entry. | | | | |
| Action: | Remove one or more of the current entries and then define the new entry. | | | | |
| No more room to sto | re this PM for an LSG test. | | | | |
| Meaning: | You tried to define a PM when the maximum (20) allowed had already been defined. The system was unable to record the new entry. | | | | |
| Action: | Remove one or more of the current entries and then define the new entry. | | | | |
| PM has been removed | from testing. | | | | |
| Meaning: | The system removed the PM from the test set. | | | | |
| Action: | None | | | | |
| PM not found, no en | try removed from testing. | | | | |
| Meaning: | You specified the removal of a PM that had not been defined. | | | | |
| Action: | Use the define query command string to see what PMs are defined for testing. | | | | |
| RLMs are not suppor | ted by BERP. | | | | |
| Meaning: | One of the variables in the command string is not allowed by BERP. The PM was not added for testing. | | | | |
| Action: | None | | | | |
| -continued- | | | | | |

| Responses for the define command (continued) | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | | | | |
| The following LSGs | The following LSGs will be tested: 1, 2, 3 | | | | |
| Meaning | : You did not specify an LSG to be tested. The display lists all the equipped LSGs on the LCD to indicate that they will be included in the test. | | | | |
| Action: | None | | | | |
| This data line card | d is already in the table. | | | | |
| Meaning | : You entered the define I command string and specified a data line card that was already defined. | | | | |
| Action: | None | | | | |
| Unknown line card. | input ignored. | | | | |
| Meaning | : You entered an invalid variable. | | | | |
| Action: | Check the LEN, and retry the command. | | | | |
| Unknown loop back e Circuit not added. | entered. | | | | |
| Meaning | : You entered a variable the system did not recognize as correct as a loop back. | | | | |
| Action: | Retry the define command with a valid value for the loop back. | | | | |
| You have already de You must issue a Di | efined circuits to be tested. EFINE CLEAR before adding LSGs for testing. | | | | |
| Meaning | : A test of some circuits is already set up. Circuits must be tested separately. | | | | |
| Action: | Use the define clear command string, then add the desired circuits. | | | | |
| You have already de You must issue a Di | efined LINKs to be tested. EFINE CLEAR before adding LSGs for testing. | | | | |
| Meaning | : A test for some links is already set up. Links must be tested separately. | | | | |
| Action: | Use the define clear command string, then add the desired links. | | | | |
| | -continued- | | | | |

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define (end)

| Responses for the define MAP output Meaning | e command (continued) and action |
|--|---|
| You have already de You must issue a DE | fined LMs to be tested. FINE CLEAR before adding LSGs for testing. |
| Meaning: | A test for some LMs is already set up. LMs must be tested separately. |
| Action: | Use the define clear command string, then add the desired LM. |
| You have defined 1 HOST 00 01 08 08 | data line cards for use, they are : |
| Meaning: | You entered the define query command string, and the system displays the list of defined data line cards. |
| Action: | None |
| | -end- |

deftime

Function

Use the deftime command to set or clear the start and stop times of the test.

| deftime command parameters and variables | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------|---|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | | | | |
| deftime | start si stop si clear | et lear et lear | day day day day | hour hour hour hour | minute minute minute minute | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | 1 | | | | |
| clear | This parame | eter directs t | he system to | clear the curr | ent time or ti | imes. |
| day | This variable wed, thu, fri, | This variable is the day that the test starts or stops. Valid entries are mon, tue, wed, thu, fri, sat, or sun. | | | | |
| hour | This variable | This variable is the hour that the test starts or stops. Valid entries are 0-23. | | | | |
| minute | This variable | This variable is the minute that the test starts or stops. Valid entries are 0-59. | | | | |
| set | This parame | This parameter directs the system to set the time. | | | | |
| start | This parame starting time | eter indicate of the test. | s that the info | rmation that f | ollows it will | apply to the |
| stop | This parame stopping tim | eter indicate | s that the info | rmation that f | ollows it will | apply to the |

Qualifications

None

Example

The following table provides an example of the deftime command.

| Example of the deftime command | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | |
| deftime clear → | | |
| | Task: | Clear the start and stop times for the test. |
| | Response: | Start time has been cleared. Stop time has been cleared. |
| | Explanation: | The system cleared both times. |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the deftime command.

| Responses for the deftime command | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | |
| Start time | has to be | e earlier than stop time. | |
| | Meaning: | You tried to enter a start time that was later than the previously defined stop time. | |
| | Action: | Clear the stop time and try entering the start time again. | |
| Start time | is now se | et at 92/05/10 23:17 Monday | |
| | Meaning: | The system set the start time according to your specifications. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| Start time | has been | cleared. | |
| | Meaning: | The system cleared the start time. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| -continued- | | | |
deftime (end)

| Responses for the deftime command (continued) | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | | |
| Stop time has to be later than the start time. | | | |
| Meaning: You tried to enter a stop time that was earlier than the previously defined start time. | | | |
| Action: Clear the start time and try setting the stop time again. | | | |
| Stop time is now set at 92/05/10 23:17 Monday | | | |
| Meaning: The system set the stop time according to your specifications. | | | |
| Action: None | | | |
| Stop time has been cleared. | | | |
| Meaning: The system cleared the stop time. | | | |
| Action: None | | | |
| Start time has been cleared. Stop time has been cleared. | | | |
| Meaning: The system cleared both times. | | | |
| Action: None | | | |
| -end- | | | |

loopbk

Function

Use the loopbk command to set the loop back to be used for testing.

| loopbk command parameters and variables | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | | |
| loopbk | query ds30 ds1 d30 lsg dlc isdn default none | | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | | | |
| default | This parameter sets the loop back to the default. | | | |
| dlc | This parameter sets the loop back to data line card (DLC). | | | |
| d30 | This parameter sets the loop back to D30. | | | |
| ds1 | This parameter sets the loop back to DS1. | | | |
| ds30 | This parameter sets the loop back to DS30. | | | |
| isdn | This parameter sets the loop back to integrated services digital network (ISDN). | | | |
| lsg | This parameter sets the loop back to line subgroup (LSG). | | | |
| none | This parameter sets the loop back to none. | | | |
| query | This parameter directs the system to query the loop back. | | | |

Qualifications

The loopbk command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions, and limitations:

- For testing lines, as each is entered, a loop back point to use on that line is stored against the line. The system supplies a default loop back if you do not specify one.
- This command can be used to set all lines to have the same loop back point. The loop back point specified must be valid for all defined lines.

loopbk (continued)

- The loopbk command has no effect when testing line subgroups (LSG). For LSG tests, loop backs are always to the LSG being tested.
- This command is not checked for accuracy until the check command is issued.
- This command will allow you to set the loop back at an invalid point for the defined test.

Example

The following table provides an example of the loopbk command.

| Example of the loopbk command | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | | | | | |
| loopbk lsg ₊ | | | | | | | |
| | Task: | Set the loop back to LSG. | | | | | |
| | Response: | LSG loop back will be used for testing. | | | | | |
| | Explanation: | The loop back is set to LSG. | | | | | |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the loopbk command.

| Responses for the loopbk command | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | | | |
| Default loo | p back will be used for testing. | | | | |
| | Meaning: The loop back is set to the system default. | | | | |
| | Action: None | | | | |
| DLC loop ba | DLC loop back will be used for testing. | | | | |
| | Meaning: The loop back is set to DLC. | | | | |
| | Action: None | | | | |
| | -continued- | | | | |

loopbk (continued)

| Responses for the loopbk command (continued) | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | | | | | |
| DS1 loop back will be used for testing. | | | | | | |
| | Meaning: The loop back is set to DS1. | | | | | |
| | Action: | None | | | | |
| DS30 loop ba | ack will | be used for testing. | | | | |
| | Meaning: | The loop back is set to DS30. | | | | |
| | Action: | None | | | | |
| Invalid loop | p back f | or the type of test defined. | | | | |
| | Meaning: | You attempted to set the loop back to a type that the current test does not support. | | | | |
| | Action: | None | | | | |
| Invalid loop | p back f | or link test. | | | | |
| | Meaning: You attempted to set the loop back to a type that the link test does not support. | | | | | |
| | Action: | None | | | | |
| ISDN loop ba | ack will | be used for testing. | | | | |
| | Meaning: | The loop back is set to ISDN. | | | | |
| | Action: | None | | | | |
| LSG loop ba | ck will | be used for testing. | | | | |
| | Meaning: | The loop back is set to LSG. | | | | |
| | Action: | None | | | | |
| No loopback | will be | used for testing. | | | | |
| | Meaning: | You set the loop back to none. | | | | |
| | Action: | None | | | | |
| -continued- | | | | | | |

loopbk (end)

Responses for the loopbk command (continued) MAP output Meaning and action

No circuits DEFINEd, loop back ignored.

Meaning: No circuits are defined to set the loop back on.

Action: None

-end-

output

Function

Use the output command to specify the output file or to clear the previous output file.

| output command parameters and variables | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | | | |
| output | define <i>name device</i> clear | | | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | | | | |
| clear | This parameter directs the system to clear the current output file. | | | | |
| define | This parameter directs the system to set an output file to be specified. | | | | |
| device | This variable is the device where the output file is to be stored. | | | | |
| name | This variable is the name of the output file. | | | | |

Qualifications

None

Example

The following table provides an example of the output command.

| Example of the output command | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | | | |
| output define where | e berpfile sfdev | / L | | | |
| berpfileis the name of the output filesfdevis the storage device | | | | | |
| | Task: | Define the output file berpfile on sfdev. | | | |
| | Response: | Output file has been remembered, it will be created when the tests are started. | | | |
| | Explanation: | : The system successfully processed the request for an output file. | | | |

output (continued)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the output command.

| Responses for the output command | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | | | |
| RROR-An output file has already been created, you nust issue the OUTPUT CLEAR command | | | | |
| Meaning: You tried to redefine an output file while the previous output file was still open by the test process. | | | | |
| Action: Use the output clear command string to clear the current output file. | | | | |
| BERPFILE already exists on the output device. Please specify a unique output file name or a Different output file device. | | | | |
| Meaning: There is a file with the same name already residing on the specified output device. | | | | |
| Action: Retry the command using a unique file name. | | | | |
| output file has been remembered, it will be created when the tests are started. | | | | |
| Meaning: The system successfully processed the request for an output file. | | | | |
| Action: None | | | | |
| Output file information has been cleared. | | | | |
| Meaning: You used the output clear command string, and the system processed this command successfully. | | | | |
| Action: None | | | | |
| Could not close previous file. | | | | |
| Meaning: You used the output clear command string, and the system could not close the previous file. | | | | |
| Action: Contact maintenance support personnel. | | | | |
| -continued- | | | | |

output (end)

Responses for the output command (continued)

MAP output Meaning and action

Problem getting the output volume information.

Meaning: The volume you specified could not be found.

Action: Check the volume information and retry the command.

-end-

parmset

Function

Use the parmset command to set the BER exponent parameter and the error-free seconds parameter of the test.

| parmset command parameters and variables | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Command | Parameters | and variables | | | | | |
| parmset | ber seconds | ber exponent seconds number | | | | | |
| Parameters and variables | Descript | ion | | | | | |
| ber | This para | This parameter directs the system to set the threshold for the BER. | | | | | |
| exponent | This variable is the exponent for the BER. Valid entries are 1-9. | | | | | | |
| number | This variable is the number of error-free seconds. Valid entries are 0-9. | | | | | | |
| seconds | This para | meter directs the system to set the threshold for error-free seconds. | | | | | |

Qualifications

None

Example

The following table provides an example of the parmset command.

| Example of the parmset command | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | | | |
| parmset seconds 2 .⊣ where | | | | | |
| 2 is | is the number of error-free seconds | | | | |
| | Task: Set the error-free second rate to 2 seconds. | | | | |
| Response: The new value entered displays on the MAP in the test di area. | | The new value entered displays on the MAP in the test display area. | | | |
| | Explanation: | The system changed the rate. | | | |

parmset (end)

Response

The following table provides an explanation of the response to the parmset command.

| Response for the parmset command | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | | | | |
| The new values entered display on the MAP in the test display area. | | | | | |
| Meaning: The new values entered display on the MAP in the test display area. | | | | | |
| Action: None | | | | | |

process

Function

Use the process command to process a BERP result file and produce a report file based on the path data.

| process command parameters and variables | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|----------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|--|
| Command | Parameters | arameters and variables | | | | | |
| process | inname | indevice | outname | outdevice | errored format worst cards | number number | |
| Parameters and variables | Descrip | otion | | | | | |
| cards | This pa | rameter directs | s the system t | o sort by carc | ls. | | |
| errored | This pa | This parameter directs the system to sort by errored paths. | | | | | |
| format | This pa | This parameter directs the system to sort by format. | | | | | |
| indevice | This va | This variable is the device on which the input file resides. | | | | | |
| inname | This va | This variable is the name of the input file. | | | | | |
| number | This va are 0-10 | This variable is the number against which the results are sorted. Valid entries are 0-100. | | | | | |
| outdevice | This va | This variable is the device on which the output file will reside. | | | | | |
| outname | This va | This variable is the name of the output file. | | | | | |
| worst | This parameter directs the system to sort by worst results. | | | | | | |

Qualifications

None

Example

The following table provides an example of the process command.

process (continued)

| Example of the process command | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | |
| process berpfile sfdev results sfdev errored ↓ where | | | |
| berpfile sfdev results sfdev | is the input file is the device on which the input file resides is the output file is the device on which the output file is to be written | | |
| | Task: | Process berpfile and sort it by errored paths. | |
| | Response: | No data to generate the output report. | |
| | Explanation: | The process command read in a result file which contained no errored path records. | |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the process command.

| Responses for the process command | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | | |
| Aborting due to output file problem, reason : <file code="" return=""></file> | | | |
| Meaning: The system experienced an error while writing to the output file. The code for the error condition is given in place of <file code="" return="">.</file> | | | |
| Action: Contact maintenance support personnel. | | | |
| All done. | | | |
| Meaning: The process command has finished generating the output report. | | | |
| Action: None | | | |
| Could not allocate space for sorting the records. No records processed. | | | |
| Meaning: The process command failed to allocate enough space to sort the data and generate any reports. | | | |
| Action: Contact maintenance support personnel. | | | |
| -continued- | | | |

process (continued)

| Responses for the process command (continued) | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | | |
| Could not create the output file, reason is <file code="" return="">.</file> | | | |
| Meaning: The system experienced an error while attempting to open the output file. A description of the error replaces <file code="" return="">.</file> | | | |
| Action: None | | | |
| Could not open the input file, reason is <file code="" return="">.</file> | | | |
| Meaning: The system experienced an error while attempting to open the input file. A description of the error replaces <file code="" return="">.</file> | | | |
| Action: None | | | |
| Error in the input file, reason is : <file code="" return=""></file> | | | |
| Meaning: The system experienced an error while reading from the input file. The code for the error condition is given in place of <file code="" return="">.</file> | | | |
| Action: None | | | |
| Generating the output report. | | | |
| Meaning: The system is now generating the output report. | | | |
| Action: None | | | |
| Input file does not exist. | | | |
| Meaning: The input file you specified does not exist. | | | |
| Action: Check the file name and retry the command with a valid file name. | | | |
| No data to generate the output report. | | | |
| Meaning: The process command read in a result file which contained no errored path records. | | | |
| Action: None | | | |
| -continued- | | | |

| process (continued) | | | |
|---|---------------------|--|--|
| Responses for the process command (continued) MAP output Meaning and action | | | |
| Number of en | rrored pa | aths read is 3 | |
| | Meaning: | The response gives the number of errored paths read by the process command. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| Number of pa | ath compo | onents to sort is 20 | |
| | Meaning: | The response gives the number of path components read and stored by the process command. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| Output file name unique | already to the c | exists, please reissue the command and specify a file output device. | |
| | Meaning: | The file name you specified for an output file already exists. | |
| | Action: | Retry the command with a unique output file name. | |
| Output file | is not a | a BERP result file. | |
| | Meaning: | The file you specified as an input file is not a BERP file. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| Problem gett | ting the | volume information. | |
| | Meaning: | The volume specified for either the input or output file is not a known volume. | |
| | Action: | Check the volume name and retry the command. | |
| Reading in the input file | | | |
| | Meaning: | The system is reading the input file and storing the path information. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| -continued- | | | |

process (end)

Responses for the process command (continued)

MAP output Meaning and action

Sorting the data . . .

Meaning: The system is now sorting the data.

Action: None

-end-

Function

Use the quit command to exit from the current menu level and return to a previous menu level.

| quit command parameters and variables | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | |
| quit | <u>1</u> all incrname n | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | | |
| 1 | This default parameter causes the system to display the next higher MAP level. | | |
| all | This parameter causes the system to display the CI level from any MAP level. | | |
| incrname | This variable causes the system to exit the specified level and all sublevels. The system displays the next level higher than the one specified. Values for <i>incrname</i> are menu level names, such as lns, mtc, or mapci. | | |
| n | This variable identifies a specified number of retreat levels from the current level. The range of retreat levels is 0-6. However, the system cannot accept a level number higher than the number of the current level. | | |

Qualifications

None

Examples

The following table provides examples of the quit command.

| Examples of the quit command | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | |
| quit ₊ | | | |
| | Task: | Exit from the BERP level to the previous menu level. | |
| | Response: | The display changes to the display of a higher level menu. | |
| | Explanation: | The BERP level has changed to the previous menu level. | |
| | | -continued- | |

quit

quit (continued)

| Examples of the quit command (continued) | | |
|---|---------------------------------|---|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | |
| quit mtc . where | Ч | |
| mtc specifies the level higher than the BERP level to be exited | | |
| | Task: | Return to the MAPCI level (one menu level higher than MTC). |
| | Response: | The display changes to the MAPCI menu display: |
| | | MAPCI: |
| | Explanation: | The BERP level has returned to the MAPCI level. |
| | | -end- |

Responses

The following table provides an explanation of the responses to the quit command.

| Responses for the quit command | | |
|---|--------------------|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| CI: | | |
| | Meaning: | The system exited all MAP menu levels and returned to the CI level. |
| | Action: | None |
| QUIT Unable to quit requested number of levels Last parameter evaluated was: 1 | | |
| | Meaning: | You entered an invalid level number. The number you entered exceeds the number of MAP levels from which to quit. |
| | Action: | Reenter the command using an appropriate level number. |
| The system rep | laces the B | ERP level menu with a menu that is two or more MAP levels higher. |
| | Meaning: | You entered the quit command with an <i>n</i> variable value of 2 or more or an <i>incrname</i> variable value corresponding to two or more levels higher. |
| | Action: | None |
| -continued- | | |

quit (end)

Responses for the quit command (continued)

MAP output Meaning and action

The system replaces the display of the BERP level with the display of the next higher MAP level.

Meaning: The system exited to the next higher MAP level.

Action: None

-end-

reset

Function

Use the reset command to reset all statistical counters to zero. The following counts are reset:

- number of calls made
- number of error-free calls
- number of errored calls
- number of set-up failures
- number of failures to seize lines
- number of no sync found calls
- number of calls with a BER worse than the user-specified volume
- number of calls with more than the user-specified number of error-free seconds

| reset command parameters and variables | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Command | arameters and variables | | |
| reset | all | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | | |
| all | This default parameter directs the system to reset all statistical counters. | | |

Qualifications

None

reset (continued)

Example

The following table provides an example of the reset command.

| Example of the reset command | | | |
|------------------------------|---|------------|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | |
| reset | | | |
| | Task: Reset the statistical counters. | | |
| | Response: | | |
| | Test summary | | |
| | Call duration: 1 MinuDelay between calls is: 0 Minu | tes tes | |
| | Number of calls made: 0Number of error free calls: 0Number of errored calls: 0Number of call setup failures: 0Number of failures to seize lines: 0Number of no sync found calls: 0Calls with a BER worse than 1*10E-7: 0Calls with more than 3 errored seconds: 0 | | |
| | Explanation: The system resets the statistical counters. | | |

reset (end)

Response

The following table provides an explanation of the response to the reset command.

Response for the reset command MAP output Meaning and action Test summary _____ Delay between calls is : 1 Minutes : 0 Minutes Number of calls made : 0 Number of error free calls : 0 Number of errored calls : 0 Number of call setup failures : 0 Number of failures to seize lines Number of no sync found calls : 0 : 0 Calls with a BER worse than 1*10E-7 : 0 Calls with more than 3 errored seconds : 0 Meaning: The system resets the statistical counters. Action: None

review

Function

Use the review command to review the relevant test set up information about a BERP test.

| review command parameters and variables | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| review | There are no parameters or variables. | |

Qualifications

None

review (continued)

Example

The following table provides an example of the review command.

| Example of the review command | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | |
| review 🚽 | | |
| | Task: | Display the test set up information about a BERP test. |
| | Response: | Tests are currently Stopped |
| | | Call length is set at : 1 Minutes Delay between calls is set at 0 Minutes |
| | | A minimum of 1 calls are to be made. |
| | | You have selected 1 IBERTS for use, they are : |
| | | HOST 00 0 02 11 |
| | | 2 Data Line Cards have been selected for the IBERTS to connect to. They are at : |
| | | HOST 00 0 00 07 HOST 00 0 08 05 |
| | | No start time has been selected. No stop time has been selected. |
| | | Output file has been defined as BERPFILE on SFDEV. |
| | | Errored calls will be traced. |
| | Explanation: | The requested information is displayed. |

Response

The following table provides an explanation of the response to the review command.

review (end)

| Response for the review command | | |
|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning a | and action | |
| Tests are currently | Stopped | |
| Call length is set at : 1 Minutes Delay between calls is set at 0 Minutes | | |
| A minimum of 10 call | ls are to be made. | |
| You have selected 1 | IBERTS for use, they are : | |
| HOST 00 0 02 11 | | |
| 2 Data Line Cards have been selected for the IBERTS to connect to. They are at : | | |
| HOST 00 0 00 07 HOST 00 0 08 05 | | |
| No start time has be No stop time has bee | een selected. en selected. | |
| Output file has been | n defined as BERPFILE on SFDEV. | |
| Errored calls will b | be traced. | |
| Meaning: | The system displays the following information about the BERT test: | |
| | The current test status. | |
| | The length of each call. | |
| | The length of the delay between calls. | |
| | The number of calls in the test. If a minimum of 0 calls are to be made, a message will display that calls will be continuously set up until a stop command is issued. | |
| | • The number of IBERT cards to be used in the test and their physical location in the switch. | |
| | The number of data line cards to be used in the tests and their physical location in the switch. | |
| | The start time of the test. | |
| | The stop time of the test. | |
| | The output file to be used. | |
| . | Which, if any, calls will be traced. | |
| Action: | None | |

select

Function

Use the select command to select the IBERTs to be used by BERP.

| select command parameters and variables | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | |
| select | $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | |
| select (continued) | $ \begin{array}{c} (1) \\ (2) \\ (3) \\ (4) \\ (4) \\ (5) \\ (6) \\ (7) \\ (8) \\ (9) \end{array} $ (end) | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | | |
| add | This parameter directs the system to add an IBERT to the test set. | | |
| all | This parameter directs the system to select all the IBERTs. | | |
| circuit | This variable is the circuit number. Valid entries are 0-99. | | |
| clear | This parameter directs the system to clear all previously selected IBERTs. | | |
| drawer | This variable is the drawer number. Valid entries are 0-31. | | |
| dtu | This parameter directs the system to select an IBERT identified by data test unit (DTU). | | |
| frame | This variable is the frame number. Valid entries are 0-511. | | |
| ilc | This parameter directs the system to select all IBERT line controllers (ILC). | | |
| | -continued- | | |

select (continued)

| select command parameters and variables (continued) | | |
|---|---|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| I | This parameter directs the system to select one IBERT identified by its site, frame, unit, drawer, and circuit numbers. | |
| number | This variable is the digital test unit (DTU) number. Valid entries are 0-9999. | |
| query | This parameter directs the system to query the selected IBERTs. | |
| remove | This parameter directs the system to remove an IBERT. | |
| site | This variable is the site name. This variable is optional. | |
| unit | This variable is the unit number. Valid entries are 0-9. | |
| -end- | | |

Qualifications

None

Example

The following table provides an example of the select command.

| Example of the select command | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Example | Task, respon | se, and explanation | |
| select I host 0 1 8 8 J where | | | |
| host 0 1 8 8 | is the site name is the frame numb is the unit number is the drawer num is the circuit numb | the site name the frame number the unit number the drawer number the circuit number | |
| | Task: | Select HOST 00 01 08 08 IBERT for use by BERP. | |
| | Response: | IBERT has been reserved for later use by BERP. | |
| | Explanation: | The system added the IBERT to the internal table for use by BERP. | |

select (continued)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the select command.

| Responses for the select command | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| MAP output Meaning | and action |
| 6 IBERTS have been | selected, issue review command to see them. |
| Meaning: | You entered the select all command string. All the IBERTs in the DMS are reserved for use by BERP. |
| Action: | None |
| All selected IBERTs | have been cleared |
| Meaning: | The system cleared the IBERTs. |
| Action: | None |
| Enter SELECT QUERY | to see IBERTs selected |
| Meaning: | The system has added the selected IBERTs. |
| Action: | Use the select query command string to see the selected IBERTs. |
| Failed to obtain an | y (additional) IBERTS. |
| Meaning: | All applicable IBERTS are already selected. |
| Action: | None |
| IBERT has been rese | rved for later use by BERP. |
| Meaning: | The command successfully added the IBERT to the table for use by BERP. |
| Action: | None |
| IBERT not found, no | entry deleted. |
| Meaning: | You entered the select remove command string. The IBERT was not found in the internal table and could not be removed. |
| Action: | None |
| | -continued- |

| | linueuj | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Responses for | r the select | t command (continued) |
| MAP output | Meaning | and action |
| IBERT removed from use by BERP. | | |
| | Meaning: | The command successfully removed the IBERT from the table. |
| | Action: | None |
| IBERT table | has bee | n cleared. |
| | Meaning: | You entered the select clear command string. The system cleared the internal table. |
| | Action: | None |
| Input LEN i | s not fo | r an IBERT Line Card. |
| | Meaning: | You entered an invalid variable. |
| | Action: | Check the line equipment number (LEN), and retry the command. |
| Invalid IBE HOST 00 01 | RT Line 1 21 08 | Equipment number entered |
| | Meaning: | You entered an invalid variable. |
| | Action: | Check the LEN, and retry the command. |
| No IBERTS h | ave been | selected for use. |
| | Meaning: | You entered the select query command strings, and no IBERTs have been reserved for use. |
| | Action: | None |
| No more roo | No more room to store this IBERT. | |
| | Meaning: | The internal table is full. |
| | Action: | Use the select remove or the select clear command strings to make room in the table. Then select the IBERT again, or run the test using the currently selected IBERTs. |
| -continued- | | |

select (end)

| Responses for the select command (continued) | |
|--|---|
| MAP output | Meaning and action |
| This IBERT | is already in the table. |
| | Meaning: You entered the select add command string and specified an IBERT that was already selected. |
| | Action: None |
| Unknown lin | e card input ignored. |
| | Meaning: You entered an invalid variable. |
| | Action: Check the LEN, and retry the command. |
| You have selected 1 IBERTS for use, they are : HOST 00 01 08 08 | |
| | Meaning: You entered the select query command string, and the system displays the list of selected IBERTs. |
| | Action: None |
| -end- | |
sortkey

Function

Use the sortkey command to specify the sort key to use for nodes.

| sortkey command parameters and variables | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | |
| sortkey | addkey $\begin{bmatrix} net & net_key \\ tm & tm_key \\ ltc & ltc_key \\ enet & enet_key \\ lm & lm_key \\ lcm & lcm_key \\ dcm & dcm_key \\ rcc & rcc_key \\ iac & iac_key \\ smsr & smsr_key \end{bmatrix}$ delkey $\begin{bmatrix} net & net_key \\ tm & tm_key \\ ltc & ltc_key \\ lm & lm_key \\ enet & enet_key \\ lcm & lcm_key \\ dcm & dcm_key \\ rcc & rcc_key \\ iac & iac_key \\ smsr & smsr_key \end{bmatrix}$ addnode $node_type$ all $clear$ query $node_type$ | | |
| Parameters and variables | s Description | | |
| addkey | This parameter directs the system to add a sort key. | | |
| addnode | This parameter directs the system to add a node type. | | |
| all | This parameter directs the system to add the default sort keys for all node types. | | |
| clear | This parameter directs the system to clear the sort keys. | | |
| delkey | This parameter directs the system to delete a sort key. | | |
| | -continued- | | |

sortkey (continued)

| sortkey command parameters and variables (continued) | | |
|--|---|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| delnode | This parameter directs the system to delete a node type. | |
| dcm | This parameter directs the system to add or delete a dcm sort key. | |
| dcm_key | This variable is the dcm sort key. Valid entries are pl, pcl, cl, plch, clch. | |
| enet | This parameter directs the system to add or delete an enet sort key. | |
| enet_key | This variable is the enet sort key. Valid entries are lk, lkchl. | |
| iac | This parameter directs the system to add or delete an iac sort key. | |
| iac_key | This variable is the iac sort key. Valid entries are pl, cl, plch, clch, upl, ucl, pcl. | |
| lcm | This parameter directs the system to add or delete an lcm sort key. | |
| lcm_key | This variable is the lcm sort key. Valid entries are Is, Isch, cl, clch, u, ucl, uls. | |
| lm | This parameter directs the system to add or delete an Im sort key. | |
| lm_key | This variable is the Im sort key. Valid entries are cl, pcl. | |
| ltc | This parameter directs the system to add or delete an Itc sort key. | |
| ltc_key | This variable is the ltc sort key. Valid entries are pl, cl, plch, upl, ucl, pcl. | |
| net | This parameter directs the system to add or delete a net sort key. | |
| net_key | This variable is the net sort key. Valid entries are lk, lkch, jr, jrch, xp, xpch. | |
| node_type | This variable is the node type. Valid entries are net, tm, ltc, lm, lcm, dcm, rcc, iac, smsr, enet. | |
| query | This parameter directs the system to query the sort keys. | |
| rcc | This parameter directs the system to add or delete an rcc sort key. | |
| rcc_key | This variable is the rcc sort key. Valid entries are pl, cl, plch, clch, upl, ucl. | |
| smsr | This parameter directs the system to add or delete an smsr sort key. | |
| | -continued- | |

sortkey (continued)

| sortkey command parameters and variables (continued) | | |
|--|--|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| smsr_key | This variable is the smsr sort key. Valid entries are pl, cl, plch, clch, upl, ucl, pcl. | |
| tm | This parameter directs the system to add or delete a tm sort key. | |
| tm_key | This variable is the tm sort key. Valid entries are ch, p. | |
| -end- | | |

Qualifications

None

Example

The following table provides an example of the sortkey command.

| Example of the sortkey command | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | |
| sortkey addko where | ey smsr plch ₊ | | |
| plch is | is the smsr sortkey | | |
| | Task: | Define the node type sort using p-side link and channel. | |
| | Response: | Sortkey added. | |
| | Explanation: | The system adds the specified sort key. | |

sortkey (continued)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the sortkey command.

| Responses for the sortkey command | | |
|---|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| Default sortkeys added for all nodetypes. | | |
| Meaning: You used the sortkey all command string, and the system added the default sort keys for all node types. | | |
| Action: None | | |
| Default sortkeys added for nodetype. | | |
| Meaning: The system added the default sort keys for the specified node type. | | |
| Action: None | | |
| Default sortkeys already specified. | | |
| Meaning: The default sort keys are already specified. | | |
| Action: None | | |
| Sortkey added. | | |
| Meaning: The system added the specified sort key. | | |
| Action: None | | |
| Sortkey removed. | | |
| Meaning: The system removed the specified sort key. | | |
| Action: None | | |
| Sortkeys removed for nodetype. | | |
| Meaning: The system deleted the specified node type. | | |
| Action: None | | |
| -continued- | | |

sortkey (end)

| Responses for the sortkey command (continued) | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action | |
| Sortkeys re | Sortkeys removed for all nodetypes. | | |
| | Meaning: | You used the sortkey clear command string, and the system removed all the sort keys for all node types. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| тм: Сн | | | |
| DCM: PL CL | | | |
| NET: LK JR | | | |
| LTC: PL CL | | | |
| IAC: PL CL | | | |
| RCC: PL CL | | | |
| ENET: LK | | | |
| LM: CL | | | |
| LCM: LS CL | | | |
| SMSR: PL CL | | | |
| | Meaning: | You used the sortkey query command string. The system displays the sort keys. | |
| | Action: | None | |
| -end- | | | |

start

Function

Use the start command to issue a request to start up the tests. If there is no start time specified the tests will start right away. If there is a start time specified the tests will start then. This command is also used to clear the test which has a test status of waiting.

| start command parameters and variables | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| start | There are no parameters or variables. | |

Qualifications

Since there may be a time delay between a test being checked and the issuing of a start command, the same data validity and consistency checks are performed as though the check command has been reissued.

Example

The following table provides an example of the start command.

| Example of the start command | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | |
| start 🗸 | | |
| | Task: | Set the tests to start at the set start time. |
| | Response: | Start time has been set. |
| | Explanation: | The system didn't encounter any problems in setting up the start time for a later start. |

start (continued)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the start command.

| Responses for the start command | | |
|--|---|--|
| MAP output Meaning | and action | |
| A test is waiting to begin, you must issue the STOP command first. | | |
| Meaning | The system was already waiting to start this test. | |
| Action: | Enter the stop command, or allow the previously scheduled tests to run. | |
| Start time has been | set. | |
| Meaning | The system did not encounter any problems in setting up the start time for a later start. | |
| Action: | None | |
| Tests are already r | unning, you must issue the STOP command first. | |
| Meaning | You entered a start command on a test that was already running. | |
| Action: | Enter the stop command, or allow the test to finish. | |
| Test are being stop starting another. | ped, wait until they have fully stopped before | |
| Meaning | You entered the start command on a test that was in the process of stopping. | |
| Action: | Allow the test to fully stop. | |
| Tests have been sta | rted. | |
| Meaning | No problems have been encountered in trying to start the test. | |
| Action: | None | |
| Unable to start the | test <mailbox code="" return=""></mailbox> | |
| Meaning | A problem was encountered in trying to start the test. | |
| Action: | Contact maintenance support personnel with the number in the <mailbox code="" return="">.</mailbox> | |
| -continued- | | |

start (end)

| Responses for the start command (continued) | | |
|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning | and action | |
| Unable to set the s | tart time for the test <mailbox code="" return=""></mailbox> | |
| Meaning | : A problem was encountered in setting up the test process. | |
| Action: | Contact maintenance support personnel with the number in the <mailbox code="" return="">.</mailbox> | |
| Unexpected message type received, MT = <message type=""></message> | | |
| Meaning | The system attempted to set up the start time for a later start. The system detected an invalid response in the test process. The <message type=""> is replaced by the message type.</message> | |
| Action: | Contact maintenance support personnel with the message type output. | |
| | -end- | |

stop

Function

Use the stop command to issue a request to stop a currently running test. Any calls that are active will be taken down. The calls will not be considered to be part of the test and will not be included in the test statistics. If they are errored, their paths will not be traced.

| stop command parameters and variables | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | |
| stop | There are no parameters or variables. | |

Qualifications

None

Example

The following table provides an example of the stop command.

| Example of the stop command | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | |
| stop | | | |
| | Task: | Stop the current tests. | |
| | Response: | Tests stopped. | |
| | Explanation: | The system did not encounter any problems and is in the process of stopping the tests. | |

stop (end)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the stop command.

| Responses for the stop command | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action | | | | | |
| No test is | No test is currently running. | | | | | | |
| | Meaning | You entered a stop command and no test is running. | | | | | |
| | Action: | None | | | | | |
| Tests are i | n the pr | ocess of stopping, be patient. | | | | | |
| | Meaning | You entered a stop command on a test that was in the process of stopping. | | | | | |
| | Action: | None | | | | | |
| Tests stopp | ed. | | | | | | |
| | Meaning | The system did not encounter any problems and is in the process of stopping the tests. | | | | | |
| | Action: | None | | | | | |
| Unable to s | top the | test RC = <mailbox code="" return=""></mailbox> | | | | | |
| | Meaning | The system could not successfully clear the request. The <mailbox code="" return=""> is replaced by a code indicating the error encountered.</mailbox> | | | | | |
| | Action: | Contact maintenance support personnel with the number in the <mailbox code="" return="">.</mailbox> | | | | | |
| Unexpected 1 | message | type received, MT = <message type=""></message> | | | | | |
| | Meaning | The test process responded with an invalid message. The <message type=""> is replaced by a definitive message type.</message> | | | | | |
| | Action: | Contact maintenance support personnel with the message type. | | | | | |

Function

Use the summary command to display the last known test results.

| summary command parameters and variables | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | |
| summary | There are no parameters or variables. | | |

Qualifications

The summary command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions, and limitations:

- The reason the last test was stopped will only appear if the test status is stopped.
- The test results for any test will be cleared whenever the test status changes from stopped.
- When any command is issued which changes a parameter of the test set up, it will change the test status from stopped and clear the test results.

summary (continued)

Example

The following table provides an example of the summary command.

| Example of the summary command | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|---|---|---------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | | | | |
| summary ↓ | | | | | | |
| | Task: | Display a summary of the last known to | əst ı | es | ults. | |
| | Response: | | | | | |
| | Test summar | | | | | |
| | Call duration Delay between calls is | | | 1 0 | Minutes Minutes | |
| | Number of a Number of a Number of a Number of a Number of a Calls with Calls with | calls made error free calls errored calls call setup failures failures to seize lines to sync found calls a BER worse than 1*10E-7 more than 3 errored seconds | ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::: | 3 1 2 0 1 1 0 | | |
| | Last test s | stopped when end criteria was The system displays the requested info | met orma | z. atic | n. | |

Response

The following table provides an explanation of the response to the summary command.

| Response for the summary command | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | | | | | |
| Test summary | | | | | | |
| Call duration | : 1 Minutes | | | | | |
| Delay between calls is | : O Minutes | | | | | |
| Number of calls made | : 3 | | | | | |
| Number of error free calls | : 1 | | | | | |
| Number of errored calls | : 2 | | | | | |
| Number of call setup failures | : 0 | | | | | |
| Number of failures to seize lines | : 0 | | | | | |
| Number of no sync found calls | : 1 | | | | | |
| Calls with a BER worse than 1*10E-7 | : 1 | | | | | |
| Calls with more than 3 errored second | s : 0 | | | | | |
| Last test stopped when end criteria w | as met. | | | | | |
| Meaning: The system displays the results of the most recent test. Other reasons the last test was stopped include: | | | | | | |
| last test stopped du | e to a user issued stop command | | | | | |
| last test stopped due to a file error, <return code="">, where <return code=""> is replaced by a code indicating the type of problem encountered</return></return> last test aborted due to a data error, issue check command to see the error | | | | | | |
| Action: Correct the problem ide due to a file error. Use test was aborted due to | ntifed by the return code if the test was stopped the check command to identify the error if the a data error. | | | | | |

BERT level commands

Use the network bit error rate test (BERT) level of the MAP to measure the overall performance of the hardware components which form the enhanced network (ENET) switching matrix by querying information, defining parameters, and performing functions for a BERT.

Accessing the BERT level

To access the BERT level, enter the following from the CI level: mapci;mtc;net:bert →

or

mapci;mtc;mtcna;enet;bert -J

BERT commands

The commands available at the BERT MAP level are described in this chapter and arranged in alphabetical order. The page number for each command is listed in the following table.

| BERT commands | |
|---------------|-------|
| Command | Page |
| clear | B-89 |
| define | B-93 |
| display | B-99 |
| post | B-105 |
| quit | B-107 |
| start | B-111 |
| stop | B-117 |

BERT menu

The following figure shows the BERT menu and status display.

| CM | MS | IOD | Net | РМ | ccs | LNS | Trks | Ext | APPL |
|---|----------------------------------|--------------------|--|---------------------|--|------------------------|--|-----------------|--------------------------|
| • | • | • | • | • | | • | • | | • |
| BERT 0 Quit 2 Post_ 3 Display_ 4 Define_ 5 Clear_ 6 Start_ 7 Stop_ 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 | ENET Plane BERT 0 Plane | 0 1 Er: 0 | System Bloc Bloc Observed ror Rate 10E-09 | Mat k Bl k Bl | rix Sl ock Elapse me(hhh 001:3 | helf d \mm) 0 | 0 1 2 3 M M Percent Complete 50 | Opt Err 1 | imum or Rate 0E-09 |

BERT status codes

The following table describes the status codes for the BERT status display.

| Status codes BERT menu status display | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| Code | Meaning | Description | | |
| Observed Error F | Rate | | | |
| 10E- <n></n> | measured error rate | The bit error rate measured by the test. If equal to the optimum error rate, no errors have been detected. | | |
| Elapsed Time | | | | |
| <hhh mm=""></hhh> | hours and minutes | This field indicates the amount of time, expressed in hours and minutes, for which the posted test has been running. | | |
| -continued- | | | | |

| Status codes B | Status codes BERT menu status display (continued) | | | | | |
|-----------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Code | Meaning | Description | | | | |
| Percent Comple | te | | | | | |
| 0-100 | percent complete | This field indicates the amount of time for which the test has been running, expressed as a percentage of the total time specified in the test definition. The completion rate is updated at one minute intervals. | | | | |
| Optimum Error F | Rate | | | | | |
| 10E- <n></n> | optimum error rate | The optimum bit error rate for the test. This figure represents the highest bit error rate which can be verified, given the amount of data already sent. This field is updated as the test is run. | | | | |
| -end- | | | | | | |

clear

Function

Use the clear command to clear all information in the BERT record, clear any specific port from the BERT record, or clear any user definition from the BERT record.

| clear command parameters and variables | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Command | arameters and variables | | | | | | |
| clear | bert_nobertshelfshelf_nocardslot_noportshelf_noslot_noport_noconnshelf_noslot_noport_noshelf_noslot_no | (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) | | | | | |
| clear (continued) | (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) <i>slot_no port_no</i> (end) | | | | | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | | | | | | |
| bert | This parameter directs the system to all information for a BERT record. If y attempt to clear a BERT defined by another user, you will be prompted for confirmation first. | This parameter directs the system to all information for a BERT record. If you attempt to clear a BERT defined by another user, you will be prompted for confirmation first. | | | | | |
| bert_no | This variable specifies a defined BERT record. Valid entries are 0-7. | This variable specifies a defined BERT record. Valid entries are 0-7. | | | | | |
| card | This parameter directs the system to clear any defined ports on this card from the BERT definition. | | | | | | |
| conn | This parameter directs the system to clear a pair of path ends from the BERT definition. | | | | | | |
| port | This parameter directs the system to clear a port from the BERT definition. | | | | | | |
| port_no | This variable specifies a port on a paddle board. Valid entries are 0-3. | | | | | | |
| shelf | This parameter directs the system to clear any defined ports on this shelf from the BERT definition. | | | | | | |
| shelf_no | This variable specifies a shelf of the ENET. Valid entries are 0-3. | | | | | | |
| slot_no | This variable specifies a link interface paddle board. Valid entries are 10-32 | 2. | | | | | |

clear (continued)

Qualifications

None

Examples

The following table provides examples of the clear command.

| Examples of the clear command | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Example | Task, respo | Task, response, and explanation | | | |
| clear 6 bert where | t –l | | | | |
| 6 | is the BERT nun | nber | | | |
| | Task: | Clear all information for BERT record 6. | | | |
| | Response: | BERT number 6 has been cleared | | | |
| | Explanation | The system cleared the information for BERT record 6. | | | |
| clear0 shelf where | 3 ⊣ | | | | |
| 0 3 | is the BERT record is the shelf numb | ord number oer | | | |
| | Task: | Clear the user port definition of shelf 3 from BERT record 0. | | | |
| | Response: | Shelf: 03 has now been cleared for BERT 0 | | | |
| | Explanation | The system cleared the port definition for shelf 3 from BERT record 0. | | | |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the clear command.

| Responses for the clear command | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | | | | |
| BERT 0 is in the running state. It must first be stopped before it can be cleared. | | | | | |
| Meaning: A BERT record cannot be altered while it is in the running state. | | | | | |
| Action: Wait for the BERT to complete, or use the stop command to halt the test and reenter the clear command. | | | | | |
| BERT 0 is not defined. | | | | | |
| Meaning: The clear command was issued for an undefined BERT record. | | | | | |
| Action: Reenter the clear command using a valid BERT record. | | | | | |
| BERT number 6 has been cleared | | | | | |
| or | | | | | |
| Shelf: 03 has now been cleared for BERT 0 | | | | | |
| Meaning: The system cleared the requested record or definition. | | | | | |
| Action: None | | | | | |
| WARNING: BERT number 0 was defined by the user NTAS. Please confirm (`YES' or `NO') | | | | | |
| Meaning: Another user initialized this BERT record. | | | | | |
| Action: Enter yes to clear the record. Enter no to abort the command. | | | | | |
| -end- | | | | | |

define

Function

Use the define command to initialize an undefined BERT record, add user definitions to the BERT record, set the loop around type for subsequent user definitions, or write the hit information for a completed BERT to the corresponding BERT buffer.

| define command parameters and variables | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Command | irameters and variables | | | | | | |
| define | bert_nobertplane_no(1)shelfshelf_no(2)cardslot_no(3)connshelf_noslot_noportshelf_noslot_noportshelf_noslot_no[loopexternal(6)internal(7)buffer(8) | | | | | | |
| define (continued) | (1) (2) (3) (4) slot_no port_no (5) (6) (7) (8) (end) | | | | | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | | | | | | |
| bert | This parameter initializes the BERT test record. | | | | | | |
| bert_no | This variable specifies a defined BERT record. Valid entries are 0-7. | | | | | | |
| buffer | This parameter specifies that the hit information for a completed BERT be written into the corresponding BERT buffer. These hits may be imported for further diagnostic action from the PATHTEST level. | | | | | | |
| card | This parameter selects all the ports on a card for inclusion in the user definition of the BERT record. | | | | | | |
| conn | This parameter selects a two-way connection for inclusion in the user definition of the BERT record. | ١ | | | | | |
| | -continued- | | | | | | |

| define command parameters and variables (continued) | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | | | | |
| external | This parameter specifies external loop around for any subsequent user definitions | | | | |
| internal | This parameter resets the loop around for subsequent user definitions to the default type of internal. | | | | |
| Іоор | This parameter allows you to set the loop around type for subsequent user definition in the BERT record. | | | | |
| plane_no | This variable specifies the plane of the ENET. Valid entries are 0-1. | | | | |
| port | This parameter selects a single port for inclusion in the user definition of the BERT record. | | | | |
| port_no | This variable specifies a port on a paddle board. Valid entries are 0-3. | | | | |
| shelf | This parameter selects all the ports of a shelf for inclusion in the user definition of the BERT record. | | | | |
| shelf_no | This variable specifies the shelf of the ENET. Valid entries are 0-3. | | | | |
| slot_no | This variable specifies the link interface paddle board. Valid entries are 10-32. | | | | |
| | -end- | | | | |

Qualifications

The define command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions and limitations:

- In order to fully define the operational parameters of a BERT, it may be necessary to issue the define command a number of times for the BERT record. You can monitor the cumulative effects using the display command.
- Although the BERT software allows the definition of a test on a single port, this is not a supported test option. The amount of time required to run such a test using a reasonable target error rate is prohibitive.
- Any user definitions in the test record will be ignored if the test is started using the default parameter.
- External-type loop around is not supported for DS-30 ports.
- A BERT record must be initialized using the parameter BERT before any other define options may be used.

- The buffer parameter may only be used for a BERT that has been run successfully.
- Ports specified in adding user definitions to the BERT record will be considered for inclusion in the connection map, if the BERT is started as a user type test.

Examples

The following table provides examples of the define command.

| Examples of the define command | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Example | Task, respon | Task, response, and explanation | | | |
| define 3 bert 1 ↓ where | | | | | |
| 3 1 | is the BERT record number is the BERT plane number | | | | |
| | Task: | Initialize the previously undefined BERT record 3 to run on plane 1. | | | |
| | Response: | BERT number 3 has been defined by user: NTAS | | | |
| | Explanation: | You have successfully initialized the BERT record. | | | |
| define3 shelf 2 , J where | | | | | |
| 3 2 | is the BERT record number is the BERT shelf number | | | | |
| - | Task: | Add the ports in shelf 2 to the user definition of BERT record 3. | | | |
| | Response: | Shelf: 02 is now defined for BERT number 3. | | | |
| | Explanation: | Valid ports in shelf 2 will be added to the connection map of BERT 3, if it is started with the user parameter. | | | |

| Examples of the define command (continued) | | | | |
|--|---------------------------|---|--|--|
| Example | Task, respon | se, and explanation | | |
| define 3 where | loop external | | | |
| 3 | is the BERT record number | | | |
| | Task: | Change the loop around type for subsequent user definitions to BERT 3 to external. | | |
| | Response: | Loop type is now defined as EXTERNAL. | | |
| | Explanation: | Subsequent ports added to the user definition for BERT record 3 will use external loop around, if they are equipped with a DS-512 fiber cable for this purpose. | | |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the define command.

 Responses for the define command

 MAP output
 Meaning and action

 BERT 0 is in the running state.

 It must first be stopped before it can be redefined.

 Meaning: A BERT record may not be modified while the BERT is running.

 Action:
 Wait for the test to finish, or use the stop command.

 BERT 0 is not defined.

 It must first be defined before ports can be defined.

 Meaning: A BERT record must be initialized using the BERT parameter before the user definition portion of the BERT record may be altered.

 Action:
 Issue the define command using the bert parameter to initialize the BERT record.

| Responses for the define command (continued) | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | | |
| BERT number 0 has been defined by user: NTAS | | | |
| Meaning: You have successfully initialized a BERT record. | | | |
| Action: None | | | |
| BERT number 0 is currently defined by user: ITAS. The BERT must be cleared before it can be redefined. | | | |
| Meaning: A BERT record cannot be initialized using the bert parameter if it is already defined. | | | |
| Action: Use the clear command to clear the BERT record if you wish to reinitialize the record. | | | |
| Connection can not be defined. | | | |
| Meaning: An error was encountered in defining a connection. | | | |
| Action: Ensure that the ports you specified are valid for connection. | | | |
| Loop type is now defined as EXTERNAL. | | | |
| Meaning: Subsequent ports added to the user definition for BERT the specified record will use external loop around, if they are equipped with a DS-512 fiber cable for this purpose. | | | |
| Action: None | | | |
| Shelf: 02 is now defined for BERT number 3. | | | |
| Meaning: Valid ports in the specified shelf will be added to the connection map of the specified BERT record, if it is started with the user parameter. | | | |
| Action: None | | | |
| The specified port does not exist on this type of paddle board. | | | |
| Meaning: An attempt was made to specify a port number greater than 0 for a DS-30 link interface paddle board. | | | |
| Action: Reenter the command, specifying a valid port on the specified card. | | | |
| -continued- | | | |

define (end)

 Responses for the define command (continued)

 MAP output
 Meaning and action

 This port is already used by BERT 0.
 Image: An attempt was made to define a port which is included in the BERT record for another BERT.

 Action:
 Clear the port from the other BERT record.

 -end

Function

Use the display command to obtain information about a specified BERT, or about all BERT records.

| display command parameters and variables | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Command F | Parameters and variables | | | | |
| display | bert_no shelftest cardtest shelf_no porttest shelf_no conninfo shelf_no portinfo shelf_no portinfo shelf_no shelfhits shelf_no hits connections bertinfo buffer summary | | | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | | | | |
| bert_no | This variable specifies a BERT record. Valid entries are 0-7. The default is the posted BERT. | | | | |
| bertinfo | This parameter displays information for the specified BERT number. | | | | |
| buffer | This parameter displays information for the specified BERT buffer. This parameter is only valid for a BERT on which the define buffer command has been successfully executed. | | | | |
| cardtest | This parameter displays the cards included in the user definition of the specified BERT. | | | | |
| connections | This parameter displays the connection map used for the run of this BERT. | | | | |
| conninfo | This parameter displays the connection established during the run of the BERT for the specified port. This parameter is only valid for a BERT which has been successfully run. | | | | |
| hits | This parameter displays the connections on which hits were recorded. This parameter is only valid for a BERT which has been successfully run. | | | | |
| portinfo | This parameter displays a port information record for the specified port. | | | | |
| -continued- | | | | | |

| display command parameters and variables (continued) | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | | | |
| port_no | This variable specifies the port of a paddle board. Valid entries are 0-3. | | | |
| porttest | This parameter displays the ports included in the user definition of the specified BERT. | | | |
| shelfhits | This parameter displays the hits for the ports on the specified shelf. This parameter is only valid for a BERT which has been successfully run. | | | |
| shelf_no | This variable specifies an ENET shelf. Valid entries are 0-3. | | | |
| shelftest | This parameter displays the shelves included in the user definition of the specified BERT. | | | |
| slot_no | This variable specifies a link interface paddle board. Valid entries are 10-32. | | | |
| summary | This parameter displays summary information for all BERTs. This is the default option if the display command is issued without specifying a BERT record. | | | |
| -end- | | | | |

Qualifications

None

Examples

The following table provides examples of the display command.

| Examples of the display command | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | | | |
| display summary | | | | | |
| | Task: Display general information about all BERT records | | | | |
| | Response: | | | | |
| | BERT Number DefinedDefined by OPERATORStatusTotalhits0YESOPERATORRUNNING61YESTEAM9STOPPED02YESMAP3RUNNING03NO4NO5NO6NO7NOFreplanation: | | | | |
| display 6 car where | dtest 1 ↓ | | | | |
| 6 is 1 is | 6 is the BERT record number1 is the shelf number | | | | |
| | Task:Determine which cards on shelf 1 are included in the user definition for BERT number 6. | | | | |
| | Response: | | | | |
| | BERT number:6 Cards tested Shelf 01 Slot 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | | | | |
| Explanation: The system displays the requested information. Cards on the display flagged with a Y are included in the user definition for this shelf in this BERT. | | | | | |
| -continued- | | | | | |

| Examples of t | ne display comma | and (continue | ed) | |
|-----------------------|--|---------------|-----------|---|
| Example | Task, response | , and expla | nation | |
| display 6 cc where | nnections ₊J | | | |
| 6 is | the BERT record i | number | | |
| | Task: Dis | play the con | nection n | map used during the run of BERT number 0. |
| | Response: | | | |
| | BERT number 0 connection information: Shelf Slot Link Shelf Slot Link | | | |
| | 0 10 0 | 0 | 32 | 3 |
| | 0 10 1 | . 0 | 32 | 2 |
| | | 2 0 | 32 | 1 |
| | 0 10 3 | s 0 | 32 | U |
| | Explanation: The system displays the requested information. | | | |
| | | | -end- | - |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the display command.

| Responses for the display command | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------|--------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------------|
| MAP output | Meaning ar | nd action | | | |
| BERT Number | Defined | Defined by | Status | Total | hits |
| 0 | YES | OPERATOR | RUNNING | 6 | |
| 1 | YES | TEAM9 | STOPPED | 0 | |
| 2 | YES | MAP3 | RUNNING | 0 | |
| 3 | NO | - | - | - | |
| 4 | NO | - | - | - | |
| 5 | NO | - | - | - | |
| 6 | NO | - | - | - | |
| 7 | NO | - | - | - | |
| | Meaning: T | he system displays | s information | about all the | e BERT records in response |

Meaning: The system displays information about all the BERT records in response to the display summary command string.

Action: None

-continued-

| Responses for the display command (continued) | | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | | |
| BERT number: Shelf 01 Slc | 6 Cards t 1 1 1 0 1 2 Y Y Y | tested 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 Y N N Y N N Y Y Y Y Y N | |
| - | Meaning: Action: | The system produces this display in response to the display cardtest command string. Cards on the display flagged with a Y are included in the user definition for this shelf in this BERT. | |
| BERT number Shelf Slot I 0 10 0 10 0 10 0 10 | 0 conne Jink S 0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0 | ction information: helf Slot Link 32 3 32 2 32 1 32 0 | |
| | Meaning: Action: | The system displays the connection information. None | |
| A BERT is no You must spe | ot curre ecify a | ntly posted and a BERT number was not specified. BERT number, or first post a BERT. | |
| | Meaning | All parameters of the display command except summary require that a BERT number be specified, or, that the command is issued with a BERT posted. | |
| | Action: | Reenter the command specifying a BERT number, or post a BERT before issuing the same command. | |
| BERT number 1 Plane: 0 Slot: 10 Port 1. This port is not being tested by this BERT | | | |
| | Meaning: | The display command was issued using the portinfo parameter to request information for a port not currently part of the user definition for this BERT record. | |
| | Action: | Reenter the command for a port which is in the user definition for the current BERT record. | |
| -continued- | | | |

display (end)

 Responses for the display command (continued)

 MAP output
 Meaning and action

 BERT Number 1 Shelf: 1 Slot: 12 Port 1.

 There is no

 connection defined on this port for this BERT.

 Meaning: The display command was issued using the conninfo parameter before the specified BERT record has been run. The connection map for the BERT does not exist until the BERT is run.

 Action:
 Run the BERT, then reenter this command.
post

Function

Use the post command to select a BERT record as the current test record.

| post comman | post command parameters and variables | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | |
| post | bert_no | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | | |
| bert_no | This variable is the BERT record number. Valid entries are 0-7. | | |

Qualifications

The post command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions and limitations:

- Posting a command causes the status fields of the BERT level MAP display to reflect information pertaining to the posted BERT.
- Posting a command causes the posted record to become the default BERT for any command which requires an optional BERT number to be entered.

Example

The following table provides an example of the post command.

| Example of the post command | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | | | |
| post 5 | | | | | |
| 5 | is the BERT recor | d number | | | |
| | Task: | Post the | e record for BERT num | iber 5. | |
| | Response: | | | | |
| | BERT 5 Obs Error Plane 1 1 | erved Rate OE-12 | Elapsed Time (hhh:mm) 001:30 | Percent Complete 50 | Optimum Error Rate 10E-12 |
| | Explanation: | BERT n | umber 5 has been pos | sted, and is now | the default BERT. |

post (end)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the post command.

| Responses for the post command | | | | |
|---|---|---------------------------|--|-----|
| MAP output Meaning | and action | | | |
| BERT 5 Observed Error Rate Plane 1 10E-12 | Elapsed Time (hhh:mm) 001:30 | Percent Complete 50 | Optimum Error Rate 10E-12 | |
| Meaning: The system posted the specified BERT, and is now the default BERT. Action: None | | | | |
| BERT 7 is not defined. | | | | |
| Meaning: The POST command was issued for an undefined BERT record. | | | | |
| Action: | Define the BERT re post command usin | ecord and reente | r the post command, or reenter record. | the |

quit

Function

Use the quit command to exit from the current menu level and return to a previous menu level.

| quit comman | d parameters and variables |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Command | Parameters and variables |
| quit | <u>1</u> all incrname n |
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| 1 | This default parameter causes the system to display the next higher MAP level. |
| all | This parameter causes the system to display the CI level from any MAP level. |
| incrname | This variable causes the system to exit the specified level and all sublevels. The system displays the next level higher than the one specified. Values for <i>incrname</i> are menu level names, such as lns, mtc, or mapci. |
| n | This variable identifies a specified number of retreat levels from the current level. The range of retreat levels is 0-6. However, the system cannot accept a level number higher than the number of the current level. |

Qualifications

None

Examples

The following table provides examples of the quit command.

| Examples of the quit command | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | |
| quit ₊ | | | |
| | Task: | Exit from the BERT level to the previous menu level. | |
| | Response: | The display changes to the display of a higher level menu. | |
| | Explanation: | The BERT level has changed to the previous menu level. | |
| | | -continued- | |

quit (continued)

| Examples of the quit command (continued) | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|
| Example | Task, response, and explanation | | | |
| quit mtc . where | Ц | | | |
| mtc | mtc specifies the level higher than the BERT level to be exited | | | |
| | Task: | Return to the MAPCI level (one menu level higher than MTC). | | |
| | Response: | The display changes to the MAPCI menu display: | | |
| | | MAPCI: | | |
| | Explanation: | The BERT level has returned to the MAPCI level. | | |
| | | -end- | | |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the quit command.

| Responses for the quit command | | |
|---|-------------|--|
| MAP output | Meaning | and action |
| CI: | | |
| | Meaning: | The system exited all MAP menu levels and returned to the CI level. |
| | Action: | None |
| QUIT Unable to quit requested number of levels Last parameter evaluated was: 1 | | |
| | Meaning: | You entered an invalid level number. The number you entered exceeds the number of MAP levels from which to quit. |
| | Action: | Reenter the command using an appropriate level number. |
| The system rep | laces the B | ERT level menu with a menu that is two or more MAP levels higher. |
| | Meaning: | You entered the quit command with an <i>n</i> variable value of 2 or more or an <i>incrname</i> variable value corresponding to two or more levels higher. |
| | Action: | None |
| -continued- | | |

quit (end)

Responses for the quit command (continued)

MAP output Meaning and action

The system replaces the display of the BERT level with the display of the next higher MAP level.

Meaning: The system exited to the next higher MAP level.

Action: None

-end-

start

Function

Use the start command to start a defined BERT.

| start command | parameters and variables |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Command F | Parameters and variables |
| start | <i>bert_no</i> $\begin{bmatrix} default \\ user \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} oos \\ insv \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} time \\ rate \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} run_tine \\ err_rate \end{bmatrix}$ |
| Parameters and variables | Description |
| default | This parameter specifies that the connection map include all valid ports for the plane of the ENET on which the BERT is defined. This parameter will override any user definitions in the BERT record. |
| user | This parameter specifies that the connection map include all valid ports from the user definition portion of the BERT record. |
| insv | This parameter designates all unequipped ports on in-service cards as being valid for selection in the connection map for a USER or DEFAULT test. |
| oos | This parameter designates all ports as valid which are contained in a shelf whose crosspoints are all manually busy or offline. Any ports meeting this criterion will be capable of being selected in the connection map for a USER or DEFAULT test. |
| time | This parameter specifies the amount of time for which the test is to run. If this parameter is used, the system will determine the optimum error rate given the information in the BERT record. |
| rate | This parameter specifies the optimum error rate for the test. If this parameter is used, the system will determine the amount of time which the test must run to achieve this rate. |
| bert_no | This variable specifies a BERT record. Valid entries are 0-7. If no value is specified, the default is the currently posted BERT. |
| | -continued- |

| start command | start command parameters and variables (continued) | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Parameters and variables | Description | |
| run_time | This variable specifies the time for which the test is to run. Entries are in the format ddhhmm, where dd is 0-21, specifying a number of days, hh is 0-23, specifying a number of hours, and mm is 0-59, specifying a number of minutes. | |
| err_rate | This variable specifies a target error rate for the test. Valid entries are 8-15. The system will determine the target rate for the test as follows: 10E-n, where n is the value of the target error rate. | |
| | -end- | |

Qualifications

The start command is qualified by the following exceptions, restrictions and limitations:

- Issuing the command with the default parameter will invalidate any user definition information in the BERT record for the purposes of determining the connection map for the test.
- The connection map for a test started using the insv parameter will not include any ports which are equipped, that is, connected to a peripheral module (PM).
- Issuing the start command for a test which is not posted will cause that test to be posted, and become the current BERT. This is common to all results for the start command.

Examples

The following table provides examples of the start command.

| Examples of the start command | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Example Task, respor | nse, and explanation | | |
| start start 3 default oos rate 14 where | | | |
| 3 is the BERT reco 14 is the target error | rd number rate | | |
| Task: | Run BERT number 3 on all ports of any shelf whose crosspoints are all manual busy or offline. Additionally, specify a target error rate of 10E-14. | | |
| Response: | Request to start BERT number 3 submitted BERT Number: 3 has been started. Error rate to verify : 10E-10 Test duration : 2 days 07:20 Number of Ports tested : 64 | | |
| Explanation: | The system has successfully started the test using the specified options. The last field in the response indicates the number of ports selected for inclusion in the connection map. | | |
| | -continued- | | |

| Examples of the start comma | Examples of the start command (continued) | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Example Task, respon | se, and explanation | | |
| start 2 user insv time 00 00 where |) 05 ⊣ | | |
| 2 is the BERT num 00 is the number of 0 00 is the number of 1 05 is the number of 1 | ber days nours minutes | | |
| Task: | Start BERT number 2 to run for 5 minutes on any unequipped ports of in-service crosspoints which are contained in the user definition portion of the test record. | | |
| Response: | Request to start BERT number 3 submitted BERT Number: 3 has been started. Error rate to verify : 10E-10 Test duration : 0 Days 00:05 Number of Ports tested : 18 | | |
| Explanation: | The test has been successfully started using the specified options. The last field in the response indicates the number of ports selected for inclusion in the connection map. | | |
| | -end- | | |

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the start command.

| Responses fo | the start command | |
|--------------|--|-------|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| BERT 0 is n | ot defined. | |
| | Meaning: The start command was issued for an undefined BERT record. | |
| | Action: Define the BERT number and reenter the start command, or reente start command using a valid BERT number. | r the |
| | -continued- | |

| Responses for the start command (continued) | | |
|---|--|--|
| MAP output Meaning and action | | |
| BERT number 0 is currently in the running state. It must be first stopped before it can be started again. | | |
| Meaning: The BERT specified has already been started. | | |
| Action: None | | |
| Request to start BERT number 3 submitted BERT Number: 3 has been started. Error rate to verify : 10E-10 Test duration : 2 days 07:20 Number of Ports tested : 64 | | |
| Meaning: The system has successfully started the test using the specified options. The last field in the response indicates the number of ports selected for inclusion in the connection map. | | |
| | | |
| Request to start BERT number 3 submitted BERT Number: 3 has been started. Error rate to verify : 10E-10 Test duration : 0 Days 00:05 Number of Ports tested : 18 | | |
| Meaning: The test has been successfully started using the specified options. The last field in the response indicates the number of ports selected for inclusion in the connection map. | | |
| Action: None | | |
| There are no cards on shelf 0 to test. This shelf will not be included in the test. | | |
| Meaning: The named shelf was invoked for testing, but does not meet the selection criteria for the connection map. The shelf will not be tested. | | |
| Action: None | | |
| -continued- | | |

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start (end)

| Responses for the start MAP output Meaning | command (continued) and action | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| There are no pairs which can be tested. BERT is not run. | | | |
| Meaning | No pairs met the criteria for the test specified. | | |
| Action: | None | | |
| There are ports in an invalid state on pair 9. These ports will not be included in the test. Card: 12 Port: 0 Card: 14 Port: 0 | | | |
| Meaning | The named connection was invoked for testing, but does not meet the selection criteria for the connection map. This connection will not be tested. | | |
| Action: | None | | |
| -end- | | | |

stop

Function

Use the stop command to stop a BERT that is in the running state.

| stop command parameters and variables | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Command | Parameters and variables | | |
| stop bert_no | | | |
| Parameters and variables | Description | | |
| bert_no | This variable specifies a BERT record. Valid entries are 0-7. The default is the posted BERT. | | |

Qualifications

None

Example

The following table provides an example of the stop command.

| Example of the stop command | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Example | Task, respon | se, and explanation | | |
| stop 4 .⊣ where | | | | |
| 4 | is the number of the BERT record | | | |
| | Task: | Stop BERT number 4, which is in the running state. | | |
| | Response: | Request to stop BERT number 4 submitted. Request to stop BERT number 4 passed. | | |
| | Explanation: | The request to stop a BERT was successful. | | |

stop (end)

Responses

The following table provides explanations of the responses to the stop command.

| Responses for the stop command | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| MAP output | Meaning and action | |
| BERT number 1 is already in the stopped state. | | |
| | Meaning: The BERT is already stopped. | |
| | Action: None | |
| Request to stop BERT number 4 submitted. Request to stop BERT number 4 passed. | | |
| Meaning: The request to stop a BERT was successful. | | |
| | Action: None | |

DMS-100 Family

Menu Commands

Historical Reference Manual ACTIVITY through BERT, Volume 1 of 10

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